

WILLAMETTE VALLEY
VINEYARDS

[Prospectus](#)

[Form 10-K](#)

[Form 10-Q1](#)

Prospectus Supplement to

Prospectus Dated August 1, 2022

Filed Pursuant to

Rule 424(b)(2)

Registration No. 333-265961

Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc.

\$1,097,765

Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock

This prospectus supplement relates to the offer and sale of up to 213,158 shares of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, to be issued during one or more offering periods described in this prospectus supplement. The sale price of the shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock sold under this prospectus supplement will be \$5.15 per share for shares sold from August 1, 2022 to August 31, 2022, \$5.25 per share for shares sold from September 1, 2022 to October 31, 2022, and \$5.35 per share for shares sold from November 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022. The increase in the sale price between these three sale periods reflects what we believe is a reduction in investment risk that occurs with the passage of time. Since no sales will be conducted through underwriters, placement agents or broker-dealers in connection with this offering, the sale price will equal the net proceeds we receive in this offering. The minimum subscription in this offering is for 300 shares, and unless waived by the Company in its sole discretion, the maximum subscription is 2,300 shares. This offering is not subject to a minimum-proceeds closing condition, and the proceeds from sales of shares of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will be made available to the Company upon our acceptance of each subscription for such shares in this offering. We may accept amounts less than those requested in your subscription, although we generally will not accept subscriptions for fewer than 300 shares. If we do accept less than a subscriber's full purchase commitment, we will make every effort to manage under-allotments on a basis we believe to be equitable and reasonable.

Our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will rank senior in rights and preferences to our common stock and to any other class or series of our capital stock that does not indicate that it is on par with or senior to our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock. Holders of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock purchased in this offering will be entitled to receive dividends when and as declared by our board of directors out of funds legally available, at a rate equal to \$0.22 per share per year commencing on January 1, 2023 for shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock sold in 2022. We also have the option, but not the obligation, to redeem at any time all, but not less than all, of the then-outstanding shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock at a price of \$4.28 per share plus accrued and unpaid dividends.

Prior to investing in this offering, potential subscribers will be required to complete a questionnaire that will contain questions concerning such potential subscriber's interest in becoming a member of our wine club as well as other questions relating to the potential subscriber's interest in participating in our other business programs and/or endeavors. Although the offering will not be limited to potential subscribers who currently are, or intend to become, a member of our wine club, or who indicate an intention to support our other business programs, because our board of directors has determined that it is in our best interests to sell the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock in this offering to subscribers who will support our business efforts, we intend to give preference to prospective subscribers who are either current members of our wine club, or intend to become members of our wine club, and who have indicated to us their intention to participate in our other business programs.

This prospectus supplement sets forth the specific terms of this offering and describes the terms of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock. You should read this prospectus supplement and any future prospectus supplements carefully, including the information incorporated by reference herein and therein, before making your investment decision.

Since the aggregate value of our voting and nonvoting common equity held by non-affiliates as of the date hereof is \$29,112,620, and an aggregate of 1,694,458 shares of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock have been offered and either sold or are expected to be sold prior to July 31, 2022 for aggregate gross proceeds of \$8,606,441 under our prospectus supplement dated June 11, 2021 to the prospectus dated January 24, 2020 (Registration No. 333-236080) (such \$8,606,441 in Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock represent the only securities offered pursuant to General Instruction 1.B.6 of Form S-3 during the prior 12 calendar month period that ends on, and includes, the date of this prospectus supplement), pursuant to General Instruction 1.B.6 of Form S-3 the aggregate amount of securities to be sold pursuant to this prospectus supplement may not exceed \$1,097,765 and, under this prospectus supplement, will not exceed \$1,097,765.

Our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock are listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the trading symbol “WVVIP”. However, as of the date of this prospectus supplement, trading of these shares has been extremely limited since we initially listed this series of preferred shares on November 2, 2015, and you should not presume that the listing of the shares of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock being offered in this offering on that exchange will provide a liquid market for such securities. You should be prepared to withstand the risks of your investment in the shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock being offered hereby indefinitely and to bear the complete loss of your investment in such securities.

Our common stock is listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol “WVVI”. **Our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock is not convertible into or exchangeable for shares of our common stock.** We are a smaller reporting company and as such are entitled to certain reduced public company reporting requirements.

Investing in our preferred stock involves risks; for more information please see “Risk Factors” beginning on page 12 of this prospectus supplement, and the risk factors incorporated herein from time to time by reference from our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and our most recent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus supplement is August 1, 2022.

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

This prospectus supplement provides additional information for inclusion in the prospectus filed as a part of a shelf registration statement on Form S-3 that has been declared effective by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). The shelf registration statement permits us to offer, and to issue and sell from time to time, various classes and series of equity and debt securities, including additional shares of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock. This prospectus supplement does not include all of the information contained in the registration statement, and in addition to reading this prospectus supplement in its entirety, you should carefully read the registration statement, including the prospectus contained therein and the exhibits filed therewith, before making an investment decision. The registration statement and other applicable documents can be read at the SEC website mentioned under the heading “Where You Can Find More Information” below.

Under this prospectus supplement and the registration statement of which it forms a part, we intend to sell up to 213,158 shares of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, no par value, for an aggregate offering price of not more than \$1,097,765. This offering will be conducted directly by us, without the participation of an underwriter or selling group, through our executive officers and certain other officers. These individuals will not be compensated for their participation in this offering. The number of shares offered hereby represents less than one-third of the aggregate market value of our common equity held by non-affiliates measured as of the date of this prospectus supplement.

This prospectus supplement only provides you with a summary of the terms of the offering, a discussion of certain risk factors, a description of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, the expected use of proceeds of this offering, and plan of distribution. From time to time we may provide additional information about this offering and the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock being offered hereunder in one or more supplements to the base prospectus included in the registration statement. A prospectus supplement may include a discussion or update of any risk factors or other special considerations applicable to our company or to the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock. The supplement also may add, update or change information contained in this prospectus supplement. If there is any inconsistency between the information in this prospectus supplement and any prospectus supplement filed after the date hereof, you should rely on the information in the subsequent prospectus supplement.

You should carefully read this prospectus supplement, the registration statement and prospectus to which it applies, all documents that we incorporate by reference in the prospectus and in this and any other prospectus supplement, and the additional information described below under “Where You Can Find More Information” and “Incorporation of Certain Documents by Reference” before deciding to invest in our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock. You should rely only on the information contained in or incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement. We have not authorized any person to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. This prospectus supplement is not an offer to sell these securities, and we are not soliciting an offer to buy these securities, in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

You should not assume that the information in the prospectus, this or any other prospectus supplement, or any documents we incorporate by reference herein or therein is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of those documents. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since those dates.

Unless the context requires otherwise, references to “Willamette Valley Vineyards,” the “Company,” “we,” “our,” “ours” and “us” are to Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. and its subsidiaries. Where these statements reflect knowledge, intentions, expectations or beliefs, first-person pronouns refer to our executive management, and are based upon facts known and matters believed by those persons to be accurate as of the date on the cover of the prospectus, prospectus supplement or other document, and not to any subsequent date. You should not construe these statements as assurances of a given outcome or promises of an expected course of action.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We are subject to the public disclosure requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the “Exchange Act.” In accordance with the Exchange Act, we file and furnish certain reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. These documents and other information that we file with or furnish to the SEC are available to the public free of charge at www.sec.gov. You may also read and copy any document we file with the SEC, including the registration statement on Form S-3 of which this prospectus supplement forms a part, and the exhibits thereto, on our website at www.wvv.com; however, none of the information contained in or linked through or from our website is incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement.

INCORPORATION OF CERTAIN DOCUMENTS BY REFERENCE

SEC rules allow us to incorporate by reference into this prospectus supplement much of the information we file with the SEC, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to publicly available documents. The information that we incorporate by reference into this prospectus supplement is considered to be part of this prospectus supplement and the related prospectus. This prospectus supplement incorporates by reference the documents listed below and any future filings we make with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 and 15(d) of the Exchange Act (in each case, other than those documents or the portions of those documents deemed to be furnished and not filed in accordance with SEC rules) until the offering of the securities under the registration statement of which this prospectus supplement forms a part is terminated or completed:

- our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 filed with the SEC on March 29, 2022.
- our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2022 filed with the SEC on May 12, 2022.
- our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 21, 2022.

Because we are incorporating by reference future filings with the SEC, this prospectus supplement is continually updated, and later information filed with the SEC may update and supersede some of the information included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. This means that you must look at all of the SEC filings that we incorporate by reference to determine if any of the statements in this prospectus supplement or in any document previously incorporated by reference have been modified or superseded.

We will provide without charge to each person to whom this prospectus supplement is delivered, upon his or her written or oral request, a copy of any or all documents referred to above which have been or may be incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement but not delivered herewith, excluding exhibits to those documents unless the exhibits are specifically incorporated by reference into those documents. You may request a copy of these documents by writing or telephoning us at the following address:

Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc.
8800 Enchanted Way SE
Turner, Oregon 97392
(503) 588-9463
Attention: Investor Relations (info@wvv.com)

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement contains “forward-looking statements” that represent our beliefs, expectations, projections and predictions about future events. These statements are necessarily subjective and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that could cause our actual results, performance or achievements, or industry results, to differ materially from any future results, performance or achievement described in or implied by such statements. Actual results may differ materially from the expected results described in our forward-looking statements, including with respect to the correct measurement and identification of factors affecting our business or the extent of their likely impact, the accuracy and completeness of publicly available information relating to the factors upon which our business strategy is based or the success of our business.

In some cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by terms such as “anticipates,” “believes,” “continue,” “could,” “estimates,” “expects,” “intends,” “may,” “plans,” “potential,” “predicts,” “projects,” “should” or “will” or the negative thereof, variations thereof and similar expressions. Such statements are based on management’s current expectations and are subject to risks and uncertainties which may cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements. There can be no assurance that such expectations or any of the forward-looking statements will prove to be correct, and actual results could differ materially from those projected or assumed in the forward-looking statements. We urge you to carefully review the disclosures we make concerning risks and other factors that may affect our business and operating results, including those made in the section of this Prospectus Supplement entitled “Risk Factors,” and in “Item 1A. Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, and in our Quarterly Report 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2022, such risk factors may be updated in subsequent SEC filings, as well as our other reports filed with the SEC and in any later prospectus supplement. We caution you not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this prospectus supplement or any subsequent prospectus supplement. We do not intend, and we undertake no obligation, to update any forward-looking information to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this prospectus supplement or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, unless required by law to do so.

SUMMARY

This summary contains a brief description of information about this offering. It does not contain all the information you might deem important in deciding whether to invest in our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, and you should carefully review this entire prospectus supplement, including the documents incorporated herein by reference and particularly including the section below entitled “Risk Factors,” before making an investment decision. Further, where this summary or other sections of this prospectus supplement purport to describe other instruments or documents, particularly including but without limitation the provisions of our articles of incorporation and the description of the designations, preferences, limitations and relative rights of our preferred stock, readers should recognize that those summaries are necessarily incomplete, and in each case they are qualified in their entirety by reference to the actual text of such documents.

The Offering	<p>This offering relates to the proposed issuance and sale of up to 213,158 shares of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, no par value. These securities are being offered directly by the Company through its officers, none of whom will be compensated for their selling efforts and will be issued in up to three offering periods, which will close on each of August 31, 2022; October 31, 2022; and December 31, 2022. We will issue shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock on the subscriptions we accept during 2022 on, or just prior to, December 31, 2022. During any offering period, we will in our sole discretion determine what subscriptions to accept on a basis we believe to be equitable and reasonable and in the best interests of the Company (including considering which potential subscribers are current members of, or intend to be members of, our wine club and who otherwise indicate a desire to participate in our business program).</p> <p>Prior to investing in this offering, potential subscribers will be required to complete a questionnaire that will contain questions concerning such potential subscriber’s interest in becoming a member of our wine club as well as such potential subscriber’s interest in participating in our other business programs and/or endeavors. Although the offering will not be limited to potential subscribers who currently are, or intend to become, a member of our wine club, or who intend to participate in our other business programs, because our board of directors has determined that it is in our best interests to sell the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock in this offering to subscribers who will support our business efforts, we intend to give preference to prospective subscribers who are either current members of our wine club, or intend to become members of our wine club, and who indicate a desire to participate in our other business programs.</p> <p>Certain financial rights of this Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock being offered in this offering are based upon the “original issue price” of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, which is fixed at \$4.15 per share, regardless of the date purchased or the price paid for such shares.</p>
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Offering Dates and Pricing	<p>We believe that with the passage of time and the investments we expect to raise in this offering, the risk attendant to an investment in our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will decrease and, correspondingly, the value will increase. We are a relatively small company and there is not, and there may never be, a liquid market for these securities. Although our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock are listed for trading on the Nasdaq Capital Market, trading of these shares has been extremely limited since the November 2, 2015 original listing date, and you should not consider this a liquid market. As a result of not currently having a liquid trading market for our shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, we have arbitrarily established a time-based pricing schedule for such shares to be issued in this offering. However, our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock has certain dividend and redemption features that utilize an original issue price of \$4.15 per share, subject to adjustment in the event of any bonus issue, share dividend, share split subdivision, consolidation, combination or other similar recapitalization with respect to the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock (the “Series A Original Issue Price”). This Series A Original Issue Price will be used to determine dividend amounts, amounts received upon a liquidation event and the redemption price for the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock to be issued in this offering regardless of the issue date or the actual purchase price of such shares.</p> <p>We intend to offer the shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock during the following offering periods at the corresponding prices listed below:</p>	
	<i>Dates Offered</i>	<i>Offering Price</i>
	August 1, 2022 to August 31, 2022	\$5.15
	September 1, 2022 to October 31, 2022	\$5.25
	November 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022	\$5.35
	<p>We will sell shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock in this offering until we have reached the maximum number of shares authorized for sale in this prospectus supplement or management decides to accept less than the maximum number of shares authorized. If, at the end of the expiry of any offering period, the aggregate number of shares subscribed for in this offering exceed the aggregate number of shares available to be sold in this offering, we will allocate the remaining shares to subscribers on a basis we believe to be equitable and reasonable and in the best interests of the Company (including considering which potential subscribers are current members of, or intend to be members of, our wine club, and which potential subscribers intend to participate in our other business programs).</p> <p>Dividends on all shares sold in 2022 will begin to accrue on January 1, 2023. Consequently, purchasers of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock in this offering will not be entitled to receive any dividends during 2022 on any shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock purchased in this offering and no dividends will accrue during 2022.</p>	

Ranking	<p>The Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will rank senior in rights and preferences to our common stock and to any other class or series of our capital stock that does not indicate that it is on par with or senior to our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock. Our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will rank junior in rights and preferences to any series of preferred stock issued in the future which provides that it is senior to our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock.</p> <p>Prospective investors should note that our articles of incorporation permit our board of directors to designate one or more classes or series of preferred stock from time to time in the future, and to establish the rights, preferences and limitations of each such class or series. Should our board of directors determine that it is in the best interests of the Company or our shareholders to designate and issue shares of preferred stock that have rights and preferences senior to those of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, our board of directors may establish such rights and may issue such capital stock without the approval of holders of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock or any other class or series of our capital stock.</p>
Dividends	<p>The Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will be entitled to receive dividends when and as declared by our board of directors out of funds legally available therefor, at a rate equal to \$0.22 per share per year (the “Annual Dividend”). Since the Annual Dividend on a newly issued share of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will commence on the first day of the calendar quarter following the issuance of such share, and all of the shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock sold in the offering during 2022 are expected to be issued at or just prior to December 31, 2022, the Annual Dividend will accrue from January 1, 2023 on all shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock sold in this offering in 2022.</p> <p>Prospective investors should note that no right shall accrue to the holders of the shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock by reason of the fact that the Annual Dividend is not declared in any prior year, nor shall any undeclared or unpaid Annual Dividend bear or accrue any interest or additional dividends. Dividends accrued but not paid will not bear interest or additional dividends but will be added to the liquidation preference of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock until declared and paid. If the Annual Dividend is declared and paid, such declaration will occur annually in the month of November. If declared, the dividend record date and payment will be in December for dividends accrued in that calendar year. The Company intends to pay any accumulated dividends in advance of any currently accrued dividends.</p>

Payment Support	The Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will not be supported by a sinking fund or any other form of payment support, nor will they be entitled to participate specially in any aspect of our operations or assets.
Liquidation Preference	Upon any merger, consolidation, sale of all or substantially all of the Company's assets, reorganization (with certain exceptions for recapitalizations and similar events that do not affect the relative rights of the holders of our capital stock), or any other business combination, the effects of which include the liquidation or termination of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, and following distributions to any class of senior securities, the holders of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will be entitled to receive, prior and in preference to the holders of shares of common stock and any other junior class of securities, an amount in cash or other property equal to the Series A Original Issue Price, plus the Annual Dividend, plus any other dividends theretofore accrued but not paid (whether or not declared). Thereafter, the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will have no rights to further assets or distributions.
Redemption	<p>The Company has the option, but not the obligation, to redeem all, but not less than all, of the then-outstanding shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock by delivering written notice to the holders of record thereof. That notice will state a redemption date, after which no further transfers of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will be recorded on the Company's stock transfer books, and after which no future dividends will accrue. Thereafter, upon surrender of the shares as so redeemed, the holder thereof will be entitled to receive an amount equal to (i) the Series A Original Issue Price; plus (ii) all accrued but unpaid dividends; plus (iii) a redemption premium equal to 3% of the Series A Original Issue Price. From and after the redemption date, except for the right of the holders to receive the redemption price discussed above without interest upon surrender of the certificates representing their shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, the holders thereof will not be entitled to dividends, interest or other earnings of any sort, whether or not their shares are promptly surrendered.</p> <p>The redemption rights described above do not preclude the Company from purchasing outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock from time to time in open-market transactions or in a tender offer or other arrangement.</p>
Voting Rights	The Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock have very limited voting rights and generally apply only to matters for which class voting is applicable under the Oregon Business Corporation Act. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, such shares are not entitled to vote in the election of directors. Holders of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock voted on February 28, 2016, to eliminate the provision of our designation of rights, preferences and limitations of preferred stock that previously required the approval of those holders prior to the issuance of additional shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock.

Protective Provisions	Prospective investors are advised that the Company's articles of incorporation permit our board of directors to designate and issue shares of preferred stock in one or more series having rights and preferences senior to the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, without the approval of the holders of any class of our capital stock.
Market Listing	We have listed the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the trading symbol "WVVIP". However, even though we have listed the securities on the Nasdaq Capital Market, the number of shares and the market capitalization of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock is relatively small, and trading of these shares has been extremely limited since the shares were initially listed on November 2, 2015. You should not presume that the listing on the Nasdaq Capital Market of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock being offered in this offering will mean that there will be a liquid market for such shares.
Corporate Information	We are an Oregon incorporated company and our principal executive offices are located at 8800 Enchanted Way SE , Turner, Oregon 97392 (503) 588-9463.

RISK FACTORS

An investment in our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock involves a variety of risks and uncertainties, any of which, if occurring alone or in combination, could cause material harm to our business, could materially and adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows, or could otherwise materially diminish the value of our capital stock. A list of the known risk factors that relate to our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock in particular are set forth immediately below under the heading, “Risks that Affect an Investment in Our Preferred Stock.” Risks relating to the Company as a whole are included, and updated from time to time, in Item 1A “Risk Factors” of our Annual Reports on Form 10-K and our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. Such updates are incorporated herein by reference; however, readers should note that as with other disclosures appearing in such reports and incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement, such risk factors are accurate only as of the date on the cover of the report, and the related events and circumstances are subject to change thereafter.

Risks that Affect an Investment in Our Preferred Stock

There is no established trading market for the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, and such a market may never develop

The Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock are listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market. However, since the shares were initially listed on November 2, 2015, trading of these shares has been extremely limited. There is therefore no established trading market for these securities, and we cannot offer assurances that any such market will ever develop. Further, even assuming the full subscription of this offering at the lowest permissible offering price (thus yielding the highest possible number of shares issued), the maximum number of shares eligible for trading would be only 10,000,000. Further, there is no minimum number of shares that must be sold in order for us to complete this offering. As a result, there will remain a very limited trading market for shares of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, and we therefore expect that the trading market will be very thin or substantially nonexistent. Accordingly, shareholders may find it difficult or impossible to sell their shares for a price equal to or greater than the original purchase price, at a price that they would consider reasonable, or at all. You should therefore not invest in our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock unless you can withstand a partial or complete lack of liquidity in your investment.

There may be times at which you can purchase Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock from existing shareholders at prices less than the then-applicable offering price

As noted elsewhere in this prospectus, the offering price for the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock sold in this offering will increase over time and the corresponding dividend rate will decrease over time because the Annual Dividend will always be based on the Series A Original Issue Price regardless of the purchase price paid for the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock. The Annual Dividend rate of \$0.22 per share will not change regardless of the purchase price of the stock. The purpose of increasing the purchase price of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock throughout the course of the offering is to reflect an expected increase in value in our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock that our board of directors believes will accompany an expected increase in the value of our business. Specifically, over time we expect to raise capital in this offering that we expect will be utilized in a manner that will enhance the value of our business. We have thus established a time-based pricing schedule as a means we believe is a reasonably proportionate, but still arbitrary, basis for estimating the appropriate prices of our stock. However, we cannot guarantee that the proceeds from this offering will be utilized in a manner that would enhance the value of our business, that the value of our business will increase during the course of this offering, or that the risk of an investment in our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will decline as time progresses. As a result, we cannot make assurances that during the course of the offering you could not buy shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock from another person at a price less than the offering price.

The offering prices for, and the dividend rates of, the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock have been arbitrarily determined

The offering prices for the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, as well as the dividend rate, have been determined arbitrarily by our board of directors based on qualitative factors, such as a diminishing risk profile over time, which our board of directors believes are reasonable and appropriate. The Company has not undertaken a detailed quantitative or qualitative analysis of these factors, nor has the Company or any investment banker or other advisor made a determination as to the appropriateness of the offering prices or the dividend rate, which is fixed and is not based on the offering price of the shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock being offered in this offering.

Further, the initial purchase price of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock in this offering will be greater than the Series A Original Issue Price, and that purchase price will increase further over time, based upon a predetermined schedule established by our board of directors and based upon qualitative factors that our board of directors believed were appropriate. Consequently, the purchase price for shares offered in this offering will increase even if shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock could be purchased from existing shareholders at a lower price on the Nasdaq Capital Market or elsewhere. As such, you should not rely upon the offering price or the dividend rate as an effective measure of the fair market value of such shares.

The Company may be unable to pay accumulated dividends on the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock

The Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock bears a cumulative dividend of \$0.22 per share per annum. However, prior to the declaration and payment of dividends our board of directors must determine, among other things, that funds are available out of the surplus of the Company and that the payment would not render us insolvent or compromise our ability to pay our obligations as they come due in the ordinary course of business. Additionally, although the Company has no express contractual restrictions to pay dividends, our existing credit facility limits, and future debt obligations may limit, both our legal and our practical ability to declare and pay dividends in certain circumstances. As a result, although the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will continue to earn a right to receive dividends, the Company's ability to pay dividends will depend, among other things, upon our ability to generate excess cash. Further, although shares of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will earn cumulative dividends, unpaid dividends will not, themselves, bear or accrue any interest (as might compounding interest on a debt security, for example).

We may issue securities that have rights and preferences senior to the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock

Our articles of incorporation permit our board of directors, with the approval of a majority of our outside directors, to designate one or more classes or series of preferred stock from time to time in the future, and to establish the rights, preferences and limitations of each such class or series. Should our board of directors determine that it is in the best interests of the Company or our shareholders to designate and issue shares of preferred stock that have rights and preferences senior to those of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, our board of directors, with the approval of the majority of our outside directors, may establish such rights and may issue such capital stock without the approval of holders of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock or any other class or series of our capital stock. Such rights and preferences may include dividend, sinking-fund, redemption and liquidation features that may increase the risk that we will be unable to meet all our obligations to the holders of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock. They may also include a wide variety of other rights and preferences, such as voting rights, protective provisions, and other governance rights that are not available to the holders of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock. Any such actions may adversely affect the value or the price of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock.

We have the right, but not the obligation, to redeem shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock at a fixed price of \$4.28 per share plus accrued and unpaid dividends, which would be lower than the price you paid for the shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock in this offering.

We are currently entitled, but we are not required, to redeem the shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock at any time. If we decide to redeem these shares, we will do so by issuing a redemption notice that will include the redemption date, and thereafter the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will no longer bear dividends and will represent only the right to receive, upon delivery of such shares, an amount equal to the Series A Original Issue Price, plus accrued and unpaid dividends, plus a redemption premium of 3% of the Series A Original Issue Price. Since the per share consideration to be received by Series A Redeemable Preferred stock holders upon a redemption would currently be \$4.28 per share plus accrued and unpaid dividends and the prices of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock being offered in this offering will vary between \$5.15 and \$5.35 per share, if we exercise our ability to redeem all the outstanding Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, investors in this offering will likely be required to sell their shares back to the Company for a price that is less than the price they paid for such shares.

Investors should be aware that a proposed redemption of the shares may make it difficult or impossible to sell the shares for a price higher than the redemption price of \$4.28 per share, even if the market price for such shares had previously been higher. Further, an actual notice of redemption will state the redemption date, after which all rights with respect to the outstanding shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock shall terminate (including rights to receive the Annual Dividend), except for the right to receive the redemption price upon the surrender of the certificates representing the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock.

Holders of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock may not receive Annual Dividends on their Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock.

Although we currently intend to declare and pay the Annual Dividend in each year shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock remain outstanding, the declaration of dividends will be made at the discretion of our board of directors and consequently holders of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock do not have a right to the perpetual payment of the Annual Dividend as the payment of the Annual Dividend will depend upon a number of factors, including our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations, strategic growth plans, tax considerations, statutory and regulatory limitations and general economic conditions. For the foregoing reasons, there can be no assurance that we will declare and pay the Annual Dividend in any future period. Additionally, no right shall accrue to the holders of the shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock by reason of the fact that the Annual Dividend is not declared in any prior year, nor shall any undeclared or unpaid Annual Dividend bear or accrue any interest or additional dividends.

We may use the proceeds of this offering as working capital rather than for our planned uses

We are presently planning to use capital raised in this offering to support the Company's vineyard and winery developments, including but not limited to construction of new tasting rooms; however we may also use these funds to fund inventory, working capital needs, repurchase our common stock and any other business purpose. Accordingly, the use of proceeds in this offering is not restricted to our planned vineyard and winery development projects, and funds received from this offering will be made available to the Company as general working capital, to be used as our board of directors determines. Moreover, an investment in our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock represents an investment in the Company as a whole, and not in a specific project or in any other aspect of our operations.

Shares of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock are not convertible into common stock

Our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock is not convertible into or exchangeable for shares of our common stock, nor will it be so convertible or exchangeable at any time in the future. You should only invest in our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, if at all, based upon your perceived value of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock. Fluctuations in the value of our common stock will not directly affect the value of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock.

Our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will participate only to a limited extent in the distribution of our assets upon liquidation or upon a merger, consolidation, sale of assets, or other business combination transaction

Because our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock is not convertible into or exchangeable for shares of our common stock, its rights upon a liquidation of the Company are limited. Although such preferred stock will receive the sum of the Series A Original Issue Price, the Annual Dividend, and any other accrued but unpaid dividends prior to any payments or distributions to the holders of common stock, since the sum of the Series A Original Issue Price and the Annual Dividend is less than the purchase price of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock purchased in this offering and once the liquidation amounts are paid, holders of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will not have a right to participate in the remainder of the Company's assets available for distribution, the holders of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock may not receive a full return on the amount they invested in such shares, regardless of the availability of funds for distribution.

Shares of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock have very limited voting rights and, among other things, do not have the right to vote for the election of directors

Our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock are nonvoting except as required by the Oregon Business Corporation Act. As a holder of such preferred stock, you would not have the right to attend meetings of the holders of common stock or to vote upon matters such as the election of directors, the approval of equity incentive plans, or other arrangements which are subject to a vote of the common shareholders.

Our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock is not a debt instrument

Although our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock are senior in preference to our common stock, they will be subordinated to all our debt obligations, both secured and unsecured. Our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock are not insured, are not guaranteed, are not supported by a sinking fund, and are not backed by any collateral of any sort.

Certain of the rights applicable to owners of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock do not have a quantifiable market value and cannot be sold or otherwise transferred separately from shares of such stock

Owners of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock are entitled, by virtue of their ownership, to certain intangible benefits associated with an investment in our company. These benefits include rights to participate in various discount programs, marketing incentives, and other rights. The value of these benefits, if any, is indeterminable and is not associated with the number of shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock one owns. Similarly, these rights may not be transferred separately from our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock. We have not attempted to establish a value for these benefits, and we do not consider them material to the determination of the price or value of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock. Additionally, we cannot guarantee that such benefits will continue to be offered or offered at all.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The primary purpose of this offering is to raise up to an additional \$1,097,765 of capital to support the Company's continuing vineyard development and winery development efforts, and in particular the construction of new tasting rooms. Additionally, the proceeds from this offering may also be generally available as working capital and may be used for general business purposes, including the retirement of any Company debt and the repurchase of the Company's common stock.

Shares of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock are being sold in three offering periods, which will close on August 31, 2022, October 31, 2022, and December 31, 2022. Funds from accepted subscriptions will be immediately available to the Company without restriction. Investors should not expect that the Company will receive any minimum amount of capital from this offering, or that any minimum number or value of shares will be sold in this offering.

DIVIDEND POLICY

Holders of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock are entitled to cumulative dividends accruing daily each year, at an annual rate of \$0.22 per share, payable out of funds legally available therefor, when and as approved by our board of directors. Dividends will accrue on the Series A Original Issue Price, which is currently equal to \$4.15 per share, regardless of the price actually paid to the Company upon original issuance of the shares in this offering, and regardless of the price paid in the secondary market, if any. Prospective investors should note that no right shall accrue to the holders of the shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock by reason of the fact that the Annual Dividend is not declared in any prior year, nor shall any undeclared or unpaid Annual Dividend bear or accrue any interest or additional dividends. The payment of dividends will depend upon a number of factors, including our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations, strategic growth plans, tax considerations, statutory and regulatory limitations and general economic conditions. For the foregoing reasons, there can be no assurance that we will pay any dividends in any future period. Accrued but unpaid dividends other than the Annual Dividend, whether or not declared, will be added to the liquidation preference until paid, but will not bear additional dividends or earn interest or similar returns.

We have never paid dividends on our common stock and we have no expectation to pay such dividends in the foreseeable future. We are not permitted to declare or pay dividends on our common stock in any given calendar year unless and until we have paid the Annual Dividend owing on our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock in such year.

REDEMPTION OF PREFERRED STOCK

The Company is currently entitled to, at any time, redeem all, but not less than all, of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock then outstanding. If a redemption occurs, we will notify all holders of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock of record of the redemption (including the redemption date) electronically or by mail not less than thirty (30) days prior to the redemption date. As of the redemption date, shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will represent only the right to receive, upon surrender of the shares, an amount in cash equal to the Series A Original Issue Price, together with (i) all theretofore accrued but unpaid dividends; and (ii) a redemption premium amounting to 3% of the Series A Original Issue Price. The Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will not earn dividends after the redemption date. As with other financial rights of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, the redemption price is based on the Series A Original Issue Price, which is currently \$4.15 per share, regardless of the actual purchase price or the amount paid.

DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

We are authorized under our articles of incorporation, as amended, to issue up to 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock, in one or more series as designated from time to time by our board of directors, and up to 10,000,000 shares of common stock. As of July 31, 2022, there were 4,964,529 shares of our common stock outstanding and 8,483,862 shares of preferred stock outstanding. Assuming the full subscription of this offering, and assuming no additional issuances of common stock during the pendency hereof, upon completion this offering we would have outstanding a total of 4,964,529 shares of common stock, no par value, and 8,697,020 shares of preferred stock, no par value.

Preferred Stock

Our articles of incorporation, as amended authorize our board of directors to issue from time to time up to 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series with the preferences, limitations and relative rights thereof as may be fixed from time to time by the board of directors for each series before the issuance of any shares of that series. In addition, after the board of directors has established a series of preferred stock, the board of directors may increase or decrease the number of shares contained in the series, but not below the number of shares then issued, or eliminate the series where no shares have been issued. Actions taken by our board of directors with regard to the authorization and issuance of preferred stock require the approval of a majority of our outside directors. Our board of directors has determined that each of our directors other than Mr. Bernau and Mr. Ellis is an “outside director” for purposes of authorizing the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock and setting forth the preferences, limitations and relative rights thereto.

Series A Redeemable Preferred Shares

Dividends. Holders of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock are entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by the board of directors, out of funds legally available for the payment of dividends, cumulative cash dividends at the annual rate of \$0.22 per share. Dividends on the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock accrue daily and are cumulative beginning on the first day of the calendar quarter following the issuance of such Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock until the redemption date on the basis of such price. Accumulated dividends on our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will not bear interest or further dividends, and holders of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will not be entitled to any dividends in excess of full cumulative dividends.

We will not declare, pay or set aside any dividends on shares of common stock in any given year unless the holders of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock then issued and outstanding shall have first received or will simultaneously receive the Annual Dividend.

Optional Redemption. We currently may redeem all, but not less than all, of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock at a redemption price equal to the Series A Original Issue Price of such shares (regardless of the price paid for such shares), plus all accrued and unpaid Annual Dividends to the redemption date, plus a redemption premium equal to 3% of the Series A Original Issue Price for the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock.

Ranking. The Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock ranks: (i) senior to the common stock and any other shares of stock that we may issue in the future where the terms of which specifically provide that such stock ranks junior to the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, in each case with respect to payment of dividends and amounts upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up (“junior shares”); (ii) equal to any shares of stock that we may issue in the future, the terms of which specifically provide that such stock ranks on parity with the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, in each case with respect to payment of dividends and amounts upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up (“parity shares”); (iii) junior to all other shares of stock issued by us, the terms of which specifically provide that such stock ranks senior to the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, in each case with respect to payment of dividends and amounts upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up (“senior shares”); and (iv) junior to all our existing and future indebtedness.

Liquidation Preference. If we merge, sell all or substantially all of our assets (not including a transfer by pledge or mortgage to a bona fide lender) to a party other than a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, reorganize, or effect any other business combination, the effects of which will result in the shareholders of the Company immediately prior to such transaction holding less than a majority of the voting stock immediately after the transaction, then the holders of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will have the right to receive the Series A Original Issue Price per share, plus the Annual Dividend, plus any other accrued and unpaid dividends (whether or not declared) to, but excluding, the date of payment, before any payments are made to the holders of the common stock and any other junior shares, if any. The rights of the holders of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock to receive the liquidation preference are subject to the proportionate rights of holders of each other future series or class of parity shares and subordinate to the rights of senior shares.

Voting Rights. Holders of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock do not have any voting rights, except as otherwise required by the Oregon Business Corporation Act.

No Maturity. The Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock does not have any stated maturity and is not subject to any sinking fund or mandatory redemption. Accordingly, the shares of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will remain outstanding indefinitely unless we decide to redeem them.

No Conversion. The Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock is not, pursuant to its terms, convertible into or exchangeable for any other securities or property.

Special Benefits for Holders of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock. Subject to the sole discretion of our board of directors, each holder of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock may be entitled to receive additional benefits, including but not limited to discounts on wine purchases made directly from the Company's winery, invitations to events, updates on winery developments, complimentary wine tastings in our tasting rooms, and private tours of the winery. The Company can make no guarantees that the holders of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will be entitled to receive any of these additional benefits. Additionally, the value of these benefits, if any, is indeterminable and is not associated with the number of shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock one owns. Similarly, if granted, these rights may not be transferred separately from our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock. We have not attempted to establish a value for these benefits, and we do not consider them material to the determination of the price or value of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock. If granted, we reserve the right to amend or remove these benefits in the future.

Common Stock

Voting Rights. Holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote for each share of common stock held of record on the applicable record date on all matters submitted to a vote of shareholders. A corporate action voted on by shareholders generally is approved, provided a quorum is present, if the votes cast within the voting group favoring the action exceed the votes cast opposing the action. Holders of our common stock are not entitled to cumulate their votes in the election of directors.

Dividend Rights. Holders of our common stock are entitled to receive ratably such dividends, if any, as may be declared from time to time by our board of directors out of funds legally available for that purpose, subject to any preferential dividend rights or other preferences granted to the holders of any of the then-outstanding shares of preferred stock.

Rights Upon Liquidation. In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, whether voluntary or involuntary, the holders of our common stock are entitled to share ratably in all remaining assets available for distribution to shareholders after payment of, or provision for, our liabilities, subject to prior distribution rights of shares of our preferred stock, if any, then outstanding.

Preemptive Rights. Holders of our common stock do not have any preemptive rights to purchase, subscribe for or otherwise acquire any unissued shares or our other securities.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The transfer agent and registrar for our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock and for our common stock is Equiniti Trust Company (“Equiniti”) Equiniti’s address is: 1110 Centre Pointe Curve, Suite 101, Mendota Heights MN 55120-4100, and its telephone number is: 1-800-468-9716.

Nasdaq Listing

The Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock is presently listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol “WVVIP”. However as of the date of this prospectus supplement, trading of these shares has been extremely limited since we initially listed this series of preferred shares on November 2, 2015, and you should not presume that the listing of the shares of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock being offered in this offering on the Nasdaq Capital Market will provide a liquid market for such securities. Moreover, the public float, number of shares and market capitalization of this class of securities will continue to be relatively limited, and it is unlikely a liquid market will develop for these shares.

Our common stock is listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol “WVVI.” Shares of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock are not convertible into or exchangeable for shares of our common stock, now or at any time in the future.

Anti-Takeover Effects of our Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws and of Oregon Law

Our charter documents and the Oregon Business Corporation Act (the “Act”), contain provisions that may have the effect of discouraging, delaying or preventing a change in control or an unsolicited acquisition proposal that a shareholder might consider favorable, including a proposal that might result in the payment of a premium over the market price for the shares held by our shareholders. Certain of these provisions are summarized in the following paragraphs.

Authorized but Unissued Shares of Common Stock and Preferred Stock

We are authorized under our articles of incorporation, as amended, to issue up to 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock, in one or more series as designated from time to time by our board of directors, with the approval of a majority of our outside directors, and up to 10,000,000 shares of common stock.

Cumulative Voting

No cumulative voting for directors is permitted.

Increase in the Number of Directors

In accordance with our corporate bylaws, our board of directors shall be comprised of between a minimum of two (2) and a maximum of eleven (11) directors as determined from time to time by our board of directors. The number of directors may be increased or decreased from time to time by amendment of our corporate bylaws, but no decrease shall have the effect of shortening the term of any incumbent director.

Staggered Board of Directors; Removal of Directors

We have a staggered board of directors. Our board of directors is divided into three groups with each director holding office until the next annual meeting of shareholders following the end of their three year term, and until her or his successors has been elected and qualified. All or any number of the directors may be removed, for cause, at a meeting expressly called for that purpose by a vote of the holders of the majority of the shares then entitled to vote at an election of directors.

Advance Notice Requirements for Shareholder Proposals and Director Nominations

To be timely, a shareholder's notice relating to an annual meeting shall be delivered to our secretary at our principal executive offices not less than 90 nor more than 120 days prior to the first anniversary of the date on which we first mailed our proxy materials for the preceding year's annual meeting of shareholders. However, if the date of such annual meeting is advanced by more than 30 days prior to or delayed by more than 30 days after the anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting, then notice by the shareholder to be timely must be delivered to our secretary at our principal executive offices not later than the close of business on the later of (i) the 90th day prior to such annual meeting or (ii) the 15th day following the day on which public announcement of the date of such meeting is first made.

Special meetings of the shareholders may be called by the Company's president or by the Company's board of directors and shall be called by the Company's president (or in the event of absence, incapacity, or refusal of the Company's president, by the Company's secretary or any other officer) at the request of the holders of not less than one-half of all the outstanding shares of the Company's common stock entitled to vote at the meeting. Prospective investors should note that because the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock has no voting rights except as required by law, the holders thereof, separately or in the aggregate, have no right to call a special meeting of shareholders.

Anti-Takeover Effects of Oregon Law

Oregon law contains certain provisions that may have the effect of delaying, deterring or preventing a change in control of the Company. ORS 60.801 to ORS 60.816 imposes certain restrictions upon the voting of shares acquired in “control share acquisitions” and limits a shareholder’s ability to vote in favor of a business combination when that shareholder has acquired shares of voting stock in excess of a specified percentage of the voting stock of a public company. Additionally, ORS 60.825 to ORS 60.845 prohibits us, with certain exceptions, from engaging in certain significant business transactions with an “interested shareholder” (including, in certain situations, a person who owns 15% or more of our outstanding voting stock) for a period of three years following such person’s share acquisition date. The prohibited business combinations include, among others, a merger or share exchange with the interested shareholder. This statutory prohibition is not applicable if: (i) prior to the date the shareholder become an interested shareholder our board of directors approved either the business combination or the transaction which resulted in the shareholder becoming an interested shareholder, or (ii) subsequent to the date the shareholder become an interested shareholder, the business combination is approved by our board of directors and authorized at an annual or special meeting of our shareholders by the affirmative vote of at least 66-2/3 percent of our outstanding voting stock which is not owned by the interested shareholder. These statutory provisions may have the effect of delaying, deterring or preventing a change in control of the Company.

DESCRIPTION OF FUTURE CLASSES OR SERIES OF PREFERRED STOCK

After giving effect to the designation of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, as amended, our articles of incorporation entitle us to issue additional shares of preferred stock in one or more series upon the approval of our board of directors, with the approval of a majority of our outside directors but in certain instances without the approval of the holders of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock. The following outlines the general provisions of the shares of currently undesignated preferred stock that we may offer from time to time. The specific terms of a series of preferred stock will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement relating to that series of preferred stock. The following description of the preferred stock and any description of preferred stock in a prospectus supplement is only a summary and is subject to and qualified in its entirety by reference to the articles of amendment to our articles of incorporation, as amended, relating to the particular series of preferred stock, a copy of which we will file with the SEC in connection with the sale of any series of preferred stock.

General

Under our articles of incorporation, as amended, our board of directors is authorized, without shareholder approval, to adopt resolutions providing for the issuance of up to 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock, no par value, in one or more series. As of the date of this prospectus supplement, 8,483,862 shares of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock are issued and outstanding, and other than for the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, no other class or series of preferred stock has been designated or authorized for issuance.

Our board of directors may fix the voting powers, designations, preferences, rights, qualifications, limitations and restrictions of any future series of preferred stock that we may offer.

The specific terms of that series may include:

- the title, designation, number of shares and stated or liquidation value of the preferred stock;
- the dividend amount or rate or method of calculation, the payment dates for dividends and the place or places where the dividends will be paid, whether dividends will be cumulative or noncumulative, and, if cumulative, the dates from which dividends will begin to accrue;
- any conversion or exchange rights;
- whether the preferred stock will be subject to redemption and the redemption price and other terms and conditions relative to the redemption rights;
- any liquidation rights;
- any sinking fund provisions;
- any voting rights;
- the exchange or market, if any, where the preferred stock will be listed or traded; and
- any other rights, preferences, privileges, limitations and restrictions that are not inconsistent with the terms of our articles of incorporation, as amended.

Upon the issuance and payment for shares of preferred stock, the shares will be fully paid and nonassessable. Except as otherwise may be specified in the prospectus supplement relating to a particular series of preferred stock, holders of preferred stock will not have any preemptive or subscription rights to acquire any class or series of our capital stock and each series of preferred stock will rank on a parity in all respects with each other series of our preferred stock and prior to our common stock as to dividends and any distribution of our assets.

The authorization of the preferred stock could have the effect of making it more difficult or time consuming for a third party to acquire a majority of our outstanding voting stock or otherwise effect a change of control. Shares of the preferred stock may also be sold to third parties that indicate that they would support the board of directors in opposing a hostile takeover bid. The availability of the preferred stock could have the effect of delaying a change of control and of increasing the consideration ultimately paid to our shareholders.

Our board of directors may authorize the issuance of preferred stock for capital-raising activities, acquisitions, joint ventures or other corporate purposes that have the effect of making an acquisition of Willamette Valley Vineyards more difficult or costly, as could also be the case if our board of directors were to issue additional common stock for such purposes. See “Description of Capital Stock – Anti-Takeover Effects of our Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws and of Oregon Law.”

Redemption

If so specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, a series of preferred stock may be redeemable at any time, in whole or in part, at our option, and may be mandatorily redeemable or convertible. Restrictions, if any, on the repurchase or redemption by us of any series of our preferred stock will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement relating to that series. Any partial redemption of a series of preferred stock would be made in the manner described in the applicable prospectus supplement relating to that series.

Upon the redemption date of shares of preferred stock called for redemption or upon our earlier call and deposit of the redemption price, all rights of holders of the preferred stock called for redemption will terminate, except for the right to receive the redemption price.

Dividends

Holders of each series of preferred stock will be entitled to receive cash dividends only when, as and if declared by our board of directors out of funds legally available for dividends. The rates or amounts and dates of payment of dividends will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement relating to each series of preferred stock. Dividends will be payable to holders of record of preferred stock on the record dates fixed by our board of directors. Dividends on any series of preferred stock may be cumulative or noncumulative, as described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Our board of directors may not declare, pay or set apart funds for payment of dividends on a particular series of preferred stock unless full dividends on any other series of preferred stock that ranks equally with or senior to such series of preferred stock with respect to the payments of dividends have been paid or sufficient funds have been set apart for payment for either of the following:

- all prior dividend periods of each such series of preferred stock that pay dividends on a cumulative basis; or
- the immediately preceding dividend period of each such series of preferred stock that pays dividends on a noncumulative basis.

Partial dividends declared on shares of any series of preferred stock and other series of preferred stock ranking on an equal basis as to dividends will be declared pro rata. A pro rata declaration means that the ratio of dividends declared per share to accrued dividends per share will be the same for all series of preferred stock of equal priority.

Liquidation Preference

In the event of the liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of us, holders of each series of preferred stock will have the right to receive distributions upon liquidation in the amount described in the applicable prospectus supplement relating to each series of preferred stock, plus an amount equal to any accrued but unpaid dividends. These distributions will be made before any distribution is made on our common stock or on any securities ranking junior to such preferred stock upon liquidation, dissolution or winding-up.

However, holders of the shares of preferred stock will not be entitled to receive the liquidation price of their shares until we have paid or set aside an amount sufficient to pay in full the liquidation preference of any class or series of our capital stock ranking senior as to rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up. Unless otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, neither a consolidation or merger of Willamette Valley Vineyards with or into another corporation nor a merger of another corporation with or into Willamette Valley Vineyards nor a sale or transfer of all or part of Willamette Valley Vineyards' assets for cash or securities will be considered a liquidation, dissolution or winding up of Willamette Valley Vineyards.

If the liquidation amounts payable to holders of preferred stock of all series ranking on a parity regarding liquidation are not paid in full, the holders of the preferred stock of these series will have the right to a ratable portion of our available assets up to the full liquidation preference. Holders of these series of preferred stock or such other securities will not be entitled to any other amounts from us after they have received their full liquidation preference.

Conversion and Exchange

A prospectus supplement will indicate whether and on what terms the shares of any future series of preferred stock will be convertible into or exchangeable for shares of any other class, series or security of Willamette Valley Vineyards or any other corporation or any other property (including whether the conversion or exchange is mandatory, at the option of the holder or our option, the period during which conversion or exchange may occur, the initial conversion or exchange price or rate and the circumstances or manner in which the amount of common or preferred stock or other securities issuable upon conversion or exchange may be adjusted). It will also indicate for preferred stock convertible into common stock, the number of shares of common stock to be reserved in connection with, and issued upon conversion of, the preferred stock (including whether the conversion or exchange is mandatory, the initial conversion or exchange price or rate and the circumstances or manner in which the amount of common stock issuable upon conversion or exchange may be adjusted) at the option of the holder or our option and the period during which conversion or exchange may occur.

Voting Rights

The holders of shares of preferred stock will have no voting rights, except:

- as otherwise stated in the applicable prospectus supplement;
- as otherwise stated in the articles of amendment to our articles of incorporation establishing the series of such preferred stock; and
- as otherwise required by applicable law.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The transfer agent, registrar, dividend paying agent and depository, if any, for any preferred stock offering will be stated in the applicable prospectus supplement.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We may sell the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock offered pursuant to this prospectus supplement and any subsequent prospectus supplements from time to time in one or more transactions through our officers and directors, none of whom will be compensated for their participation in this offering. There will be no sales through underwriters, placement agents or broker-dealers in connection with this offering.

Our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will be offered at prices that will depend upon the date of one's purchase as indicated in the following table:

Beginning Date		Ending Date		Price per Share ^(*)
August 1, 2022		August 31, 2022		\$5.15
September 1, 2022		October 31, 2022		\$5.25
November 31, 2022		December 31, 2022		\$5.35

(*) The Series A Original Issue Price for purposes of dividend and redemption computations will be \$4.15 per share, which is the price paid in the initial offering of this series, regardless of the price paid in this offering.

The purpose of the increase in price over time is intended to reflect the anticipated reduction in risk of holding the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock over time. Our board of directors believes that investors who invest earlier in this offering will bear modestly greater risk than those who invest later; however, this belief is not readily quantifiable and depends, among other things, upon the amount invested in each period, how the proceeds of the offering are utilized by the Company, and external factors effecting the growth, sales revenues and operations of the Company. Although our shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock are currently traded on the NASDAQ Capital Market, because these shares are very thinly traded on such exchange, our board of director believes that the market price of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock on the NASDAQ Capital Market does not accurately reflect the actual fair market value of these shares. Consequently, our board of director has developed its own valuation criteria, which includes the dividend rate payable on the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock and experience from previous offerings to establish the offering price of the shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock to be offered in this offering, rather than the price of the class of such shares on the NASDAQ Capital Market. Accordingly, prospective investors should recognize that the prices of each series of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock have been determined arbitrarily, and there can be no assurance that an investor purchasing such shares could sell the shares at a price equal to or greater than the prices listed above, or at all.

We will sell shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock in this offering until we have reached the maximum number of shares authorized for sale in this prospectus supplement or management decides to accept less than the maximum number of shares authorized. If, at the end of the expiry of any offering period, the aggregate number of shares subscribed for in this offering exceed the aggregate number of shares available to be sold in this offering, we will allocate the remaining shares to subscribers on a basis we believe to be equitable and reasonable and in the best interests of the Company (including considering which potential subscribers are current members of, or intend to be members of, our wine club, and which potential subscribers intend to participate in our other business programs), and we will stop accepting further subscriptions.

Prior to investing in this offering, potential subscribers will be required to complete a questionnaire that will contain questions concerning such potential subscriber's interest in becoming a member of our wine club as well as such potential subscriber's interest in participating in our other business programs and/or endeavors. Although the offering will not be limited to potential subscribers who currently are, or intend to become, a member of our wine club, and who express a desire to participate in our other business programs and/or endeavors, because our board of directors has determined that it is in our best interests to sell the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock in this offering to subscribers who will support our business efforts, we intend to give preference to prospective subscribers who are either current members of our wine club, or intend to become members of our wine club, and who express a desire to participate in our other business programs and/or endeavors.

Funds

Funds received in this offering for accepted subscriptions will be delivered directly to the Company without restriction. Our transfer agent will cause the issuance and delivery of all of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Shares sold in this offering to be made on, or just prior to, December 31, 2022, and such dates will be used as the issuance date for the purposes of determining entitlement to dividends, liquidation preference, and related matters.

Indemnification; Exculpation

Our officers and directors who act as issuer salespersons in connection with this offering are entitled to indemnification for any action or claim brought against them in connection with their service on behalf of the Company, including without limitation their participation in this offering. Our articles of incorporation also contain provisions that exculpate our officers, directors and agents from liabilities to the Company except in cases of gross negligence or willful misconduct, subject to certain limitations arising under federal and state securities laws. In addition, our chief executive officer, Mr. Bernau, is a party to an indemnification agreement pursuant to which the Company is required to extend broad-based indemnification to him and certain of his affiliates and immediate family members. These arrangements entitle these individuals to indemnification against and contribution toward certain civil liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or to contribute with respect to payments that these persons may be required to make.

Stabilization

In connection with many public offerings of securities, underwriters and selling group members and their respective affiliates may engage in transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the market price of the applicable securities. These transactions are intended to have the effect of limiting the volatility of securities sold during a specified period following the completion of an underwritten offering.

Investors in this offering are cautioned that this offering will not include the participation of an underwriter or selling group, and there will be no stabilizing transactions in the aftermarket for the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock. As a result, any events that might promote a relative excess of sales (in comparison to a market for purchases) may have a more significant adverse impact upon prospective selling prices and, in fact, on opportunities to sell regardless of price, than might a firmly underwritten offering.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters in connection with the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Davis Wright Tremaine LLP, Portland, Oregon.

EXPERTS

The financial statements of Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. incorporated into this Registration Statement on Form S-3 by reference to Willamette Valley Vineyard, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 have been audited by Moss Adams LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report, which is incorporated herein by reference. Such financial statements have been so incorporated in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

☒ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021

or

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 000-21522

WILLAMETTE VALLEY VINEYARDS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Oregon

93-0981021

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

8800 Enchanted Way, S.E.
Turner, OR 97392

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (503) 588-9463

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock	WVVI	NASDAQ Capital Market
Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock	WVVIP	NASDAQ Capital Market

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None
(Title of class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act:
Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act: Yes ☐ No ☒

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days: Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files): Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer ☐ Accelerated filer ☐ Non-accelerated Filer ☒ Smaller reporting company ☐

☐ Emerging Growth Company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act): Yes ☐ No ☒

The aggregate market value of common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of June 30, 2021 was approximately \$62,070,250.

The number of outstanding shares of the registrant's Common Stock as of March 29, 2022 was 4,964,529.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

None

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WILLAMETTE VALLEY VINEYARDS, INC. FORM 10-K

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WILLAMETTE VALLEY VINEYARDS, INC. FORM 10-K

As used in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, “we,” “us,” “our” “WVVI” and “the Company” refer to Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc.

PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

Forward Looking Statements

This Annual Report on Form 10-K, including any information incorporated by reference, contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, referred to as the “Securities Act”, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, referred to as the “Exchange Act”. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about the Company’s business, and beliefs and assumptions made by management. Words such as “expects,” “anticipates,” “intends,” “plans,” “believes,” “seeks,” “estimates”, “predicts,” “potential,” “should,” or “will” or the negative thereof and variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Therefore, actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements due to numerous factors, including, but not limited to: availability of financing for growth, availability of adequate supply of high quality grapes, successful performance of internal operations, impact of competition, changes in wine broker or distributor relations or performance, impact of possible adverse weather conditions, impact of reduction in grape quality or supply due to disease or smoke from forest fires, changes in consumer spending, the reduction in consumer demand for premium wines, and the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the policies of United States federal, state and local governments in response to such pandemic. In addition, such statements could be affected by general industry and market conditions and growth rates, and general domestic economic conditions. Many of these risks as well as other risks that may have a material adverse impact on our operations and business, are identified in Item 1A “Risk Factors” in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. We urge you to carefully review the disclosures we make concerning risks and other factors that may affect our business and operations. The forward-looking statements in this report are made as of the date hereof, and, except as otherwise

required by law, the Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements or to update the reasons why the actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Business

Introduction – The Company was formed in May 1988 to produce and sell premium, super premium and ultra-premium varietals. The Company was originally established as a sole proprietorship by Oregon winegrower Jim Bernau in 1983. The Company is headquartered in Turner, Oregon, which is just south of the state capitol of Salem, Oregon. The Company’s wines are made from grapes grown in vineyards owned, leased or contracted by the Company, and from grapes purchased from other vineyards. The grapes are harvested, fermented and made into wine primarily at the Company’s winery in Turner, Oregon (the “Estate Winery” or “Winery”) and the wines are sold principally under the Company’s Willamette Valley Vineyards label, but also under the Griffin Creek, Tualatin Estate, Pambrun, Maison Bleue, Natoma, Metis, Pere Ami and Elton labels. The Company also owns the Tualatin Estate Vineyards and Winery, located near Forest Grove, Oregon (the “Tualatin Winery”).

Segments – The Company has identified two operating segments, direct sales and distributor sales, based upon their different distribution channels, margins and selling strategies. Direct sales include retail sales in the tasting rooms, wine club sales, online sales, on-site events, kitchen and catering sales and other sales made directly to the consumer without the use of an intermediary. Distributor sales include all sales through a third party where prices are given at a wholesale rate.

Products – Under its Willamette Valley Vineyards label, the Company produces and sells the following types of wine in 750 ml bottles: Pinot Noir, the brand’s flagship and its largest selling varietal in 2021, \$24 to \$100 per bottle; Chardonnay, \$25 to \$45 per bottle; Pinot Gris, \$17 per bottle; Pinot Blanc, \$25 per bottle; Sauvignon Blanc, \$28 per bottle; Gruner Veltliner, \$28 per bottle; Rose, \$18 to \$25 per bottle; Brut, \$55 per bottle; Brut Rose, \$75; Blanc de Blancs, \$75; and Riesling, \$14 per bottle (all bottle prices included herein are the suggested retail prices). The Company’s mission for this brand is to become the premier producer of Pinot Noir in the Pacific Northwest.

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Under its Tualatin Estate Vineyards label, the Company currently produces and sells the following type of wine in 750 ml bottles: Semi-Sparkling Muscat, \$20 per bottle.

Under its Griffin Creek label, the Company produces and sells the following types of wine in 750 ml bottles: Syrah, the brand’s flagship, \$50 per bottle; Merlot, \$48 per bottle; Cabernet Sauvignon, \$50 per bottle; Grenache, \$50 per bottle; Cabernet Franc, \$50 per bottle; Tempranillo, \$50 per bottle; Malbec, \$50 per bottle; The Griffin (a Bordeaux style blend), \$65 per bottle; and Viognier, \$35 per bottle. This brand’s mission is to be the highest quality producer of Bordeaux and Rhone varietals in Southern Oregon.

Under its Elton label, the Company produces and sells the following types of wine in 750 ml bottles: Pinot Noir, \$75 per bottle and Chardonnay, \$75 per bottle.

Under its Pambrun label, the Company produces and sells the following types of wine in 750 ml bottles: Chrysologue, \$65 per bottle; Merlot, \$60 per bottle; and Cabernet Sauvignon, \$70 per bottle.

Under its Maison Bleue label, the Company produces and sells the following types of wine in 750 ml bottles: Frontiere Syrah, \$75 per bottle; Gravière Syrah, \$65 per bottle; Voyageur Syrah, \$50 per bottle; Bourgeois Grenache, \$50 per bottle; and Voltigeur Viognier, \$40 per bottle and Lisette Rose, \$28 per bottle.

Under its Made in Oregon Cellars label, the Company produces and sells the following type of wine in 750 ml bottles: Oregon Blossom (off-dry rosé), \$14 per bottle.

The Company holds U.S. federal and/or Oregon state trademark registrations for the trademarks material to the business, including but not limited to, the WILLAMETTE VALLEY VINEYARDS, DAEDALUS, OREGON’S LANDMARK WINERY, TUALATIN, GRIFFIN CREEK, GRIFFIN, ELTON, WILLAMETTE, WVV, SIP.SAVE, WHOLE CLUSTER, MADE IN OREGON CELLARS, OREGON BLOSSOM, INGRAM ESTATE, IT’S

WILLAMETTE, DAMMIT, FULLER, TUALATIN, TUALATIN ESTATE, MAISON BLEUE WINERY, METIS, O'BRIEN, WILLAMETTE WINEWORKS, COTE DU BLEUE, PERE AMI, KAYAK and NATOMA marks. Additionally, the Company has allowed use on PAMBRUN and PIERRE PAMBRUN and PINOT BLACK.

Market overview – The United States wine industry has seen a rapid increase in the number of wineries that are being established throughout the country. From 2009 to 2021, U.S. wineries grew in number from 6,357 to 11,053, according to Statista. and is one of the fastest growing segments in agriculture. U.S. wineries decreased production in 2020, the most recent year such data is available, by 9.7% compared to 2019 according to Statista. The total retail value of wine sales has increased from \$26.3 billion in 2000 to \$66.8 billion in 2020 according to Statista. According to the report, the U.S. value of Direct to consumer wine shipments grew by 14.9 percent in 2020. Total wine consumption in the United States has grown by 46 percent since 2005. In 2020, one billion gallons of wine were consumed, up from 687 million in 2005. Wine consumption has been increasing in the United States. Since 2005, the average annual consumption per resident has increased by 33 percent to a high of 3.09 gallons in 2020.

According to a Wine Analytics report at the end of 2021, the total U.S. wine market was worth \$78.3 billion, a 17% increase from the previous year, which Wine Analytics believes were driven by the vaccinated and looser public health restrictions which gave consumers the confidence and opportunities to return to on-premise venues.

According to Wine Intelligence Ltd., the total wine drinking population in the U.S. increased to a record high of 118 million in 2019, an increase of 8 million people drinking wine at least once a year compared with 2015. However, the number of consumers drinking wine at least once a month declined by 11 million over that same time period. Wine Intelligence reports this trend is driven by 21-34 year old's who are moderating consumption and switching to other beverages yet Wine Intelligence found that Millennials who are remaining as regular wine drinkers say they are "more highly involved, adventurous and higher spending wine drinkers than more mature consumers". According to the Wine Market Council, of U.S. wine consumers in 2019, 56% were female and 44% male with 33% of consumers drinking wine more than once a week. Domestic wine accounted for 66.9% of U.S. sales in 2019 according to Wines & Vines Analytics Report. The five most popular wines in 2019 were chardonnay, cabernet sauvignon, red blends, pinot gris and pinot noir, according to Nielsen.

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In 2018, off-premise sales accounted for roughly 81% of the U.S. market with an average bottle price of \$10 according to Nielsen. Although direct to consumer (DTC) sales continue to be a fast growing channel in the U.S. market, increasing by 12% in 2018 from 2017 according to Wines & Vines Analytics, DTC sales constituted only a small percentage of overall sales volume representing less than 2% of the total sales volume in the United States in 2018.

In a 2018 American Wine Consumer Preference Survey, by Sonoma State University and the Wine Business Institute, American wine consumers from all 50 states were sampled regarding their wine consumption. Of those sampled, 50% reported they consume wine daily or several times per week making them "High Frequency Wine Drinkers" with 17% reporting that they drink wine once per week and the remaining 33% drinking wine less frequently. Respondents demonstrated a preference for red wine, with 69% listing it as one of their favorites, 67% listing white wine as one of their favorites and 40% listing Rose. Price and brand topped the list of decision-making reasons when purchasing wine for home consumption at 80% and 69% respectively. Of those surveyed 32% listed the most common purchase price being \$11 to \$15 however 46% indicated that they had paid \$50 to \$99 a bottle for a special occasion.

Rob McMillan, EVP and founder of Silicon Valley Bank's Wine Division, in his State of The Wine Industry Report 2020, explains that the wine consumers who fueled the growth of super premium wines, Baby Boomers, are moving into retirement, declining in numbers and per capita consumption. While younger generations represent a substantial opportunity for wine producers, winemakers must make dramatic adjustments in their strategies to reach and appeal to these younger consumer groups with different values or face declining sales and profits.

The Company's Board of Directors and Management believe the winery's focus on integrity in winemaking, small scale, storied estate vineyards, environmental stewardship, support for community needs and participatory wine experiences are reflective of the values of a number of prospective, developing wine enthusiasts.

The Oregon wine industry – Oregon is a relatively new wine-producing region in comparison to California and France. In 1966, there were only two commercial wineries licensed in Oregon. According to the Oregon Vineyard and

Winery Report produced by University of Oregon's Institute for Policy Research and Engagement (UOIPRE) in 2020, the most recent year such data is available, the overall number of wineries increased from 908 to 995 with the biggest increases coming from the Willamette Valley, which added 60. Planted acres of wine grape vineyards increased by 2,132 acres from 37,399 to 39,531, an increase of 5.7%, 33,320 acres of which were harvested. Oregon wine grapes produced a 2020 crop with a total value of \$158 million, a decrease of 33.6% from 2019 primarily due to lower fruit set and wildfires preceding the 2020 harvest according to UOIPRE. Pinot Noir leads all varieties accounting for 60% of planted acreage and 49% of production. According to UOIPRE, Oregon case sales in 2020 were 4.7 million, which was similar to 2019. UOIPRE reported case sales in dollars for 2020 were approximately \$700 million, a 3.8% increase from 2019.

Because of climate, soil and other growing conditions, we believe the Willamette Valley in western Oregon is ideally suited to growing superior quality Pinot Noir, Chardonnay, Pinot Gris and Riesling wine grapes. Some of Oregon's Pinot Noir, Pinot Gris and Chardonnay wines have developed outstanding reputations, winning numerous national and international awards.

Oregon does have certain disadvantages as a wine-producing region. Oregon's wines are lesser known to consumers worldwide and the total wine production of Oregon wineries is small relative to California and French competitors. Greater worldwide label recognition and larger production levels give Oregon's competitors certain financial, marketing, distribution and unit cost advantages.

Furthermore, Oregon's Willamette Valley has an unpredictable rainfall pattern in early autumn. If significantly above-average rains occur just prior to the autumn grape harvest, the quality of harvested grapes is often materially diminished, thereby affecting that year's wine quality.

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Finally, phylloxera, an aphid-like insect that feeds on the roots of grapevines, has been found in several commercial vineyards in Oregon. Contrary to the California experience, most Oregon phylloxera infestations have expanded very slowly and done only minimal damage. Nevertheless, phylloxera does constitute a significant risk to Oregon vineyards. Prior to the discovery of phylloxera in Oregon, all vine plantings in the Company's Estate Vineyard, in Turner, Oregon, were with non-resistant rootstock. In 1997, the Company purchased Tualatin Vineyards at the Tualatin Winery, which has phylloxera at its site. All current plantings are with, and all future planting will be with, phylloxera-resistant rootstock at that location. The Company takes commercially reasonable precautions in an effort to prevent the spread of phylloxera to other vineyards.

As a result of these factors, subject to the risks and uncertainties identified in this Annual Report, the Company believes that long-term prospects for growth in the Oregon wine industry are excellent. The Company believes that over the next several years the Oregon wine industry will grow at a faster rate than the overall domestic wine industry, and that much of this growth will favor producers of premium, super premium and ultra-premium wines such as the Company's Estate, Elton, Pambrun, Maison Bleue and Griffin Creek brands.

2021 Oregon harvest – There is no official data available on the 2021 Oregon harvest as of the date of this report.

Company Strategy

The Company, one of the largest wine producers in Oregon by volume, believes its success is dependent upon its ability to: (1) grow and purchase high quality vinifera wine grapes; (2) vinify the grapes into premium, super premium and ultra-premium wine; (3) achieve significant brand recognition for its wines, first in Oregon and then nationally and internationally; (4) effectively distribute and sell its products nationally; and (5) continue to build on its base of direct to consumer sales. The Company's goal is to continue to build on a reputation for producing some of Oregon's finest, most sought-after wines.

Based upon several highly regarded surveys of the U.S. wine industry, the Company believes that successful wineries exhibit the following four key attributes: (i) focus on production of high-quality premium, super premium and ultra-premium varietal wines; (ii) achieve brand positioning that supports high bottle prices for its high quality wines; (iii) build brand recognition by emphasizing restaurant sales; and (iv) develop strong marketing advantages (such as a highly visible winery location, successful support of distribution, and life-long customer service programs).

The Company's marketing and selling strategy is to sell its premium, super premium and ultra-premium cork-finished-wine through a combination of direct sales at the Estate Winery, the McMinnville Tasting Room in McMinnville, Oregon, the Tualatin Estate Tasting Room in Forest Grove, Oregon, the Maison Bleue Tasting Room in Walla Walla, Washington, the Tasting Room in Folsom, California and sales through independent distributors and wine brokers who market the Company's wine in specific targeted areas.

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In December 2016 the Company purchased approximately 40 acres in the Dundee, Oregon area for estate vineyard and winery expansion. In 2020 the Company opened a microwinery featuring wine tasting and a custom blending experience under the name Willamette Wineworks, in historic Folsom, California, and began selling wine under the brand name Natoma.

The Company owns and leases approximately 1,018 acres of land, of which 801 acres are currently planted as vineyards or is suitable for future vineyard planting. The vineyards the Company owns and leases are all certified sustainable by LIVE (Low Input Viticulture and Enology) and Salmon Safe. At full production, the Company anticipates these vineyards would enable the Company to grow approximately 72% of the grapes needed to meet the winery's current production capacity, of 615,000 gallons (258,620 cases), at its Estate Winery.

Vineyard Name	ACRES					TONS	
	Total	Producing	Pre-Production	Plantable	Non-Plantable	Harvest 2021	Harvest 2020
Owned Vineyards							

WVV Estate	107	67	2	-	38	242	187
Tualatin Estate Vineyard	107	56	5	-	46	184	146
Ingram Vineyard	86	63	-	-	23	172	112
Pambrun Vineyard	87	20	-	30	37	28	33
Loeza Vineyard	62	15	20	23	4	43	-
Louisa Vineyard	53	-	-	25	28	-	-
Maison Bleue Vineyard	37	5	10	19	3	30	13
Bernau Estate	20	13	-	-	7	35	24
Dayton Vineyard	40	-	-	34	6	-	-
Lafayette Vineyard	36	-	-	36	-	-	-
Jory Claim Vineyard	69	-	-	65	4	-	-
Sub-Total	704	239	37	232	196	734	515

Leased Vineyards

Peter Michael Vineyard	79	69	-	-	10	270	174
Meadowview Vineyard	49	49	-	-	-	189	141
Elton Vineyard	59	54	-	2	3	163	121
Ingram Vineyard	110	93	-	17	-	194	80
Bernau Estate	17	-	9	-	8	-	-
Sub-Total	314	265	9	19	21	816	516

Contracted Vineyards*

Various	381	381	-	-	-	1,522	1,470
Total	1,399	885	46	251	217	3,072	2,501

* Contracted acreage is estimated

WV Estate – Established in 1983, the Company’s Estate Vineyard (the “Estate Vineyard”) is located at the Winery location south of Salem, near Turner, Oregon. The Estate Vineyard uses an elaborate trellis design known as the Geneva Double Curtain. The Company has incurred the additional expense of constructing this trellis because it doubles the number of canes upon which grape clusters grow and spreads these canes for additional solar exposure and air circulation. Research and practical applications of this trellis design indicate that it should improve grape quality through smaller clusters and berries over traditional designs.

Tualatin Estate Vineyard – Established in 1973 at the Tualatin Winery location near Forest Grove, Oregon, the Company’s Tualatin Estate Vineyards is one of the oldest vineyards in Oregon. It was purchased by the Company in 1997. A series of sale-leaseback transactions split the property into two additional vineyards, and the Company continues to lease and manage the Peter Michael Vineyard and Meadowview Vineyard, located adjacent to the Tualatin Vineyard.

Ingram Estate and Elton Vineyard – In 2008, the Company purchased 86 acres near Hopewell, Oregon, for vineyard plantings. Adjacent to the purchased land is an additional 110 leased acres, also for vineyard development. The Company believes the site is ideally situated to grow premium Pinot Noir. The Ingram site is also adjacent to Elton Vineyards, where the Company leases 54 acres of established vineyards.

Pambrun Vineyards – In 2015, the Company purchased 42 acres in the Walla Walla AVA near the town of Milton-Freewater, Oregon. Additionally, the Company purchased an additional 45 adjoining acres in 2017. The Company believes this site is ideal to grow Cabernet Sauvignon and other Bordeaux-varietals. Wines produced from this vineyard are sold under the Pambrun label.

Loeza Vineyard – The Company purchased 62 acres near Gaston, Oregon in 2014, for vineyard plantings, and believes the site is ideally situated to grow premium Pinot Gris and Pinot Noir. The site is close to Tualatin Vineyards which allows the Company to leverage existing crews for vineyard development and operations.

Louisa Vineyard – The Company purchased 53 acres in the Ribbon Ridge sub-AVA in 2016 for vineyard plantings and believes the site is suitable for growing ultra-premium Pinot Noir.

Maison Bleue Vineyard – The Company purchased approximately 37 acres in the new Rocks District of Milton-Freewater appellation near Milton-Freewater, Oregon in 2016. Grapes from this vineyard go to the Maison Bleue label.

Bernau Estate – The Company purchased approximately 17 acres in Dundee, Oregon in January 2017 comprised of 15 acres of producing Pinot Noir. Additionally, the Company added 3 acres through a lot line adjustment to add to the parcel. The Company leases 17 adjoining acres.

Dayton Vineyard – The Company purchased 40 acres in Dayton, Oregon in December 2016. The Company intends to plant vineyards and construct a new winery at this location.

Lafayette Vineyard – The Company purchased 36 acres in January 2018.

Jory Claim Vineyard – The Company purchased 69 acres south of Salem, Oregon in 2019.

Grape Vines – Beginning in 1997, the Company embarked on a major effort to improve the quality of its flagship varietal by planting new Pinot Noir clones that originated directly from the cool climate growing region of Burgundy rather than the previous source, Napa, California, where winemakers believe the variety adapted to the warmer climate over the many years it was grown there.

These new French clones are called “Dijon clones” after the University of Dijon in Burgundy, which assisted in their selection and shipment to a U.S. government authorized quarantine site, and then two years later to Oregon winegrowers. The most desirable of these new Pinot Noir clones are numbered 113, 114, 115, 667, 777 and 943. In addition to certain flavor advantages, these clones ripen up to two weeks earlier, allowing growers to pick before heavy autumn rains. Heavy rains can dilute concentrated fruit flavors and promote bunch rot and spoilage. These Pinot

Noir clones were planted at the Tualatin Vineyards with phylloxera-resistant rootstock and the 667 and 777 clones have been grafted onto seven acres of self-rooted, non-phylloxera-resistant vines at the Company's Estate Vineyard.

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New clones of Chardonnay preceded Pinot Noir into Oregon and were planted at the Company's Estate Vineyard on phylloxera-resistant rootstock.

In 2021, crop yields were below the 7-year average but higher than in 2020 and the Company's producing acres in the Estate Vineyard and Tualatin Estate yielded approximately 242 tons and 184 tons of grapes, respectively. Leased vineyards produced an aggregate of 816 tons of grapes in 2021. Our Ingram Estate produced 172 tons of grapes in 2021. Bernau Estate produced 35 tons of grapes in 2020. Pambrun Vineyard produced 28 tons of grapes in 2021. Loeza Vineyard produced 43 tons of grapes in 2021. Maison Bleue Vineyard produced 30 tons of grapes in 2021.

The Company fulfills its remaining grape needs by purchasing grapes from other nearby vineyards at competitive prices. In 2021, the Company purchased an additional 1,522 tons of grapes from other growers. The Company cannot grow enough grapes to meet anticipated production needs, and therefore contracts grape purchases to make up the difference. Contracted grape purchases are considered an important component of the Company's long-term growth and risk-management plan. The Company believes high quality grapes will be available for purchase in sufficient quantity to meet the Company's requirements. Additionally, the Company will continue to evaluate opportunities to plant more acres and purchase properties for future vineyards.

Management believes that the grapes grown on the Company's vineyards establish a foundation of quality through the Company's farming practices, upon which the quality of the Company's wines is built. Wine produced from grapes grown in the Company's own vineyards may be labeled as "Estate Bottled" wines. These wines traditionally sell at a premium over non-estate bottled wines.

Viticultural conditions – Oregon's Willamette Valley is recognized as a premier location for growing certain varieties of high-quality wine grapes, particularly Pinot Noir, Pinot Gris, Chardonnay and Riesling. The Company believes that the Estate Vineyard's growing conditions, including its soil, elevation, slope, rainfall, evening marine breezes and solar orientation are among the most ideal conditions in the United States for growing certain varieties of high-quality wine grapes. The Estate Vineyard's grape growing conditions compare favorably to those found in some of the famous Viticultural regions of France. Western Oregon's latitude (42°–46° North) and relationship to the eastern edge of a major ocean is very similar to certain centuries-old wine grape growing regions of France.

The Estate Vineyard's soil type is Jory/Nekia, a dark, reddish-brown, silky clay loam over basalt bedrock, noted for being well drained, acidic, of adequate depth, retentive of appropriate levels of moisture and particularly suited to growing high quality wine grapes.

The Estate Vineyard's elevation ranges from 533 feet to 800 feet above sea level with slopes from 2% to 30% (predominately 12-20%). The Estate Vineyard's slope is oriented to the south, southwest and west. Average annual precipitation at the Estate Vineyard is 41.3 inches; average annual air temperature is 52 to 54 degrees Fahrenheit, and the length of each year's frost-free season averages from 190 to 210 days. These conditions compare favorably with conditions found throughout the Willamette Valley viticultural region and other domestic and foreign viticultural regions, which produce high quality wine grapes.

In the Willamette Valley, permanent vineyard irrigation generally is not required. The average annual rainfall provides sufficient moisture to avoid the need to irrigate the Estate Vineyard. However, if the need should arise, the Company's Estate property contains one water well which can sustain sufficient volume to meet the needs of the Winery and to provide auxiliary water to the Estate Vineyard for new plantings and unusual drought conditions. At the Tualatin Vineyard, the Company has water rights to a year-round spring that feeds an irrigation pond. The Company has water rights at the Pambrun Vineyard and Maison Bleue Vineyards and has no water rights at Dayton Vineyard, Lafayette Vineyard and Jory Claim Vineyard.

Susceptibility of vineyards to disease – The Tualatin Estate Vineyard and the adjacent leased vineyards are known to be infested with phylloxera, an aphid-like insect, which can destroy vines.

It is not possible to estimate any range of loss that may be incurred due to the phylloxera infestation of the Company's vineyards. The phylloxera at Tualatin Vineyard is believed to have been introduced on the roots of the vines first planted on the property in the southern most section Gewurztraminer in 1971 that the Company partially removed in 2004. The remaining vines, and all others infested, remain productive at low crop levels. The Company is in the process of gradually replacing infested areas with new, phylloxera-resistant vines.

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Winery

Wine production facility – The Company's Estate Winery and production facilities are capable of efficiently producing up to 258,620 cases (615,000 gallons) of wine per year, depending on the type of wine produced. In 2021, the Winery produced approximately 206,954 cases (492,043 gallons) primarily from its 2019 and 2020 harvest.

The Winery is 12,784 square feet in size and contains areas for processing, fermenting, aging and bottling wine, as well as an underground wine cellar, and administrative offices. There is a 12,500 square foot outside production area for harvesting, pressing and fermenting wine grapes. The Company also has a 23,000 square foot storage building to store its inventory of bottled product with a capacity of approximately 135,000 cases of wine. The production area is equipped with a settling tank and sprinkler system for disposing of wastewater from the production process in compliance with environmental regulations.

In addition to the production capacity discussed above, the Tualatin Winery has 20,000 square feet of production capacity. This adds approximately 28,000 cases (66,000 gallons) of wine production capacity to the Company. The capacity at the Tualatin Winery is available to the Company to meet any anticipated future production needs.

Hospitality facility – The Company has a renovated tasting and hospitality facility of 35,642 square feet (the "Hospitality Center") at the Estate Winery. The main floor of the Hospitality Center includes retail sales space with the Estate Tasting Room, dining area and mezzanine, which altogether are designed to accommodate approximately 300 persons for tastings, wine and food pairing meals, public and private events and meetings. An iconic observation tower and tiered decks around the Hospitality Center enable visitors to enjoy the view of the Willamette Valley and the Company's Estate Vineyard. The tiered decks funnel into an outdoor courtyard that hosts many seasonal gatherings. To the south side of the tiered decks the Company has two hospitality suites for overnight accommodations. The Hospitality Center sits above the underground barrel cellar and tunnel that connects with the Winery. The facility includes a basement cellar, tunnel and barrel room of 11,090 square feet to store up to 1,800 barrels of wine for aging in the proper environment.

Just outside the Hospitality Center, the Company has a landscaped park setting consisting of terraced lawns for outdoor events. The area between the Winery and Hospitality Center form a 20,000 square foot quadrangle. As designed, a removable fabric top can cover the quadrangle, making it an all-weather outdoor facility to promote the sale of the Company's wines through festivals and social events. Above the Company's working Winery is the Pinot Room and Founders' Room, which can accommodate 40 persons and 111 persons, respectively, for public and private events.

The Company believes the Hospitality Center and surrounding areas make the Winery an attractive recreational and social destination for tourists and residents, thereby enhancing the Company's ability to sell its wines.

Mortgages on properties – The Company's winery facilities at the Estate Winery are subject to two mortgages with an aggregate principal balance of \$5,535,096 at December 31, 2021. The two outstanding loans require monthly principal and interest payments of \$62,067 for the life of the loans, at annual fixed interest rates of 4.75% and 5.21%, and with maturity dates of 2028 and 2032.

Wine production – The Company operates on the principle that winemaking is a natural but highly technical process requiring the attention and dedication of the winemaking staff. The Company's Winery is equipped with current technical innovations and uses modern laboratory equipment and computers to monitor the progress of each wine through all stages of the winemaking process.

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The Company's recent annual grape harvest and wine production is as follows:

Harvest Year	Tons of Grapes Grown	Tons of Grapes Purchased	Total Tons of Grapes Harvested	Gallons of Bulk Purchases	Production Year	Cases Produced
2005	1,107	25	1,132	-	2005	72,297
2006	1,454	34	1,488	-	2006	81,081
2007	850	896	1,746	-	2007	115,466
2008	551	874	1,425	57,736	2008	121,027
2009	1,033	1,100	2,133	74,954	2009	132,072
2010	674	371	1,045	4,276	2010	110,224
2011	718	609	1,327	9,620	2011	81,357
2012	658	670	1,328	7,910	2012	91,181
2013	755	1,020	1,775	6,257	2013	95,638
2014	1,211	970	2,181	520	2014	108,958
2015	1,266	1,012	2,278	-	2015	120,794
2016	921	1,052	1,973	47,780	2016	141,416
2017	1,631	1,622	3,253	15,900	2017	151,332
2018	1,501	1,063	2,564	800	2018	164,590
2019	1,572	1,046	2,618	-	2019	172,869
2020	1,031	1,470	2,501	13,173	2020	175,357
2021	1,550	1,522	3,072	6,643	2021	206,954

Cases produced per ton harvested often vary between years mainly due to the timing of when the cases are produced.

Sales and Distribution

Marketing strategy – The Company markets and sells its wines through a combination of direct sales at the Winery, directly through mailing lists, and through distributors and wine brokers. As the Company has increased production volumes and achieved greater brand recognition, sales to out of state markets have increased, both in terms of absolute dollars and as a percentage of total Company sales.

The Company uses a variety of marketing channels to generate interest in its wines. The Company has a highly functional website and maintains social media sites. The Company controls a database of customers for email and direct promotions. The Company continues to submit its wines to competitions and state, regional and national media for editorials and ratings.

Direct sales – The Company’s Estate Winery is located on a visible hill adjacent to Oregon’s major north-south freeway (Interstate 5), approximately 2 miles south of the state’s second-largest metropolitan area (Salem), and 50 miles in either direction from the state’s first and third-largest metropolitan areas (Portland and Eugene). We believe the unique location along Interstate 5 has resulted in generally greater amount of wines sold at the Estate Winery as compared to the Oregon industry standard. Direct sales from the Winery are a vital sales channel and an effective means of product promotion. The Estate Winery Tasting Room is open daily and offers wine tasting and education by trained personnel. The Company offers by-appointment private tours offering a behind-the-scenes look at the production process of the wines. The Company has one of the largest wine club memberships in Oregon.

In 2014, the Company launched daily food pairings to accompany its wines. Led by the Winery Chef, the menu highlights Pacific Northwest inspired dishes paired with the Company’s wines. The culinary offering has now expanded to include “Pairings Wine Dinners,” community-style wine dinners hosted regularly throughout each month. In 2019, the Company added a new experience offered throughout the week called Pairings Exploration that features four wines paired with four small bites to educate guests on food and wine pairing. In December 2021, the Company debuted a new Pinot Noir Clonal Blending experience giving guests the ability to be a winemaker for a day by crafting their own custom blends from barrel.

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The Winery has developed a Winery Ambassador program, which connects its “Ambassadors” with customers throughout the United States and offers personalized wine recommendations and easy ordering by phone or email. The Company sells its wine through its own e-commerce website and direct ships were permissible.

The Company also operates four additional tasting rooms; one in historic downtown McMinnville, in the heart of Oregon Wine Country, one at its Tualatin Vineyard (located 30 minutes west of Portland) one in downtown Walla Walla, Washington, and one in Folsom, California.

The Company usually holds six major festivals at the Winery each year. In addition, open houses are held at the Winery during major holiday weekends such as Memorial Day and Thanksgiving. Numerous private events, charitable and political events are also held at the Winery.

Direct sales produce a higher profit margin because the Company can sell its wine directly to consumers at retail prices rather than to distributors at free-on-board or “FOB” prices. Sales made directly to consumers at retail prices result in an increased profit margin equal to the difference between retail prices and distributor prices. For 2021 and 2020, direct sales contributed approximately 41.8% and 38.6% of the Company’s net sales, respectively.

Distributors and wine brokers – The Company uses both independent distributors and wine brokers primarily to market the Company’s wines in specific targeted areas. Only those distributors and wine brokers who have demonstrated knowledge of and a proven ability to market premium, super premium, and ultra-premium wines are utilized. The Company’s products are distributed in 49 states and the District of Columbia, and there are 3 non-domestic (export) customers. For 2021 and 2020, sales to distributors and wine brokers contributed approximately 58.2% and 61.4% of the Company’s revenue from operations, respectively.

Tourists – Oregon wineries are a popular tourist destination with many bed & breakfasts, motels and fine dining restaurants available. The Willamette Valley, Oregon’s leading wine region has approximately 68% of the state’s wineries and vineyards, is home to approximately 736 wineries and was selected by Wine Enthusiast Magazine as its 2016 Wine Region of the Year. An additional advantage for Willamette Valley wine tourism is the proximity of the wineries to Portland (Oregon’s largest city and most popular destination). From Portland, tourists can visit the Willamette Valley winery of their choice in anywhere from a 45 minute to a two-hour drive.

The Company believes its convenient location, adjacent to Interstate 5, enables the Winery to attract a significant number of visitors. The Winery is approximately a 45-minute drive from Portland and less than one mile from The Enchanted Forest, an amusement park which operates from April through September each year.

Dependence on Major Customers

Historically, the Company's revenue has been derived from thousands of customers annually. In 2021, sales to one distributor represented approximately 18.1% of total Company revenue. In 2020, sales to one distributor represented approximately 24.0% of total Company revenue.

Competition

The wine industry is highly competitive. In a broad sense, wines may be considered to compete with all alcoholic and nonalcoholic beverages. Within the wine industry, the Company believes that its principal competitors include wineries in Oregon, California and Washington, which, like the Company, produce premium, super premium, and ultra-premium wines. Wine production in the United States is dominated by large California wineries that have significantly greater financial, production, distribution and marketing resources than the Company. Currently, no Oregon winery dominates the Oregon wine market. Several Oregon wineries, however, are older and better established and have greater label recognition than that of the Company.

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The Company believes that the principal competitive factors in the premium, super premium, and ultra-premium segment of the wine industry are product quality, price, label recognition, and product supply. The Company believes it competes favorably with respect to each of these factors. The Company has primarily received "Excellent" to "Recommended" reviews in tastings of its wines and believes its prices are competitive with other Oregon wineries. Larger scale production is necessary to satisfy retailers' and restaurants' demand and the Company believes that additional production capacity will be needed to meet estimated future demand. Furthermore, the Company believes that its estimated aggregate production capacity of 681,000 gallons (286,620 cases) per year at its Estate Vineyards and Tualatin Vineyard locations give it significant competitive advantages over most Oregon wineries in areas such as marketing, distribution arrangements, grape purchasing, and access to financing. The current production level of most Oregon wineries is generally much smaller than the estimated production capacity level of the Company's Wineries. With respect to label recognition, the Company believes that its unique structure as a publicly owned company will give it a significant advantage in gaining market share in Oregon, as well as penetrating other wine markets.

Governmental Regulation of the Wine Industry

The production and sale of wine is subject to extensive regulation by the U.S. Department of the Treasury, Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau and the Oregon Liquor Control Commission. The Company is licensed by and meets the bonding requirements of each of these governmental agencies. Sale of the Company's wine is subject to federal alcohol tax, payable at the time wine is removed from the bonded area of the Winery for shipment to customers or for sale in its tasting room.

In December 2017, the federal government passed comprehensive tax legislation which included the Craft Beverage Modernization and Tax Reform Act. This legislation modified federal alcohol tax rates by expanding the lower \$1.07 per gallon tax rate to wines up to 16.0% alcohol content with wines containing higher alcohol levels being taxed at \$1.57 per gallon. Additionally, the legislation provides for a \$1 credit per gallon for the first 30,000 gallons produced; \$0.90 for the next 100,000 gallons; and then \$0.535 for up to 750,000 gallons. These modifications were effective January 2020 and have since been made permanent.

The Company also pays the state of Oregon an excise tax of \$0.67 per gallon for wines with alcohol content at or below 14.0% and \$0.77 per gallon for wines with alcohol content above 14.0% on all wine sold in Oregon. In addition, most states in which the Company's wines are sold impose varying excise taxes on the sale of alcoholic beverages. As an agricultural processor, the Company is also regulated by the Oregon Department of Agriculture and, as a producer of wastewater, by the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality. The Company has secured all necessary permits to operate its business.

Prompted by growing government budget shortfalls and public reaction against alcohol abuse, government entities often consider legislation that could potentially affect the taxation of alcoholic beverages. Excise tax rates being considered are often substantial. The ultimate effects of such legislation, if passed, cannot be assessed accurately. Any increase in the taxes imposed on table wines can be expected to have a potentially adverse impact on overall sales of

such products. However, the impact may not be proportionate to that experienced by producers of other alcoholic beverages and may not be the same in every state.

Costs and Effects of Compliance with Local, State and Federal Environmental Laws

The Company management is strongly focused on environmental stewardship and maintains a variety of policies and processes designed to protect the environment, the public and consumers of its wine. Although much of the Company's expenses for protecting the environment are voluntary, the Company is regulated by various local, state and federal agencies regarding environmental laws. However, these regulatory costs and processes are effectively integrated into the Company's regular operations and consequently do not generally cause significant alternative processes or costs.

Employees

As of December 31, 2021 the Company had approximately 177 full-time employees and 89 part-time, on call or seasonal employees. In addition, the Company hires additional employees for seasonal work as required. The Company's employees are not represented by any collective bargaining unit. The Company believes it maintains positive relations with its employees.

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Additional Information

The Company files Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, and proxy statements with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The SEC maintains an internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers, including the Company, that file electronically with the SEC at www.sec.gov. You may learn more about the Company by visiting the Company's website at www.wvv.com. All of the reports we file with the SEC are available from this website. All websites referred to herein are inactive textual references only, meaning that the information contained in such websites is not incorporated by reference herein.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

The following disclosures should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. These disclosures are intended to discuss certain material risks of the Company's business as they appear to Management at this time. However, this list is not exhaustive. Other risks may, and likely will, arise from time to time.

Agricultural risks could adversely affect the Company

Winemaking and grape growing are subject to a variety of agricultural risks. Various diseases, pests, fungi, viruses, including Grapevine Red Blotch Disease (GRBV), drought, frost and certain other weather conditions can affect the quantity of grapes available to the Company, decreasing the supply of the Company's products and negatively impacting profitability. In particular, certain of the Company's vines are not resistant to phylloxera; accordingly, those vines are particularly at risk to the effects from an infestation of phylloxera. Phylloxera is a pest that attacks the rootstocks of wine grape plants. Vineyards in the United States, including some in Oregon and some owned by us, have been infested in recent years with phylloxera. In particular, Tualatin Estate Vineyards have phylloxera. There can be no assurance that the Company's existing vineyards, or the rootstocks the Company is now using in its planting programs, will not become susceptible to current or new strains of phylloxera or that the phylloxera present at the Tualatin Vineyards will not spread to our other vineyards. Pierce's Disease is a vine bacterial disease. It kills grapevines and there is no known cure. Small insects called Sharpshooters spread this disease. A new strain of the Sharpshooter was discovered in Southern California and is believed to be migrating north. The Company is actively supporting the efforts of the agricultural industry to control this pest and is making every reasonable effort to prevent an infestation in its own vineyards. The Company cannot, however, guarantee that it will succeed in preventing contamination in its vineyards. Additionally, any future government restrictions created in connection with government attempts to combat phylloxera, GRBV or other pests or viruses may increase vineyard costs and/or reduce production.

Our operations are susceptible to changing weather patterns and other environmental factors

Over the past several years, changing weather patterns and climatic conditions have added to the unpredictability and frequency of natural disasters, such as hail storms, wildfires and wind, snow and ice storms. Any such extreme weather condition could negatively impact the harvest of grapes at our vineyards and/or the other vineyards that supply us with grapes for our wine. In particular, Oregon's Willamette Valley has an unpredictable rainfall pattern particularly in early autumn. If significantly above-average rains occur just prior to the autumn grape harvest, the quality of harvested grapes is often materially diminished, thereby affecting that year's wine quality.

Additionally, long-term changes in weather patterns could adversely affect the Company, especially if such changes impacted the amount or quality of grapes harvested. We cannot anticipate changes in weather patterns/conditions, and we cannot predict their impact on our operations if they were to occur.

As weather patterns evolve, the Company's vineyards, and contracted vineyards, have become susceptible to potential smoke damage as a result of wildfires within the region. In extreme events, smoke can produce effects on grapes that make them unusable in the production of wine. The Company cannot predict smoke events or their potential impact were they to occur.

We may not be able to economically insure certain risks

The Company maintains insurance policies to cover certain risks. However not all risks can be insured, or insured economically, and there may be gaps in coverage that could expose the Company to liability should an event occur. Additionally, we cannot be certain that coverage levels are adequate or that all of our insurers will be financially viable if we make a claim.

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Loss of key employees could harm the Company's reputation and business

The Company's success depends to some degree upon the continued service of a number of key employees. The loss of the services of one or more of these key employees, including James W. Bernau, our President and Chief Executive Officer, John Ferry, our Chief Financial Officer and Christine Clair, our Winery Director could harm the Company and its reputation and negatively impact its profitability, particularly if one or more of the Company's key employees resigns to join a competitor or to form a competing company.

The Company's ability to operate requires adequate funding

The Company's cash flow from operations historically has not been sufficient to provide all funds necessary for the Company's operations. The Company has entered into a line of credit agreement to provide such funds and entered into term loan arrangements, the proceeds of which were used to acquire the Tualatin Winery and the Tualatin Vineyards, construct and remodel the Hospitality Center and pay down the Company's revolving line of credit. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to comply with all conditions under its credit facilities in the future or that the amount available under its line of credit facility or capital raises will be adequate for the Company's future needs. Failure to comply with all conditions of the credit facilities, or to have sufficient funds for operations could adversely affect the Company's results of operations and shareholder value.

As of December 31, 2021, the Company's outstanding long-term debt was approximately \$5.5 million but it did not have any outstanding borrowings under its lines of credit. Additionally, the Company had notes payable to private parties of approximately \$1.3 million as of December 31, 2021.

Costs of being a publicly-held company may put the Company at a competitive disadvantage

As a public company, the Company incurs substantial costs that are not incurred by its competitors that are privately-held. These compliance costs may result in the Company's wines being more expensive than those produced by its competitors and/or may reduce profitability compared to such competitors.

The Company faces significant competition which could adversely affect profitability

The wine industry is intensely competitive and highly fragmented. The Company's wines compete in several premium wine market segments with many other premium domestic and foreign wines, with imported wines coming from the Burgundy and Bordeaux regions of France, as well as Italy, Chile, Argentina, South Africa, New Zealand and Australia. The Company's wines also compete with popular priced generic wines and with other alcoholic and, to a lesser degree, non-alcoholic beverages, for shelf space in retail stores and for marketing focus by the Company's independent distributors, many of which carry extensive brand portfolios. A result of this intense competition has been and may continue to be upward pressure on the Company's selling and promotional expenses. In addition, the wine industry has experienced significant consolidation. Many of the Company's competitors have greater financial, technical, marketing and public relations resources than the Company does. In particular, wine production in the United States is dominated by large California wineries that have significantly greater resources than the Company. Additionally, greater worldwide label recognition and larger production levels give many of the Company's competitors certain unit cost advantages. Company sales may be harmed to the extent it is not able to compete successfully against such wine or alternative beverage producers' costs. There can be no assurance that in the future the Company will be able to successfully compete with its current competitors or that it will not face greater competition from other wineries and beverage manufacturers.

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The Willamette Valley American Viticultural Area ("AVA") value may be eroded by out of state competition who use it inappropriately or as fanciful marketing

Wine grape growing regions in the United States are divided into American Viticultural Areas (AVAs) by the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau ("TTB"), of the United States Department of the Treasury, based on distinguishable geographic features. The Oregon wine industry has historically embraced higher standards for wine production than those established by the federal government and other states. As a result, wines from Oregon AVA's, and specifically the Willamette Valley AVA, have achieved recognition for their quality against other wines in their class. As a result, these wines are often sold at a higher price point than wines not produced in Oregon. Because of this recognition, out of state competitors have used Oregon AVAs on bottles and packaging claiming its use as fanciful marketing. Such use, inappropriate or otherwise, could have a dilutive effect on the prestige of Oregon AVAs and ultimately the prices that can be charged for wines from Oregon AVAs as a result of reduced competitor quality and/or pricing.

The Company competes for shelf space in retail stores and for marketing focus by its independent distributors, most of whom carry extensive product portfolios

Nationwide, the Company sells its products primarily through independent distributors and brokers for resale to retail outlets, restaurants, hotels and private clubs across the United States and in some overseas markets. Sales to distributors are expected to continue to represent a substantial portion of the Company's net revenue in the future. A change in the relationship with any of the Company's significant distributors could harm the Company's business and reduce Company sales. The laws and regulations of several states prohibit changes of distributors, except under certain limited circumstances, making it difficult to terminate a distributor for poor performance without reasonable cause, as defined by applicable statutes. Any difficulty or inability to replace distributors, poor performance of the Company's major distributors or the Company's inability to collect accounts receivable from its major distributors could harm the Company's business. There can be no assurance that the distributors and retailers the Company uses will continue to purchase the Company's products or provide Company products with adequate levels of promotional support. Consolidation at the retail tier, among club and chain grocery stores in particular, can be expected to heighten competitive pressure to increase marketing and sales spending or constrain or reduce prices.

Loss of the "Willamette Valley Vineyards" and "Willamette" trademarks could adversely affect the Company's distinction within the AVA

The Company has long held the federal trademarks "Willamette Valley Vineyards" and "Willamette" as used in its wine brands. While it is lawful for wine producers meeting the federal and state requirements to list the American Viticultural Area "Willamette Valley" source of their wine grapes and wine on their labels, packaging and advertising materials, the Company has enforced its trademarks on any unauthorized use as a wine brand. These trademarks have

been challenged and, should the Company lose this challenge or future challenges, the Company could lose a competitive advantage.

Fluctuations in quantity and quality of grape supply could adversely affect the Company

A shortage in the supply of quality grapes may result from a variety of factors that determine the quality and quantity of the Company's grape supply, including weather conditions, pruning methods, diseases and pests, the ability to buy grapes on long and short term contracts and the number of vines producing grapes. Any shortage in the Company's grape production could cause a reduction in the amount of wine the Company is able to produce, which could reduce sales and adversely impact the Company's results from operations. Factors that reduce the quantity of the Company's grapes may also reduce their quality, which in turn could reduce the quality or amount of wine the Company produces. Deterioration in the quality of the Company's wines could harm its brand name and could reduce sales and adversely impact the Company's results of operations.

Contamination of the Company's wines would harm the Company's business

The Company is subject to certain hazards and product liability risks, such as potential contamination, through tampering or otherwise, of ingredients or products. Contamination of any of the Company's wines could cause it to destroy its wine held in inventory and could cause the need for a product recall, which could significantly damage the Company's reputation for product quality. The Company maintains insurance against certain of these kinds of risks, and others, under various insurance policies. However, the insurance may not be adequate or may not continue to be available at a price or on terms that are satisfactory to the Company and this insurance may not be adequate to cover any resulting liability.

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A reduction in consumer demand for premium wines could harm the Company's business

There have been periods in the past in which there were substantial declines in the overall per capita consumption of beverage alcohol products in the United States and other markets in which the Company participates. A limited or general decline in consumption in one or more of the Company's product categories could occur in the future due to a variety of factors, including: a general decline in economic conditions; increased concern about the health consequences of consuming alcoholic beverage products and about drinking and driving; a trend toward a healthier diet including lighter, lower calorie beverages such as diet soft drinks, juices and water products; the increased activity of anti-alcohol consumer groups; and increased federal, state or foreign excise and other taxes on beverage alcohol products. The competitive position of the Company's products could also be affected adversely by any failure to achieve consistent, reliable quality in the product or service levels to customers.

Changes in consumer spending could have a negative impact on the Company's financial condition and business results

Wine sales depend upon a number of factors related to the level of consumer spending, including the general state of the economy, federal and state income tax rates, deductibility of business entertainment expenses under federal and state tax laws, and consumer confidence in future economic conditions. Changes in consumer spending in these and other regions can affect both the quantity and the price of wines that customers are willing to purchase at restaurants or through retail outlets. Reduced consumer confidence and spending may result in reduced demand for the Company's products, limitations on the Company's ability to increase prices and increased levels of selling and promotional expenses. This, in turn, may have a considerable negative impact upon the Company's sales and profit margins.

Increased regulation and/or taxation could adversely affect the Company

The wine industry is subject to extensive regulation by the Federal Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau ("TTB") and various foreign agencies, state liquor authorities, such as the Oregon Liquor Control Commission ("OLCC"), and local authorities. These regulations and laws dictate such matters as licensing requirements, trade and pricing practices, permitted distribution channels, permitted and required labeling, and advertising and relations with wholesalers and retailers. Any expansion of the Company's existing facilities or development of new vineyards or wineries may be limited by present and future zoning ordinances, environmental restrictions and other legal

requirements. In addition, new regulations or requirements or increases in excise taxes, income taxes, property and sales taxes or international tariffs, could negatively affect the Company's financial condition or results of operations. Recently, many states have considered proposals to increase, and some of these states have increased, state alcohol excise taxes. Additionally, many states have revised, or are revising, statutes that broaden the definition of nexus to increase tax revenue from out of state businesses.

New or revised regulations, or increased licensing fees, requirements or taxes could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations. There can be no assurance that new or revised regulations, taxes or increased licensing fees and requirements will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and its results of operations and its cash flows.

The Company's common stock is thinly traded, and therefore not as liquid as other investments.

The trading volume of the Company's common stock on NASDAQ is consistently "thin," in that there is not a great deal of trading activity on a daily basis. Because the average active trading volume is thin, there is less opportunity for shareholders to sell their shares of the Company's common stock on the open market, resulting in the common stock being less liquid than common stock in other publicly traded companies.

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The Company may face liabilities associated with the offer and sale of our preferred stock.

In August 2015, the Company commenced a public offering of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock pursuant to a registration statement filed with the SEC. The Company registered this transaction with the securities authorities of the States of Oregon and Washington and, in November 2015, achieved listing status on NASDAQ under the trading symbol WVVIP. The terms of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock are unusual for a company of our size, and we believe the structure of these securities and of the offering are not commonplace among issuers of any type. Federal and state securities laws impose significant liabilities on issuers of securities if the related offering documents contain material misstatements of fact, or if the documents omit to state facts necessary, in light of the circumstances as a whole, to prevent the documents from being misleading. These liabilities can include rescission liability to the purchasers of the securities, as well as potential enforcement liability that could give rise to civil money penalties. Securities litigation can be extraordinarily expensive and protracted, and if we are accused of misstatements or omissions in our offering documents, we may face economic harms and management distractions regardless of the ultimate outcome of any such litigation. Further, if we ultimately are adjudged to have actually made a material misstatement or omission, the Company may be liable for the repayment of the purchase price of the related securities, plus interest from the date of purchase. Any one or more of these events or circumstances would have a material adverse impact upon our business, financial condition or results of operations, and may make it more difficult or more expensive to undertake capital-raising efforts in the future.

The Company may be unable to pay accumulated dividends on its Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock.

The Company's Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock bears a cumulative 5.3% dividend based upon the original issue price, or \$0.22 per share per annum. However, prior to the declaration and payment of dividends our board of directors must determine, among other things, that funds are available out of the surplus of the Company and that the payment would not render us insolvent or compromise our ability to pay our obligations as they come due in the ordinary course of business. Additionally, our existing credit facility limits, and future debt obligations in the future may limit, both our legal and our practical ability to declare and pay dividends. As a result, although the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will continue to earn a right to receive dividends, the Company's ability to pay dividends will depend, among other things, upon our ability to generate excess cash. However, although shares of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock will earn cumulative dividends, unpaid dividends will not, themselves, accumulate (as might compounding interest on a debt security, for example).

As the Company's sales revenues are dependent in part upon the purchases made by and continued goodwill with its holders of Preferred Stock, any failure to pay dividends timely could adversely effect the Company's sales. Additionally, as the Company focuses its issuance of Preferred Stock to wine enthusiasts likely to purchase the Company's wines, any failure by the Management to successfully target its stock sales could diminish the opportunity

to maximize earnings and offset the administrative, regulatory and legal costs of this form of capital formation through Preferred Stockholder wine purchases.

The issuance of additional shares of our preferred stock or common stock in the future could adversely affect holders of common stock.

The market price of our common stock may be influenced by any preferred stock we may issue. Our board of directors is authorized to issue additional classes or series of preferred stock without any action on the part of our stockholders. This includes the power to set the terms of any such classes or series of preferred stock that may be issued, including voting rights, dividend rights and preferences over common stock with respect to the liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the business and other terms. If we issue preferred stock in the future that has preference over our common stock with respect to liquidation, dissolution or winding up, or if we issue preferred stock with voting rights that dilute the voting power of our common stock, the rights of holders of the common stock or the market price of the common stock could be adversely affected.

Failures or security breaches of our information technology systems could disrupt our operations and negatively impact our business.

We use information technologies to manage our operations and various business functions. We rely on various technologies to process, store and report on our business and to communicate electronically between our facilities, personnel, customers and suppliers as well as for administrative functions and many of such technology systems are independent on one another for their functionality. We also use information technologies to process financial information and results of operations for internal reporting purposes and to comply with regulatory, legal and tax requirements. We rely on third party providers for some of these information technologies and support. Our ability to effectively manage our business and coordinate the production, distribution and sale of our products is highly dependent on our technology systems. Despite our security design and controls and other operational safeguards, and those of our third party providers, our information technology systems may be vulnerable to a variety of interruptions, including during the process of upgrading or replacing hardware, software, databases or components thereof, natural disasters, terrorist attacks, telecommunications failures, computer viruses, cyber-attacks, hackers, unauthorized access attempts and other security issues or may be breached due to employee error, malfeasance or other disruptions. Any such interruption or breach could result in operational disruptions or the misappropriation of sensitive data that could subject us to civil and criminal penalties, litigation or have a negative impact on our reputation. There can be no assurance that such disruptions or misappropriations and the resulting repercussions will not negatively impact our cash flows and materially affect our results of operations or financial condition.

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In addition, many of our information technology systems, such as those we use for administrative functions, including human resources, payroll, accounting and internal and external communications, as well as the information technology systems of our third-party business partners and service providers, whether cloud-based or hosted in proprietary servers, contain personal, financial or other information that is entrusted to us by our customers and personnel. Many of our information technology systems also contain proprietary and other confidential information related to our business, such as business plans and research and development initiatives. To the extent we or a third party were to experience a material breach of our or such third party's information technology systems that result in the unauthorized access, theft, use, destruction or other compromises of our customers' or personnel's data or confidential information stored in such systems, including through cyber-attacks or other external or internal methods could result in a violation of applicable privacy and other laws, and subject us to litigation and governmental investigations and proceedings, any of which could result in our exposure to material liability.

The provisions in our articles of incorporation, our by-laws and Oregon law could delay or deter tender offers or takeover attempts that may offer a premium for our common stock.

Certain provisions in our articles of incorporation, our by-laws and Oregon law could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire control of us, even if that transaction could be beneficial to stockholders. These impediments include, but are not limited to; the classification of our Board of Directors (the "Board") into three classes serving staggered three-year terms, which makes it more difficult to quickly replace Board members; the ability of our Board, subject to certain limitations under the rules of the NASDAQ Stock Market, to issue shares of preferred stock with rights as it

deems appropriate without stockholder approval; a provision that special meetings of our Board may be called only by our chief executive officer or at the request of holders of not less than half of all outstanding shares of our common stock; a provision that any member of the Board, or the entire Board, may be removed from office only for cause; and a provision that our stockholders comply with advance-notice provisions to bring director nominations or other matters before meetings of our stockholders. The Board may implement other changes that further limit the potential for tender offers or takeover attempts.

The COVID-19 pandemic could adversely affect our financial results, operations and outlook for an extended period of time.

The COVID-19 pandemic has been declared a National Public Health Emergency in the United States, and on March 8, 2020, Oregon Governor Kate Brown declared a state of emergency to address the spread of COVID-19 in Oregon. The outbreak in Oregon and other parts of the United States, as well as the response to COVID-19 by federal, state and local governments could have a continued material adverse impact on economic and market conditions in the United States, which may negatively affect our business and operations. Although the administration of vaccines in Oregon and throughout the United States contributed to the lifting of most restrictive measures, there remains ongoing uncertainty about the impact of COVID-19 variations on infection levels. The re-emergence of significant increases in infection rates could result in governments re-imposing restrictive measures that could reduce or impair economic activity. Consequently, the COVID-19 pandemic and the government responses to the outbreak presents continued uncertainty and risk with respect to the Company and its performance and financial results.

We have not yet experienced significant disruptions to our supply chain network; however, any future restrictions imposed by our local or state governments may have a negative impact on our future direct to consumer sales. In response to the previous closure of, and capacity restrictions in, our tasting rooms, the Company launched curbside pick-ups, and complimentary shipping specials with minimum purchase, which were able to more than offset the expected declines in direct to consumer sales.

Additionally, the demand for the Company's wine sold directly or through distributors to restaurants, bars, and other hospitality locations could be reduced in the near-term due to the re-imposition of orders from state and local governments restricting consumers from visiting, as well as in some cases the temporary closure of such establishments.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

Vineyards – The Company owns or leases 1,018 acres of land, of which 704 acres is owned and 314 acres leased. Of the 1,018 acres of land owned or leased, 504 acres are productive vineyards, 297 acres are pre-productive vineyards or are suitable for future vineyard plantings, and 217 acres are not suitable for vineyard planting or are used or reserved for winery or hospitality purposes. See Item 1 Business - Vineyards, of this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the locations of each of the Company's vineyards (both owned and leased) and other information pertaining to the production capacity, harvest totals and other important characteristics of each such vineyard.

Wine production facility – We believe the Company's Estate Winery and production facilities are capable of efficiently producing up to 258,620 cases (615,000 gallons) of wine per year, depending on the type of wine produced. In 2021, the Winery produced approximately 206,954 cases (492,043 gallons) from its 2019 and 2020 harvest. The Winery is 12,784 square feet in size and contains areas for processing, fermenting, aging and bottling wine, as well as an underground wine cellar, meeting rooms, and administrative offices. There is a 12,500 square foot outside production area for harvesting, pressing and fermenting wine grapes. The Company also has a 23,000 square foot storage building to store its inventory of bottled product. The production area is equipped with a settling tank and sprinkler system for disposing of wastewater from the production process in compliance with environmental regulations. The Hospitality Center located as the Company's Estate Winery is a large 35,642 square foot tasting and hospitality facility. The Hospitality Center sits above the underground barrel cellar and tunnel that connects with the Winery. The facility

includes a basement cellar, tunnel and barrel room of 11,090 square feet used to store up to 1,800 barrels of wine for aging in the proper environment.

The Company owned Tualatin Estate Winery has 20,000 square feet of production capacity. This adds approximately 28,000 cases (66,000 gallons) of wine production capacity to the Company. The production capacity at the Tualatin Estate Winery is not currently used but is available to the Company to meet future production needs. The storage capacity at the Tualatin Estate Winery is periodically used to store excess bulk wine. Additionally, the Company operates a small retail store and tasting room at the Tualatin Estate Winery.

The Company carries Property and Liability insurance coverage in amounts deemed adequate by Management.

See additional discussion of vineyard and wine production facility under Item 1. Business.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Although the Company from time to time may be involved with disputes, claims and litigation related to the conduct of its business, there are no material legal proceedings pending to which the Company is a party or to which any of its property is subject, and the Company's management does not know of any such action being contemplated.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

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PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Market Information

The Company's common stock is traded on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbol "WVVI."

Holders

As of December 31, 2021, the Company had approximately 2,146 common stock shareholders of record. As some of our shares of common stock are held in "street name" by brokers on behalf of shareholders, we are unable to estimate the total number of beneficial holders of our common stock represented by these record holders.

Dividends

The Company has paid dividends on the Preferred Stock. The Company has not paid any dividends on its Common Stock, and the Company does not anticipate paying any dividends in the foreseeable future. The Company intends to use its earnings to expand its vineyards, winemaking and customer service facilities.

Equity Compensation Plans

The Company had no equity compensation plan pursuant to which equity awards could be granted and no outstanding options or other equity awards as of December 31, 2021.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

None.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

None.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

Not required.

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations should be read in conjunction with the Company's financial statements and related notes. Some statements and information contained in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations are not historical facts but are forward-looking statements. For a discussion of these forward-looking statements, and of important factors that could cause results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in this report, see Item 1 of Part I, "Business – Forward-Looking Statements."

While our significant accounting policies are described in more detail in Note 1 to our audited financial statements, we believe the following accounting policies are those most critical to the judgements and estimates used in the preparation of our financial statements.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations discusses Willamette Valley Vineyards' financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. As such, management is required to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that are believed to be reasonable based upon the information available. On an on-going basis, management evaluates its estimates and judgments, including those related to product returns, bad debts, inventories, leases, investments, income taxes, financing operations, and contingencies and litigation. Management bases its estimates and judgments on historical experience and on various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Revenue - The Company's principal sources of revenue are derived from direct sales and sales through distributors of wine. Distributor sales are recognized from wine sales at the time of shipment and passage of title. The Company's payment arrangements with wholesalers provide primarily 30-day terms and, to a limited extent, 45-day, 60-day or longer terms for some international wholesalers. Direct sales from items sold through the Company's retail locations are recognized at the time of sale.

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The Company pays depletion allowances to the Company's distributors based on their sales to their customers. The Company sets these allowances on a monthly basis and the Company's distributors bill them back on a monthly basis. All depletion expenses associated with a given month are recognized in that month as a reduction of revenues. The Company also reimburses for samples used by distributors up to 1.5% of product sold to the distributors. Sample expenses are recognized at the time the Company is billed by the distributor as a selling, general and administrative expense.

Amounts paid by customers to the Company for shipping and handling expenses are included in the net revenue. Expenses incurred for outbound shipping and handling charges are included in selling, general and administrative expense.

Inventory - The Company values inventories at the lower of actual cost to produce the inventory or net realizable value. The Company regularly reviews inventory quantities on hand and adjusts its production requirements for the next twelve months based on estimated forecasts of product demand. A significant decrease in demand could result in an increase in the amount of excess inventory quantities on hand. In the future, if the Company's inventory cost is determined to be greater than the net realizable value of the inventory upon sale, the Company would be required to recognize such excess costs in its cost of goods sold at the time of such determination. Therefore, although the

Company makes every effort to ensure the accuracy of its forecasts of future product demand, any significant unanticipated changes in demand could have a significant impact on the ultimate selling price and cases sold and, therefore, the carrying value of the Company's inventory and its reported operating results.

Additionally, the Company regularly evaluates inventory for obsolescence and marketability and if it determines that the inventory is obsolete, or no longer suitable for use or marketable, the cost of that inventory is recognized in cost of sales at the time of such determination.

Vineyard Development - The Company capitalizes internal vineyard development costs prior to the vineyard land becoming fully productive. These costs consist primarily of the costs of the vines and expenditures related to labor and materials to prepare the land and construct vine trellises. Amortization of such costs as annual crop costs is done on a straight-line basis for the estimated economic useful life of the vineyard, which is estimated to be 30 years. The Company regularly evaluates the recoverability of capitalized costs. Amortization of vineyard development costs are included in capitalized crop costs that in turn are included in inventory costs and ultimately become a component of cost of goods sold.

Income Taxes – The Company accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability approach. This requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial statement and the tax basis of assets and liabilities at the applicable tax rates. The Company evaluates deferred tax assets, and records a valuation allowance against those assets, if available evidence suggests that some of those assets will not be realized.

The effect of uncertain tax positions would be recorded in the financial statements only after determining a more likely than not probability that the uncertain tax positions would withstand an examination by tax authorities based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefit to be recognized is measured as the largest amount of benefit that is greater than fifty percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. As facts and circumstances change, management reassesses these probabilities and would record any changes in the financial statements as appropriate.

Overview

The Company generates revenue from the sales of wine to wholesalers and direct to consumers. The Company is experiencing increased levels of competition in traditional wholesale to retail grocery distribution from large California based wineries that are acquiring, producing and marketing Oregon branded wines. Direct to consumer sales primarily include sales through the Company's tasting rooms and wine club. Direct to consumer sales provide a higher gross profit to the Company due to prices received being closer to retail than those prices paid by wholesalers. The Company continues to emphasize growth in direct to consumer sales through use of the Hospitality Center, opening new tasting rooms and growth in wine club membership. The Company had 8,625 wine club memberships for the year ended December 31, 2021, a net increase of 752 when compared to 2020. Additionally, the Company's preferred stock sales since August 2015 have resulted in approximately 9,400 preferred stockholders many of which the Company believes are wine enthusiasts. When considering joint ownership, we believe these new shareholders represent approximately 14,000 potential customers of the Company. The Company also has approximately 2,200 common shareholders which we believe represent an estimated 3,300 potential customers when considering joint ownership. Additionally, the Company has made a significant investment in developing alternative wine brands, products, direct sales methods and venues.

Periodically, the Company will sell grapes or bulk wine, which primarily consists of inventory that does not meet Company standards or is in excess to production targets. However, this activity is not a significant part of the Company's activities.

The Company sold approximately 203,817 and 180,850 cases of produced wine during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, an increase of 22,967 cases, or 12.7% in the current year over the prior year. The increase in case sales was primarily the result of increased shipments to distributors and higher direct sales in 2021 when compared to 2020.

Cost of Sales includes grape costs, whether purchased or grown at Company vineyards, crush costs, winemaking and processing costs, bottling, packaging, warehousing and shipping and handling costs associated with purchased production materials. For grapes grown at Company vineyards, costs include farming expenditures and amortization of vineyard development costs.

At December 31, 2021, wine inventory included approximately 101,627 cases of bottled wine and 502,755 gallons of bulk wine in various stages of the aging process. Case wine is expected to be sold over the next 12 to 24 months and generally before the release date of the next vintage. The Winery bottled approximately 206,954 cases during the year ended December 31, 2021.

Impact of COVID-19 on Operations

The COVID-19 pandemic has been declared a National Public Health Emergency in the United States, and on March 8, 2020, Oregon Governor Kate Brown declared a state of emergency to address the spread of COVID-19 in Oregon. The outbreak in Oregon and other parts of the United States, as well as the response to COVID-19 by federal, state and local governments could have a continued material adverse impact on economic and market conditions in the United States, which may negatively affect our business and operations. Although the administration of vaccines in Oregon and throughout the United States contributed to the lifting of most restrictive measures, there remains ongoing uncertainty about the impact of COVID-19 variations on infection levels. The re-emergence of significant increases in infection rates could result in governments re-imposing restrictive measures that could reduce or impair economic activity. Consequently, the COVID-19 pandemic and the government responses to the outbreak presents continued uncertainty and risk with respect to the Company and its performance and financial results.

We have not yet experienced significant disruptions to our supply chain network; however, any future restrictions imposed by our local or state governments may have a negative impact on our future direct to consumer sales. In response to the previous closure of, and capacity restrictions in, our tasting rooms, the Company launched curbside pick-ups, and complimentary shipping specials with minimum purchase, which were able to more than offset the expected declines in direct to consumer sales.

Additionally, the demand for the Company's wine sold directly or through distributors to restaurants, bars, and other hospitality locations could be reduced in the near-term due to the re-imposition of orders from state and local governments restricting consumers from visiting, as well as in some cases the temporary closure of such establishments.

The extent of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's business is highly uncertain and difficult to predict, as the response to the pandemic, and in particular the response to the COVID-19 variants that have emerged, is continuing to evolve. The severity of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's business will depend on a number of factors, including, but not limited to, the duration and severity of the pandemic and the extent and severity of the impact on the Company's customers, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted.

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Results of Operations

2021 compared to 2020

Net income was \$2,445,463 and \$3,394,996, for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, a decrease of \$949,533, or 28.0%, for the year ended December 31, 2021 over the prior year period. The primary reason for this decrease was higher operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2021, compared to the previous year.

Net income applicable to common shareholders was \$1,001,180 and \$2,278,618, for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, a decrease of \$1,277,438, or 56.1%, for the year ended December 31, 2021 over the prior year period. This decrease was primarily driven by lower net income and higher preferred stock dividends.

The Company had net sales revenues of \$31,786,864 and \$27,314,852 for the years December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, an increase of \$4,472,012 or 16.4%, for the year ended December 31, 2021 over the prior year period.

primarily as a result of an increase in revenue from direct sales of \$2,739,589 or 26.0% in 2021 compared to 2020, combined with an increase in revenue from sales to distributors of \$1,732,423 or 10.3% in 2021 compared to 2020.

The Company has three primary sales channels: direct-to-consumer retail sales, in-state sales to distributors, and out-of-state sales to distributors. During 2021, revenues from retail sales increased 26.0%, revenues from in-state sales decreased 12.7%, and revenues from out-of-state sales increased 25.0%, compared to 2020.

Direct sales included \$103,471 and \$103,958 of bulk wine and grape sales in the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and represented approximately 41.7% and 38.6% of the Company's total net revenue for 2021 and 2020, respectively, while the Company's remaining revenues came from sales through distributors.

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the Company's revenue, excluding excise taxes, from the Winery's operations for the twelve months ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	Twelve months ended	
	December 31,	
	2021	2020
Retail sales	\$13,306,156	\$10,560,913
In-state sales	5,824,130	6,671,743
Out-of-state sales	12,937,605	10,350,708
Bulk wine/miscellaneous sales	103,471	103,958
Total revenue	32,171,362	27,687,322
Less excise taxes	(384,498)	(372,470)
Sales, net	\$31,786,864	\$27,314,852

Retail sales revenues for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$13,306,156 and \$10,560,913, respectively, an increase of \$2,745,243, or 26.0%, for the year ended December 31, 2021 over the prior year period. The increase in retail sales revenues in 2021 compared to 2020 was mostly a result of increased revenues from our brand ambassador program and increased wine club sales and sales made over the internet as well as higher tasting room sales.

Bulk Wine/miscellaneous sales revenues for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$103,471 and \$103,958, respectively, a decrease of \$487 or, 0.5%, for the year ended December 31, 2021, over the prior year period.

In-state sales revenues for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$5,824,130 and \$6,671,743, respectively, a decrease of \$847,163, or 12.7%, for the year ended December 31, 2021 over the prior year period. Management believes this decrease is primarily due to less product being available to sell at the end of 2021.

Out-of-state sales revenues for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$12,937,605 and \$10,350,708, respectively, an increase of \$2,586,897, or 25.0%. Management believes this increase is related to increased sales and promotion efforts in 2021.

The Company pays alcohol excise taxes to both the OLCC and to the TTB. These taxes are based on product sales volumes. The Company is liable for the taxes upon the removal of product from the Company's warehouse on a per gallon basis. The Company also pays taxes on the grape harvest on a per ton basis to the OLCC for the Oregon Wine Board. The Company's excise related taxes for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$384,498 and \$372,470, an increase of \$12,028, for the year ended December 31, 2021 over the prior year period. This increase was due primarily to increased wine sales revenues in 2021 and the timing of removals.

Cost of Sales was \$13,121,191 and \$10,585,076 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, an increase of \$2,536,115, or 24.0%, for the year ended December 31, 2021, over the prior year period. This change was primarily the result of an increase in sales in 2021.

Gross profit was \$18,665,673 and \$16,729,776 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, an increase of \$1,935,897, or 11.6%, for the year ended December 31, 2021 over the prior year period. This increase was generally driven by an increase in sales revenues partially offset by a higher cost of sales.

The gross margin percentage was 58.7% and 61.2% for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, a decrease of 2.5 percentage points, for the year ended December 31, 2021 over the prior year period. This decrease in the gross profit percentage was primarily the result of an overall decrease in per case margins mostly due to the release of wines in 2021 from vintages produced from higher product costs such as the 2020 vintage.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$14,975,654 and \$11,728,003 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, an increase of \$3,247,651, or 27.7%, for the year ended December 31, 2021 over the prior year period. This increase was mainly the result of increased selling expenses with tasting rooms being open for more days in 2021 and shipping, packaging and administrative cost increases associated with efforts to increase sales and accommodate and develop retail growth and new operations.

Income from operations was \$3,690,019 and \$5,001,773 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, a decrease of \$1,311,754, or 26.2%, for the year ended December 31, 2021 compared to the prior year period. The primary reason for this increase was higher cost of sales and higher selling and administrative expenses as a percentage of sales.

Interest income was \$12,412 and \$21,022 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, a decrease of \$8,610. Interest expense was \$391,272 and \$414,061 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, a decrease of \$22,789, or 5.5%, for the year ended December 31, 2021 over the prior year period. The decrease in interest expense was mainly due to the decrease in loan balances in 2021 compared to the previous year.

Other income, net, was \$155,183 and \$165,916 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, a decrease of \$10,733, or 6.5%, for the year ended December 31, 2021 over the prior year period.

Provision for income taxes was \$1,020,879 and \$1,379,654 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, a decrease of \$358,775, or 26.0%, for the year ended December 31, 2021 over the prior year period. This decrease in income taxes in 2021 compared to 2020 was primarily the result of lower income from operations in 2021.

Income per common share after preferred dividends was \$0.20 and \$0.46 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, a decrease of \$0.26, or 56.6%, for the year ended December 31, 2021 over the prior year period. The primary reason for this decrease is a decrease in net income in 2021 compared to 2020.

The Company had cash balances of \$13,747,285 at December 31, 2021, and \$13,999,755 at December 31, 2020. The Company had no outstanding line of credit balances at December 31, 2021 or 2020.

EBITDA

In 2021, the Company's earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") decreased 16.9% to \$5,797,295 from \$6,980,083 in 2020, primarily as a result of a decrease in net income.

EBITDA does not reflect the impact of a number of items that affect our net income, including financing costs. EBITDA is not a measure of financial performance under the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, referred to as "GAAP", and should not be considered as an alternative to net income or income from operations as a measure of performance, nor as an alternative to net cash from operating activities as a measure of liquidity. We use EBITDA as a benchmark measurement of our own operating results and as a benchmark relative to our competitors. We consider it to be a meaningful supplement to operating income as a performance measure primarily because depreciation and amortization expense are not actual cash costs, and depreciation expense varies widely from company to company in a manner that we consider largely independent of the underlying cost efficiency of our operating facilities.

EBITDA has significant limitations as an analytical tool, and should not be considered in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our GAAP results as reported. Because of these limitations, EBITDA should only be considered as a supplemental performance measure and should not be considered as a measure of liquidity or cash available to us to invest in the growth of our business. See the Statement of Cash Flows set out in our consolidated financial statements included herein.

The following table provides a reconciliation of net income (the most comparable GAAP measure) to EBITDA for the periods indicated:

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2021	2020
Net Income	\$2,445,463	\$3,394,996
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,952,093	1,812,394
Interest Expense	391,272	414,061
Interest Income	(12,412)	(21,022)
Income tax expense	1,020,879	1,379,654
EBITDA	\$5,797,295	\$6,980,083

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Sales

Wine case sales for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 and ending inventory amounts for the year ended December 31, 2021, are shown on the following table:

	Cases Sold	Cases Sold	Cases On-Hand
Varietal/Product	2021	2020	December 31, 2021
Pinot Noir/Estate	17,414	15,801	13,048
Pinot Noir/Barrel Select	13,928	17,522	2,645

Pinot Noir/Founders Reserve	3,895	2,613	2,661
Pinot Noir/Special Designates	10,384	6,603	14,854
Pinot Noir/Whole Cluster	59,683	51,387	7,375
Pinot Gris	32,991	33,448	5,746
Riesling	22,843	22,763	11,561
Chardonnay	5,831	3,912	5,549
Other	36,848	26,801	38,187
Total	203,817	180,850	101,627

Approximately 52% of the Company's case sales during 2021 were of the Company's flagship varietal, Pinot Noir. Case sales of Pinot Gris and Riesling follow with approximately 16% and 11% of case sales each, respectively. The Company sold approximately 203,817 and 180,850 cases of Company-produced wine during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. This represents an increase of approximately 22,967 cases, or 12.7% in 2021 compared to 2020. This increase in case sales in 2021 compared to 2020 was primarily the result of increased shipments through the wine club, internet and telephone sales as well as distributors.

The Company has three primary sales channels: direct-to-consumer sales, in-state sales to distributors, and out-of-state sales to distributors. These three sales channels represent 41.7%, 18.1% and 40.2%, of net sales for the year ended December 31, 2021, respectively. This compares to 38.6%, 24.0% and 37.4% of net sales for the year ended December 31, 2020, respectively. Miscellaneous and grape sales are included in direct-to-consumer sales.

The Company's direct-to-consumer sales and national sales to distributors offer comparable products to customers and utilize similar processes and share resources for production, selling and distribution. Direct-to-consumer sales generate a higher gross profit margin than national sales to distributors due to differentiated pricing between these segments.

Wine Inventory

The Company had approximately 101,627 cases of bottled wine on-hand at the end of 2021. Management believes sufficient bulk wine inventory is on-hand to bottle approximately 211,419 cases of wine in 2022 and that sufficient stock is on hand to meet current demand levels until the 2021 vintage becomes available.

Production Capacity

Current production volumes are within the current production capacity constraints of the Winery when including storage capacity at the Tualatin Winery and utilization of temporary storage when appropriate. In 2021, approximately 206,954 cases were produced. The Winery has capacity to store and process about 258,620 cases of wine per year at the Estate Winery but can expand that capacity by utilizing storage at the Tualatin Winery as well as temporary storage. Management continues to invest in new production technologies intended to increase the efficiency and quality of wine production. During 2021, the Company did not choose to utilize the wine production facilities at the Tualatin Winery but did utilize it for wine storage. The Tualatin Winery has capacity to produce approximately 28,000 cases of wine. The facility is maintained in good condition. Management intends to fully utilize the production capacity at the Estate Winery before expanding into the Tualatin Winery.

Grape Supply

For the 2021 and 2020 vintages, the Company grew approximately 50% and 41% of all grapes harvested, respectively. The remaining grapes harvested were purchased from other growers. In 2021 and 2020, 30% and 50% of grapes harvested were purchased under short-term contracts, and 19% and 9% of grapes harvested were purchased under long-term contracts, respectively. The Company considers short-term contracts to be for single vintage years and long-term contracts to cover multiple vintage years.

Grapes are typically harvested and received in September and October of the vintage year. Upon receipt, the grapes are weighed, and a quality analysis is performed to ensure the grapes meet the standards set forth in the purchase contract. Based on the quantity of qualifying grapes received, the full amount payable to the grower is recorded to the grapes payable liability account. Approximately 50% of the grapes payable amount is due in November of the vintage year. The remaining amount is due in March of the following year. The grapes are processed into wine, which is typically bottled and available for sale between five months and two years from date of harvest.

The Company received \$1,166,116 and \$220,650 worth of grapes from long-term contracts during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The Company received \$1,762,283 and \$3,339,460 worth of grapes from short-term contracts during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Total grapes payable was \$1,388,601 and \$1,307,165 as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Grapes payable includes \$538,677 and \$126,024 of grapes payable from long-term contracts as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The Company plans to address long-term grape supply needs by developing new vineyards on properties currently owned or secured by lease. The Company has approximately 46 acres of vineyards that have been planted but are in the pre-productive stage. We anticipate that these vineyards will begin producing grapes within the next one to three years. The Company has approximately 251 acres of land that is suitable for future vineyard development. Management currently has plans to plant approximately 42 acres in 2022, which we anticipate will begin producing grapes in 2026. Additionally, the Company intends to seek out opportunities to acquire land for future grape plantings in order to continue to increase available quantities, maintain control over farming practices, more effectively manage grape costs and mitigate uncertainty associated with long-term contracts.

Wine Quality

Continued awareness of the Willamette Valley Vineyards brand and the quality of its wines was enhanced by national and regional media coverage throughout 2021 including the accolades below.

Wine Enthusiast awarded the Company's 2020 Whole Cluster Pinot Noir with 91 points and Editors' Choice, 2020 Whole Cluster Rosé of Pinot Noir with 90 points, 2019 Founders' Reserve Pinot Noir with 90 points, 2020 Riesling with 90 points and Best Buy, 2018 Pambrun Merlot with 91 points and Cellar Selection, 2018 Pambrun Cabernet Sauvignon with 90 points, 2018 Pambrun Chrysologue with 90 points, 2018 Metis with 91 points and Editors' Choice, 2019 Maison Bleue Voyageur Syrah with 91 points, 2018 Maison Bleue Frontiere Syrah with 91 points and 2018 Maison Bleue Graviere Syrah with 90 points.

Wine & Spirits awarded the Company's 2019 Estate Chardonnay with 90 points, 2018 Dijon Clone Chardonnay with 90 points and 2017 Bernau Estate Brut with 92 points and "Year's Best" for the United States Sparkling category.

James Suckling awarded the Company's 2018 Elton Pinot Noir with 93 points, 2018 Fuller Pinot Noir with 93 points, 2018 Estate Pinot Noir with 91 points, 2018 Tualatin Estate Pinot Noir with 91 points, 2018 O'Brien Pinot Noir with 91 points and 2018 Bernau Block Pinot Noir with 90 points.

The International Wine Report awarded the Company's 2018 Bernau Block Pinot Noir with 90 points, 2019 Estate Pinot Noir with 90 points, 2019 Estate Chardonnay with 91 points and Estate Rose of Pinot Noir with 91 points.

The Wine Panel awarded the Company's 2019 Estate Pinot Noir with 91 points, 2020 Pinot Gris with 93 points, 2019 White Pinot Noir with 90 points and 2019 Dijon Clone Pinot Noir with 90 points.

The Company's 2018 Estate Pinot Noir and 2020 Pinot Gris were both awarded gold medals and 91 points from the 2021 Sunset International Wine Competition.

The Company's Estate Pinot Noir, Whole Cluster Pinot Noir, Whole Cluster Rosé of Pinot Noir, Pinot Gris and Méthode Champenoise Brut were featured in various episodes of Season 18 of Bravo's *Top Chef*, and the season finale was hosted at the Company's Estate in the Salem Hills.

Seasonality

The Company has historically experienced and expects to continue to experience seasonal fluctuations in its revenue and net income. Typically, first quarter sales are the lowest of any given year, and sales volumes increase progressively through the fourth quarter mostly because of consumer buying habits.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At December 31, 2021, the Company had a working capital balance of \$24.5 million and a current ratio of 3.05:1. The Company had cash balances of \$13,747,285, at December 31, 2021.

Total cash provided from operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$2,572,708, which resulted primarily from cash provided by net income combined with increased non-cash operating expenses, such as depreciation and unearned revenue, being partially offset by cash used in connection with increased inventory and accounts receivable.

Total cash used in investing activities for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$10,301,395, which primarily consisted of cash used on construction activity and vineyard development costs.

Total cash provided from financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$7,476,217, which primarily consisted of proceeds from investor deposits related to the Preferred Stock offering as well as the issuance of Preferred Stock, being partially offset by the repayment of debt and payment of a preferred stock dividend.

In 2019, the Company's Board of Directors approved the construction of a new tasting room at the Bernau Estate Vineyard, expected to be completed during the 2022 fiscal year. The total construction costs for the Bernau Estate Tasting Room is expected to be approximately \$15.6 million, which will be funded through a combination of cash on hand as well as equity financing through Preferred Stock offerings. Construction began in July 2019 and was paused in March 2020 as a result of the uncertainty surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic and has now been restarted. As of December 31, 2021, we had incurred approximately \$9.5 million in costs related to the project.

In December of 2005, the Company entered into a revolving line of credit agreement with Umpqua Bank that allows borrowing up to \$2,000,000 against eligible accounts receivable and inventories, as defined in the agreement. The revolving line bears interest at prime less 0.5%, with a floor of 3.25%, is payable monthly, and is subject to renewal. In July 2021, the Company renewed the credit agreement until July 31, 2023. At December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, there was no outstanding balance on this revolving line of credit and the Company was in compliance with the line of credit's financial covenants.

As of December 31, 2021, the Company had a total long-term debt balance of \$5,535,096, including the portion due in the next year, owed to Farm Credit Services, exclusive of debt issuance costs of \$132,483. As of December 31, 2020, the Company had a total long-term debt balance of \$5,985,228, exclusive of debt issuance costs of \$145,731. The debt with NW Farm Credit Services was used to finance the Hospitality Center and subsequent remodels, invest in winery equipment to increase the Company's winemaking capacity, complete the storage facility, and acquire new vineyard land for future development.

As of December 31, 2021, the Company had an installment note payable of \$1,295,541, due in quarterly payments of \$42,534 through February 2032, associated with the purchase of property in the Dundee Hills AVA.

The Company believes that cash flow from operations and funds available under its existing credit facilities and preferred stock program will be sufficient to meet the Company's foreseeable short and long-term operating needs.

The Company's contractual obligations as of December 31, 2021 including long-term debt, note payable, grape payables and commitments for future payments under non-cancelable lease arrangements are summarized below:

	Payments Due by Period				
		Less than 1	2 – 3	4 – 5	After 5
	Total	Year	Years	Years	Years
Long-term debt	\$ 5,535,096	\$ 472,420	\$1,019,768	\$1,128,530	\$2,914,378
Notes payable	1,295,541	94,503	206,760	232,914	761,364
Grape payables	1,388,601	1,388,601	-	-	-
Operating leases	9,163,990	769,014	1,538,605	1,402,305	5,454,066
Total contractual obligations	\$17,383,228	\$2,724,538	\$2,765,133	\$2,763,749	\$9,129,808

Inflation

The Company's management does not believe inflation has had a material impact on the Company's revenues or income during 2021 or 2020.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not required.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors of
Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. (the “Company”) as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the related statements of income, shareholders’ equity, and cash flows for the years then ended and the related notes (collectively referred to as the “financial statements”). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (“PCAOB”) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures to respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matters

Critical audit matters are matters arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. We determined that there are no critical audit matters.

/s/ Moss Adams LLP

Portland, Oregon
March 29, 2022

We have served as the Company’s auditor since 2004.

WILLAMETTE VALLEY VINEYARDS, INC.

BALANCE SHEETS

	December 31, December 31,	
	2021	2020
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,747,285	\$ 13,999,755
Accounts receivable, net	3,163,375	2,671,576
Inventories	19,076,750	17,687,973
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	299,461	182,266
Income tax receivable	138,986	484,560
Total current assets	36,425,857	35,026,130
Other assets	13,824	13,824
Vineyard development costs, net	8,088,968	8,020,074
Property and equipment, net	40,596,135	31,486,856
Operating lease right of use assets	6,250,326	4,943,463
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 91,375,110	\$ 79,490,347
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,102,435	\$ 1,416,210
Accrued expenses	1,156,823	1,335,125
Investor deposits for preferred stock	4,134,422	510,636
Current portion of note payable	1,295,541	1,384,581
Current portion of long-term debt	472,420	450,040
Current portion of lease liabilities	443,484	277,686

Unearned revenue	938,257	622,077
Grapes payable	1,388,601	1,307,165
Total current liabilities	11,931,983	7,303,520
Long-term debt, net of current portion and debt issuance costs	4,930,193	5,389,457
Lease liabilities, net of current portion	5,954,433	4,724,344
Deferred income taxes	3,596,507	3,251,099
Total liabilities	26,413,116	20,668,420

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 12)

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Redeemable preferred stock, no par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, 7,523,539 shares issued and outstanding, liquidation preference \$31,222,687, at December 31, 2021 and 6,309,508 shares issued and outstanding, liquidation preference \$26,184,458, at December 31, 2020.	30,956,192	25,817,305
Common stock, no par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, 4,964,529 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.	8,512,489	8,512,489
Retained earnings	25,493,313	24,492,133
Total shareholders' equity	64,961,994	58,821,927
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 91,375,110	\$ 79,490,347

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

WILLAMETTE VALLEY VINEYARDS, INC.

STATEMENTS OF INCOME

	Twelve months ended	
	December 31,	
	2021	2020
SALES, NET	\$31,786,864	\$27,314,852

COST OF SALES	13,121,191	10,585,076
GROSS PROFIT	18,665,673	16,729,776
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Sales and marketing	9,603,723	7,458,139
General and administrative	5,371,931	4,269,864
Total operating expenses	14,975,654	11,728,003
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	3,690,019	5,001,773
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		
Interest income	12,412	21,022
Interest expense	(391,272)	(414,061)
Other income, net	155,183	165,916
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	3,466,342	4,774,650
INCOME TAX PROVISION	(1,020,879)	(1,379,654)
NET INCOME	2,445,463	3,394,996
Preferred stock dividends	(1,444,283)	(1,116,378)
INCOME APPLICABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS	\$ 1,001,180	\$ 2,278,618
Earnings per common share after preferred dividends, basic and diluted	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.46
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding	4,964,529	4,964,529

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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WILLAMETTE VALLEY VINEYARDS, INC.

STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Redeemable				Retained	Total
	Preferred Stock		Common Stock			
	Shares	Dollars	Shares	Dollars		
Balance at December 31, 2019	4,662,768	\$18,319,102	4,964,529	\$8,512,489	\$22,213,515	\$49,045,106
Issuance of preferred stock, net	1,646,740	7,428,482	-	-	-	7,428,482
Stock based compensation		69,721	-	-	-	69,721
Preferred stock dividends declared	-	-	-	-	(1,116,378)	(1,116,378)
Net income	-	-	-	-	3,394,996	3,394,996
Balance at December 31, 2020	6,309,508	25,817,305	4,964,529	8,512,489	24,492,133	58,821,927
Issuance of preferred stock, net	1,214,031	5,099,828	-	-	-	5,099,828
Stock based compensation		39,059	-	-	-	39,059
Preferred stock dividends declared	-	-	-	-	(1,444,283)	(1,444,283)

Net income	-	-	-	-	2,445,463	2,445,463
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Balance at December						
31, 2021	7,523,539	\$30,956,192	4,964,529	\$8,512,489	\$25,493,313	\$64,961,994

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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WILLAMETTE VALLEY VINEYARDS, INC.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year ended December 31,	
	2021	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$ 2,445,463	\$ 3,394,996
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	1,952,093	1,812,394
Gain on disposition of property & equipment	(5,905)	(8,000)
Preferred stock compensation expense	39,059	69,721
Non-cash lease expense	423,118	280,331
Loan fee amortization	13,248	13,247
Deferred income taxes	345,408	292,493
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable, net	(491,799)	(857,572)
Inventories	(1,388,777)	(612,893)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(117,195)	20,715
Income tax receivable	345,574	139,008
Unearned revenue	(419,878)	(530,387)
Lease liabilities	(334,094)	(276,752)
Grapes payable	81,436	514,570
Accounts payable	(136,741)	290,596
Accrued expenses	(178,302)	330,844

Net cash from operating activities	2,572,708	4,873,311
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from disposition of property and equipment	35,510	-
Additions to vineyard development	(288,973)	(593,157)
Additions to property and equipment	(10,083,442)	(4,178,821)
Net cash from investing activities	(10,301,395)	(4,771,978)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from Paycheck Protection Program	-	1,655,200
Payments on Paycheck Protection Program	-	(1,655,200)
Proceeds from investor deposits held as liability	4,134,422	510,636
Payment on installment note for property purchase	(89,040)	(83,892)
Payments on long-term debt	(450,132)	(438,289)
Proceeds from issuance of preferred stock	4,589,192	7,428,482
Payment of preferred stock dividend	(708,225)	(568,691)
Net cash from financing activities	7,476,217	6,848,246
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(252,470)	6,949,579
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	13,999,755	7,050,176
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	<u>\$ 13,747,285</u>	<u>\$13,999,755</u>
NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of property and equipment and vineyard development costs included in accounts payable	<u>\$ 1,143,735</u>	<u>\$ 320,769</u>
Reduction in investor deposits for preferred stock	<u>\$ 510,636</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Gift cards given in lieu of cash dividends	<u>\$ 736,058</u>	<u>\$ 547,687</u>

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:

Cash paid during the year for:

Interest paid (net of capitalized interest)	\$	389,163	\$	413,319
Income tax paid	\$	329,898	\$	956,672

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS, BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and operations – Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. (the “Company”) owns and operates vineyards and a winery located in the state of Oregon, and produces and distributes premium, super premium, and ultra-premium wines, primarily Pinot Noir, Pinot Gris, Chardonnay, and Riesling.

The Company has direct-to-consumer sales and national sales to distributors. These sales channels offer comparable products to customers and utilize similar processes and share resources for production, selling and distribution. Direct-to-consumer sales generate a higher gross profit margin than national sales to distributors due to differentiated pricing between these segments.

Basis of presentation – The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require management to make certain estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and on various assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances at the time. Actual results could differ from those estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

The COVID-19 pandemic has been declared a National Public Health Emergency in the United States, and on March 8, 2020, Oregon Governor Kate Brown declared a state of emergency to address the spread of COVID-19 in Oregon. The outbreak in Oregon and other parts of the United States, as well as the response to COVID-19 by federal, state and local governments could have a continued material adverse impact on economic and market conditions in the United States, which may negatively affect our business and operations. Although the administration of vaccines in Oregon and throughout the United States contributed to the lifting of certain restrictive measures, there remains ongoing uncertainty about the impact of COVID-19 variations on infection levels. The re-emergence of significant increases in infection rates could result in governments re-imposing restrictive measures that could reduce or impair economic activity. Consequently, the COVID-19 pandemic and the government responses to the outbreak presents continued uncertainty and risk with respect to the Company and its performance and financial results.

With the exception of key operations personnel, we have shifted our office staff to primarily remote workstations, and we expect we will continue to operate primarily remotely until management determines it is safe for employees to return to offices. Far exceeding the required Oregon Healthy Authority protocols, a new state-of-the-art UV light filtration has been installed in the Company’s HVAC system to reduce harmful viruses in the air at its tasting room locations and staff offices.

We have not yet experienced significant disruptions to our supply chain network; however, any future restrictions imposed by our local or state governments may have a negative impact on our future direct to consumer sales. In response to the previous closure of, and capacity restrictions in, our tasting rooms, the Company launched curbside pick-ups, and complimentary shipping specials with minimum purchase, which were able to more than offset the expected declines in direct to consumer sales.

Additionally, the demand for the Company's wine sold directly or through distributors to restaurants, bars, and other hospitality locations could be reduced in the near-term due to the re-imposition of orders from state and local governments restricting consumers from visiting, as well as in some cases the temporary closure of such establishments.

The extent of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's business is highly uncertain and difficult to predict, as the response to the pandemic, and in particular the response to the COVID-19 variants that have emerged, is continuing to evolve. The severity of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's business will depend on a number of factors, including, but not limited to, the duration and severity of the pandemic and the extent and severity of the impact on the Company's customers, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted.

Financial instruments and concentrations of risk – The Company has the following financial instruments: cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued liabilities, grapes payable and long-term debt.

Cash and cash equivalents are maintained at five financial institutions. Deposits held with these financial institutions may exceed the amount of insurance provided on such deposits. Generally, these deposits may be redeemed upon demand and are maintained with a financial institution of reputable credit and therefore bear minimal credit risk.

In 2021, sales to one distributor represented approximately 18.1% of total Company revenue. In 2020, sales to one distributor represented approximately 24.0% of total Company revenue.

Other comprehensive income – The nature of the Company's business and related transactions do not give rise to other comprehensive income.

Cash and cash equivalents – Cash and cash equivalents include money market funds.

Accounts receivable – The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and does not require collateral. A reserve is maintained for potential credit losses. The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on an assessment of the collectability of customer accounts. The Company regularly reviews the allowance by considering factors such as historical experience, credit quality, the age of the accounts receivable balances, and current economic conditions that may affect a customer's ability to pay. The Company has credit risk associated with uncollateralized trade accounts receivable from all operations totaling \$3,163,375 and \$2,671,576 as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 inclusive of the allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts is further discussed in Note 2.

Inventories – For Company produced wines, after a portion of the vineyard becomes commercially productive, the annual crop and production costs relating to such portion are recognized as work-in-process inventories. Such costs are accumulated with related direct and indirect harvest costs, wine processing and production costs, and are transferred to finished goods inventories when the wine is produced, bottled, and ready for sale.

The cost of finished goods is recognized as cost of sales when the wine product is sold. Inventories are stated at the lower of first-in, first-out ("FIFO") cost or net realizable value by variety.

In accordance with general practices in the wine industry, wine inventories are generally included in current assets in the accompanying balance sheets, although a portion of such inventories may be aged for more than one year (Note 3).

Vineyard development costs – Vineyard development costs consist primarily of the costs of the vines and expenditures related to labor and materials to prepare the land and construct vine trellises. The costs are capitalized until the vineyard becomes commercially productive, at which time annual amortization is recognized using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful life of the vineyard, which is estimated to be 30 years. Accumulated amortization of vineyard development costs aggregated \$2,070,009 and \$1,824,610 at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Amortization of vineyard development costs are included in capitalized crop costs that in turn are included in inventory costs and ultimately become a component of cost of goods sold. For the years ending December 31, 2021 and 2020, \$245,399 and \$243,760, respectively, was amortized into inventory costs.

Property and equipment – Property and equipment are stated at cost and are depreciated on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Land improvements are depreciated over 15 years. Winery buildings are depreciated over 30 years. Equipment is depreciated over 3 to 10 years, depending on the classification of the asset. Depreciation is discussed further in Note 4.

Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense as incurred. Expenditures for additions and betterments are capitalized. When assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is included in operations.

Review of long-lived assets for impairment – The Company evaluates long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset or asset group may not be recoverable. Long-lived assets consist primarily of property and equipment. Circumstances that might cause the Company to evaluate its long-lived assets for impairment could include a significant decline in the prices the Company or the industry can charge for its products, which could be caused by general economic or other factors, changes in laws or regulations that make it difficult or more costly for the Company to distribute its products to its markets at prices which generate adequate returns, natural disasters, significant decrease in demand for the Company's products or significant increase in the costs to manufacture the Company's products.

Recoverability of assets is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset group to future net undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by the asset group. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. The Company groups its long-lived assets with other assets and liabilities at the lowest level for which identifiable cash flows are largely independent of the cash flows of other assets and liabilities (or asset group). This would typically be at the winery level. The Company did not recognize any impairment charges associated with long-lived assets during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Income taxes – Income taxes are recognized using enacted tax rates and are composed of taxes on financial accounting income that is adjusted for requirements of current tax law, and deferred taxes. Deferred taxes are estimated using the asset and liability approach whereby deferred income taxes are calculated for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the book basis and tax basis of the Company's assets and liabilities.

The Company had no unrecognized tax benefits as of December 31, 2021 or 2020. The Company recognizes interest assessed by taxing authorities as a component of tax expense. The Company recognizes any penalties assessed by taxing authorities as a component of tax expense. Interest and penalties for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were not material.

The Company files U.S. federal income tax returns with the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") as well as income tax returns in Oregon and California. The Company is subject to the Oregon Corporate Activity Tax (OR CAT) beginning in 2020. The Company may be subject to examination by the IRS for tax years 2018 through 2021. Additionally, the Company may be subject to examinations by state taxing jurisdictions for tax years 2017 through 2021. The Company is not aware of any current examinations by the IRS or the state taxing authorities.

Revenue recognition – The Company recognizes revenue once its performance obligation to the customer is completed and control of the product or service is transferred to the customer. Revenue reflects the total amount the Company receives, or expects to receive, from the customer and includes shipping costs that are billed and included in the consideration. Excise taxes that are accrued and paid, as a result of transaction, are accounted for as an offset to sales in the net sales calculation. The Company's contractual obligations to customers generally have a single point of obligation and are short term in nature.

The cost of price promotions and rebates are treated as reductions of revenue. Credit sales are recorded as trade accounts receivable and no collateral is required. Revenue from items sold through the Company's retail locations is recognized at the time of sale. Net revenue reported herein is shown net of sales allowances and excise taxes. If the conditions for revenue recognition are not met, the Company defers the revenue until all conditions are met. As of December 31, 2021, and December 31, 2020, the Company has recorded deferred revenue in the amount of \$229,106 and \$131,782, respectively, which is included in unearned revenue on the balance sheet. Gift cards that have been issued but not used are also treated as unearned revenue and were \$682,881 and \$487,633 as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Distributor Sales Segment – Wholesale wine sales are through distributors and the Company recognizes revenue when the product is shipped, and title passes to the distributor. The Company's standard terms are 'FOB' shipping point, with no customer acceptance provisions. The cost of price promotions and rebates are treated as reductions of revenue. Credit sales are recorded as trade accounts receivable and no collateral is required.

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The Company has price incentive programs with its distributors to encourage product placement and depletions. Sales are reported net of incentive program expenses. Incentive program payments are made when completed incentive program payment requests are received from the customers. For the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company recorded incentive program expenses of \$1,437,481 and \$1,757,631, respectively, as a reduction in sales on the Statements of Income. As of December 31, 2021, and 2020, the Company has recorded an incentive program liability in the amount of \$67,326 and \$157,044, respectively, which is included in accrued expenses on the balance sheet. Estimates are based on historical and projected experience for each type of program or customer and have historically been in line with actual costs incurred.

Direct Sales Segment – The Company sells wine directly to customers through its tasting rooms, web site and wine club. Additionally, the Company sells merchandise, food and hospitality related services through its tasting rooms.

Tasting room and web site sales are paid for and recognized as revenue at the point of sale. Hospitality sales, that are paid in advance of the event, are accrued as unearned revenue and are subsequently recognized as revenue in the period of the event. Wine club sales are made under an agreement with the customer which specifies the quantity and timing of the wine club shipment. Wine club charges are billed to the customer's credit card, at the time of shipment, and revenue is then recognized.

The Company periodically sells bulk wine or grapes that either do not meet the Company's quality standards or are in excess of production requirements. These sales are recognized when ownership transfers to the buyer which occurs at the point of shipment.

Cost of goods sold – Costs of goods sold include costs associated with grape growing, external grape costs, packaging materials, winemaking and production costs, vineyard and production administrative support and overhead costs, purchasing and receiving costs and warehousing costs.

Administrative support, purchasing, receiving and most other fixed overhead costs are expensed as selling, general and administrative expenses without regard to inventory units. Warehouse and winery production and facilities costs, are allocated to inventory units on a per gallon basis during the production of wine, prior to bottling the final product. No further costs are allocated to inventory units after bottling.

Selling, general and administrative expenses – Selling, general and administrative expenses consist primarily of non-manufacturing administrative and overhead costs, advertising and other marketing promotions. Advertising costs are expensed as incurred or the first time the advertising takes place. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, advertising costs incurred were \$329,152 and \$247,049 respectively.

The Company provides an allowance to distributors for providing sample of products to potential customers. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, these costs, which are included in selling, general and administrative expenses, totaled approximately \$89,000 and \$87,000, respectively.

Shipping and handling costs – Amounts paid by customers to the Company for shipping and handling costs are included in the net revenue. Costs incurred for shipping and handling charges are included in selling, general and administrative expense. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, shipping and handling costs included in selling, general and administration costs were \$773,164 and \$555,409 respectively. The Company's gross margins may not be comparable to other companies in the same industry as other companies may include shipping and handling costs as a cost of goods sold.

Excise taxes – The Company pays alcohol excise taxes based on product sales to both the Oregon Liquor Control Commission and to the U.S. Department of the Treasury, Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau. The Company is liable for the taxes upon the removal of product from the Company's warehouse on a per gallon basis. The federal tax rate is affected by a small winery tax credit provision which declines based upon the number of gallons of wine production in a year rather than the quantity sold. The Company also pays taxes on the grape harvest on a per ton basis to the Oregon Liquor Control Commission for the Oregon Wine Advisory. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, excise taxes incurred were approximately \$384,000 and \$372,000 respectively.

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Income per common share after preferred dividends – Income per share is computed based on the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding each year.

Leases – We determine if an arrangement is a lease at inception. On our balance sheet, our operating leases are included in Operating lease right-of-use assets, Current portion of lease liabilities and Lease liabilities, net of current portion. The Company does not currently have any finance leases.

ROU assets represent our right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent our obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. For leases that do not provide an implicit rate, we use our incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. We use the implicit rate when readily determinable. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Significant judgment may be required when determining whether a contract contains a lease, the length of the lease term, the allocation of the consideration in a contract between lease and non-lease components, and the determination of the discount rate included in our leases. We review the underlying objective of each contract, the terms of the contract, and consider our current and future business conditions when making these judgments.

Recently adopted accounting pronouncements

Accounting Standard Update ("ASU") 2019-12, Income Taxes (Topic 740). This standard simplifies the accounting for income taxes by removing certain Codification exceptions and others to be discussed. This was adopted on January 1, 2021 and did not have a significant impact.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements not yet adopted

There are no recently issued accounting pronouncements that the Company has yet to adopt that management believes will have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

Reclassifications – Certain immaterial amounts from prior periods have been reclassified to conform to current years' presentation.

NOTE 2 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

The Company's accounts receivable balance is net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$10,000 and \$10,000 at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Changes in the allowance for doubtful accounts are as follows:

	Year ended December 31,	
	2021	2020
Beginning of year	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000
Charged to costs and expenses	-	-
Write-offs, net of recoveries	-	-
End of year	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000

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NOTE 3 – INVENTORIES

Inventory consists of the following at December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Winemaking and packaging materials	\$ 742,188	\$ 690,114
Work-in-process (costs relating to unprocessed and/or unbottled wine products)	9,691,140	9,066,782
Finished goods (bottled wine and related products)	8,643,422	7,931,077
Total inventories	\$ 19,076,750	\$ 17,687,973

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consists of the following at December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Construction in progress	\$ 14,556,807	\$ 6,553,803
Land, improvements and other buildings	12,850,316	11,787,334

Winery buildings and hospitality center	17,791,684	17,694,466
Equipment	15,960,178	14,392,923
	61,158,985	50,428,526
Less accumulated depreciation	(20,562,850)	(18,941,670)
	\$ 40,596,135	\$ 31,486,856

Depreciation expense was \$1,645,471 and \$1,614,665 during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

NOTE 5 – LINE OF CREDIT FACILITY

In December of 2005, the Company entered into a revolving line of credit agreement with Umpqua Bank that allows borrowing up to \$2,000,000 against eligible accounts receivable and inventories, as defined in the agreement. The revolving line bears interest at prime less 0.5%, with a floor of 3.25%, is payable monthly, and is subject to renewal. In July 2021, the Company renewed the credit agreement until July 31, 2023. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, there was no outstanding balance on this revolving line of credit.

The line of credit agreement includes various covenants, which among other things, requires the Company to maintain minimum amounts of tangible net worth, debt-to-equity, and debt service coverage as defined, and limits the level of acquisitions of property and equipment. As of December 31, 2021, the Company was in compliance with these financial covenants.

NOTE 6 – NOTES PAYABLE

In February of 2017 the Company purchased property, including vineyard land, bare land and structures in the Dundee Hills AVA under terms that included a 15 year note payable with quarterly payments of \$42,534 at 6%. The note may be called by the owner, up to the outstanding balance, with 180 days written notice. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company had a balance of \$1,295,541 and \$1,384,581, respectively, due on this note.

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NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following at December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	December 31,	
	2021	2020
Northwest Farm Credit Services Loan #4	\$ 1,109,860	\$ 1,240,453
Northwest Farm Credit Services Loan #5	4,425,236	4,743,819

Toyota Credit Corporation	-	956
	<u>5,535,096</u>	<u>5,985,228</u>
Debt issuance costs	(132,483)	(145,731)
Current portion of long-term debt	(472,420)	(450,040)
	<u></u>	<u></u>
	<u>\$ 4,930,193</u>	<u>\$ 5,389,457</u>

The Company has two long term debt agreements with Farm Credit Services (“FCS”) with an aggregate outstanding balance of \$5,535,096 and \$5,984,272 as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The outstanding loans require monthly principal and interest payments of \$62,067 for the life of the loans, at annual fixed interest rates of 4.75% and 5.21%, and with maturity dates of 2028 and 2032. The general purposes of these loans were to make capital improvements to the winery and vineyard facilities.

The loan agreements contain covenants, which require the Company to maintain certain financial ratios and balances. At December 31, 2021, the Company was in compliance with these covenants. In the event of future noncompliance with the Company’s debt covenants, FCS would have the right to declare the Company in default, and at FCS’ option without notice or demand, the unpaid principal balance of the loan, plus all accrued unpaid interest thereon and all other amounts due shall immediately become due and payable.

The Company had an outstanding loan with Toyota Credit Corporation which matured and was paid in full in February 2021, at zero interest, with an outstanding balance of \$0 and \$956 as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Future minimum principal payments of long-term debt mature as follows for the years ending December 31:

2022	\$ 472,420
2023	496,970
2024	522,798
2025	549,971
2026	578,559
Thereafter	2,914,378
	<u></u>
	<u>\$ 5,535,096</u>

The weighted-average interest rates on the aforementioned borrowings for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was 5.12% and 5.11% respectively.

NOTE 8 – SHAREHOLDERS’ EQUITY

The Company is authorized to issue 10,000,000 shares of its common stock. Each share of common stock is entitled to one vote. At its discretion, the Board of Directors may declare dividends on shares of common stock so long as the

Company has paid or set aside funds for all cumulative dividends on its preferred stock. The Board does not anticipate paying dividends on its common stock in the foreseeable future.

The Company is authorized to issue 10,000,000 shares of redeemable preferred stock. Each share of the Company's currently issued preferred stock is non-voting. The Company's Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock includes an annual dividend of \$0.22 per share and is payable annually. Additionally, the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock contains a liquidation preference over the Company's common stock and is subject to optional redemption after June 1, 2021 at the sole discretion of the Company's Board of Directors. The liquidation preference is calculated at the original issue price of \$4.15 per share plus all accrued but unpaid dividends. The optional redemption, if implemented, would be at the original issue price of \$4.15 per share plus all accrued but unpaid dividends plus a redemption premium of 3% of the original issue price. In November 2021 and November 2020, the Company declared a dividend on its Series A Redeemable Preferred stock and paid the dividend on December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 respectively. The Company is current on its dividend obligations.

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NOTE 9 – STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN

The Company had a stock incentive plan, originally created in 1992, most recently amended in 2001. No additional grants may be made under the plan. All stock options contained an exercise price that was equal to the fair market value of the Company's stock on the date the options were granted. There were no stock options outstanding or exercisable at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

No stock compensation expense under this plan was recognized for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. As of December 31, 2021, there was no unrecognized compensation expense related to stock options.

As part of an incentive, the Company issued preferred stock during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, resulting in stock compensation expense of \$39,059 and \$69,721, respectively.

NOTE 10 – INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes consists of:

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2021	2020
Current tax expense:		
Federal	\$ 459,640	\$ 719,342
State	215,831	367,819
	<u>675,471</u>	<u>1,087,161</u>
Deferred tax expense:		
Federal	263,911	227,246
State	81,497	65,247

	345,408	292,493
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Total	\$ 1,020,879	\$ 1,379,654
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The effective income tax rate differs from the federal statutory rate as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2021	2020
Federal statutory rate	21.00%	21.00%
State taxes, net of federal benefit	6.49%	6.79%
Permanent differences	1.26%	0.26%
Prior year adjustments	-1.54%	0.76%
Changes in tax rates and other	2.24%	0.09%
	29.45%	28.90%

Permanent differences for the periods consist primarily of changes in non-deductible gifts, meals and entertainment as well as political contributions. Changes in tax rate are described above.

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Net deferred tax assets and (liabilities) at December 31 consist of:

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2021	2020
Various Accruals and Deferred Timing Differences	\$ 36,037	\$ 145,195
Prepaid	(31,706)	(29,404)
Depreciation	(3,289,735)	(2,744,921)
Inventory	(311,103)	(621,969)
Net noncurrent deferred tax liability	(3,596,507)	(3,251,099)

Valuation allowance	-	-
Net deferred tax liability	\$ (3,596,507)	\$ (3,251,099)

NOTE 11 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company provides living accommodations in a residence on the Company’s premises, at its convenience, for the Company’s chief executive officer (“CEO”). The CEO provides security and lock-up services and is required to live on premises as a condition of his employment. Over the years the Company has recorded annual expenses less than \$12,000, exclusive of depreciation, related to the housing provided for its CEO.

NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation – From time to time, in the normal course of business, the Company is a party to legal proceedings. Management believes that these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company’s financial position, results of operations or cash flows, but, due to the nature of litigation, the ultimate outcome of any potential actions cannot presently be determined.

Operating leases – Vineyard - In December 1999, under a sale-leaseback agreement, the Company sold approximately 79 acres of the Tualatin Vineyards property with a net book value of approximately \$1,000,000 for approximately \$1,500,000 cash and entered into a 20-year operating lease agreement, with three five-year extension options, and contains an escalation provision of 2.5% per year. The Company extended the lease in January 2019 until January 2025. This property is referred to as the Peter Michael Vineyard and includes approximately 69 acres of producing vineyards.

In December 2004, under a sale-leaseback agreement, the Company sold approximately 75 acres of the Tualatin Vineyards property with a net book value of approximately \$551,000 for approximately \$727,000 cash and entered into a 15-year operating lease agreement, with three five-year extension options, for the vineyard portion of the property. The first five year extension has been exercised. The lease contains a formula-based escalation provision with a maximum increase of 4% every three years. This property is referred to as the Meadowview Vineyard and includes approximately 49 acres of producing vineyards.

In February 2007, the Company entered into a lease agreement for 59 acres of vineyard land at Elton Vineyard. In June 2021 the company entered into a new 11 year lease for this property. The lease contains an escalation provision tied to the CPI not to exceed 2% per annum. This property includes 54 acres of producing vineyards and 2 additional plantable acres.

In July 2008, the Company entered into a 34-year lease agreement with a property owner in the Eola Hills for approximately 110 acres adjacent to the existing Elton Vineyards site. These 110 acres are being developed into vineyards. Terms of this agreement contain rent increases, that rises as the vineyard is developed, and contains an escalation provision of CPI plus 0.5% per year capped at 4%. This property is referred to as part of Ingram Vineyard and includes 93 acres of producing vineyards and 17 additional plantable acres.

In March 2017, the Company entered into a 25-year lease for approximately 17 acres of agricultural land in Dundee, Oregon. These acres are being developed into vineyards. This lease contains an annual payment that remains constant throughout the term of the lease. This property is referred to as part of Bernau Estate Vineyard and includes 9 acres of pre-production vineyards.

Operating Leases – Non-Vineyard - In September 2018, the Company renewed an existing lease for three years, with two one-year renewal options, for its McMinnville tasting room. The lease contains an escalation provision with a cap at 3% per year. The Company has exercised the first one year renewal option.

In January 2018, the Company assumed a lease, through December 2022, for its Maison Bleue tasting room in Walla Walla, Washington. The lease contains fixed payments that increase over the term of the agreement.

In February 2020, the Company entered into a lease for 5 years, with three five-year renewal options for a retail wine facility in Folsom, California, referred to as Willamette Wineworks. The lease contains an escalation provision tied to the CPI not to exceed 3% per annum with increases not allowed in any year being carried forward to following years.

In March 2021, the Company entered into a lease for 10 years, with two five-year renewal options for a retail wine facility in Vancouver, Washington. The lease defines the payments over the term of the lease and option periods.

The following tables provide lease cost and other lease information for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	Year Ended
	December 31, 2021
Lease Cost	
Operating Lease cost - Vineyards	\$ 459,128
Operating Lease cost - Other	229,769
Short-term lease cost	31,656
Total Lease Cost	<u>\$ 720,553</u>
Other information	
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities,	
Operating cash flows from operating leases - Vineyard	445,473
Operating cash flows from operating leases - Other	154,399
Weighted-average remaining lease term - operating leases	13.03
Weighted-average discount rate - operating leases	5.41%

Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease obligations were \$1,729,981 and \$360,887 for the years ended December 31 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The Company has two additional operating leases that have not yet commenced as of December 31, 2021, and as such, have not been recognized in the Company's balance sheet. These operating leases are expected to commence in 2022 with lease terms of 10 years.

As of December 31, 2021, maturities of lease liabilities were as follows:

	Operating
Years Ended December 31,	Leases
	<u> </u>

2022	\$ 769,014
2023	766,597
2024	772,008
2025	704,016
2026	698,289
Thereafter	5,454,066
Total minimal lease payments	9,163,990
Less present value adjustment	(2,766,073)
Operating lease liabilities	6,397,917
Less current lease liabilities	(443,484)
Lease liabilities, net of current portion	\$ 5,954,433

Grape Purchases – The Company has entered into long-term grape purchase agreements with a number of Willamette Valley wine grape growers. With these agreements the Company purchases an annually agreed upon quantity of fruit, at pre-determined prices, within strict quality standards and crop loads. The Company cannot calculate the minimum or maximum payment as such a calculation is dependent in large part on unknowns such as the quantity of fruit needed by the Company and the availability of grapes produced that meet the strict quality standards in any given year. If no grapes are produced that meet the contractual quality levels, the grapes may be refused, and no payment would be due. The Company purchased grapes amounting to \$2,956,291 and \$2,652,864 during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The Company had an outstanding balance due on grape purchase agreements of \$1,388,601 and \$1,307,165 as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively

Domaine Willamette – In 2019, the Board of Directors approved the construction of a new tasting room at the Bernau Estate Vineyard, expected to be completed during the 2022 fiscal year. The total construction costs for the Domaine Willamette Tasting Room is expected to be approximately \$15.6 million, of which we expect will be funded through cash on hand. Construction on the Tasting Room began in July, 2019 and as of December 31, 2021, we had spent approximately \$9.5 million on the project from our cash reserves.

NOTE 13 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN

In February 2006, the Company instituted a 401(k) profit sharing plan (the “Plan”) covering all eligible employees. Employees who participate may elect to make salary deferral contributions to the Plan up to 100% of the employees’ eligible payroll subject to annual Internal Revenue Code maximum limitations. The Company may make a discretionary contribution to the entire qualified employee pool, in accordance with the Plan. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 there were \$164,188 and \$138,588 contributions made by the Company to the Plan, respectively.

NOTE 14 - SALE OF PREFERRED STOCK

On January 24, 2020, the Company filed a shelf Registration Statement on Form S-3 with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) pertaining to the potential future issuance of one or more classes or series of debt, equity or derivative securities. The maximum aggregate offering amount of securities sold pursuant to the January 2020 Form S-3 is not to exceed \$20,000,000. On June 10, 2020, the Company filed with the SEC a Prospectus Supplement to the January 2020 Form S-3, pursuant to which the Company proposed to offer and sell, on a delayed or continuous basis, up to 1,917,525 shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock having proceeds not to exceed \$9,300,000. This Prospectus Supplement established that our shares of preferred stock were to be sold in four offering

periods with four separate offering prices beginning with an offering price of \$4.85 per share and concluding with an offering of \$5.15 per share. As of December 31, 2021, the Company had received aggregate proceeds of \$8,533,086 from sales of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, net of acquisition costs, under this offering. This Prospectus Supplement has been closed and all related shares issued as of December 31, 2021.

On June 11, 2021, the Company filed with the SEC an additional Prospectus Supplement to the January 2020 Form S-3, pursuant to which the Company proposed to offer and sell, on a delayed or continuous basis, up to 2,118,811 additional shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock having proceeds not to exceed \$10,700,000. Net proceeds of \$9,234,250 have been received under this offering as of December, 30 2021 for the issuance of Preferred Stock and \$4,134,422 is shown as an investor liability for shares to be issued in 2022.

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Shareholders have the option to receive dividends as cash or as a gift card for purchasing Company products. The amount of unused dividend gift cards at December 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$682,881 and \$487,633, respectively and is recorded as unearned revenue on the balance sheet.

Dividends accrued but not paid will be added to the liquidation preference of the stock until the dividend is declared and paid. At any time after June 1, 2021, the Company has the option, but not the obligation, to redeem all of the outstanding preferred stock in an amount equal to the original issue price plus accrued but unpaid dividends and a redemption premium equal to 3% of the original issue price.

NOTE 15 – SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company has identified two operating segments, Direct Sales and Distributor Sales, based upon their different distribution channels, margins and selling strategies. Direct Sales include retail sales in the tasting rooms, wine club sales, internet sales, on-site events, kitchen and catering sales and other sales made directly to the consumer without the use of an intermediary, including sales of bulk wine or grapes. Distributor Sales include all sales through a third party where prices are given at a wholesale rate.

The two segments reflect how the Company's operations are evaluated by senior management and the structure of its internal financial reporting. The Company evaluates performance based on the gross profit of the respective business segments. Selling expenses that can be directly attributable to the segment, including depreciation of segment specific assets, are included, however, centralized selling expenses and general and administrative expenses are not allocated between operating segments. Therefore, net income information for the respective segments is not available. Discrete financial information related to segment assets, other than segment specific depreciation associated with selling, is not available and that information continues to be aggregated.

The following table outlines the sales, cost of sales, gross margin, directly attributable selling expenses, and contribution margin of the segments for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. Sales figures are net of related excise taxes.

	Twelve Months Ended December 31,							
	Direct Sales		Distributor Sales		Unallocated		Total	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Sales, net	\$13,272,659	\$10,533,070	\$18,514,205	\$16,781,782	\$ -	\$ -	\$31,786,864	\$27,314,852
Cost of sales	3,470,963	2,646,706	9,650,228	7,938,370	-	-	13,121,191	10,585,076
Gross margin	9,801,696	7,886,364	8,863,977	8,843,412	-	-	18,665,673	16,729,776
Selling expenses	6,929,882	5,170,804	1,914,207	1,677,797	759,634	609,538	9,603,723	7,458,139
Contribution margin	\$ 2,871,814	\$ 2,715,560	\$ 6,949,770	\$ 7,165,615				

Percent of sales	41.8%	38.6%	58.2%	61.4%				
General and administration					5,371,931	4,269,864	5,371,931	4,269,864
Income from operations							\$ 3,690,019	\$ 5,001,773

Direct sales include \$103,471 and \$103,958 of bulk wine and grape sales in the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Net direct-to-consumer sales, including bulk wine, miscellaneous sales, and grape sales, represented approximately 41.8% and 38.6% of total net revenue for 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Net sales through distributors represented approximately 58.2% and 61.4% of total net revenue for 2021 and 2020, respectively.

NOTE 16 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued. The Company recognizes in the financial statements the effects of all subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the date of the balance sheet, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the financial statements. The Company's financial statements do not recognize subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the date of the balance sheet but arose after the balance sheet date and before financial statements are issued. The Company has not identified any material subsequent events.

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ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-5(e) under the Exchange Act) pursuant to paragraph (b) of Rules 13a-15 and 15d-5 under the Exchange Act. Based on that review, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act (1) is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and (2) is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

It should be noted that any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions designed to obtain reasonable (and not absolute) assurance as to its effectiveness, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of the Company's financial reporting and the preparation of the Company's

financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Internal control over financial reporting is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) promulgated under the Exchange Act and includes those policies and procedures that: (a) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the Company's assets; (b) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that the Company's receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of the Company's management and directors; and (c) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Company's financial statements. All internal controls, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

The Company's management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2021. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)*. Based on this assessment, management has concluded that, as of December 31, 2021, our internal control over financial reporting was effective.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have not been any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the Company's fourth fiscal quarter that our certifying officers concluded materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

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ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 9C. DISCLOSURE REGARDING FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS THAT PREVENT INSPECTIONS

None.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the Company's directors and executive officers:

Name	Position(s) with the Company	Age	Group Number	Term Ends
James W. Bernau (3)	Chairperson of the Board, CEO President and Director	68	I	2023
Craig Smith (2)(3)(4)	Secretary and Director	75	II	2024
John Ferry	Chief Financial Officer	56	NA	NA
James L. Ellis (3)	Director	77	III	2022

Sean M. Cary (2)	Director	48	I	2023
Stan G. Turel (1)(2)(3)(4)	Director	73	II	2024
Leslie Copland (1)	Director	68	III	2022

(1) Member of the Compensation Committee

(2) Member of the Audit Committee

(3) Member of the Executive Committee

(4) Member of the Capital Development Committee

All directors hold office until the end of their term's respective annual meeting of shareholders or until their successors have been elected and qualified. Executive officers are appointed by the Board of Directors and serve at the pleasure of the Board. The Board is divided into three groups (I, II, and III). Each director shall serve for a term ending on the date of the third annual meeting following the annual meeting at which such director was elected.

There are no family relationships among any of our current directors or executive officers. Set forth below is additional information as to each director and executive officer of the Company.

James W. Bernau – Mr. Bernau has been President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and Chairperson of the Board of Directors of the Company since its inception in May 1988. Mr. Bernau, an Oregon winegrower, originally established Willamette Valley Vineyards as a sole proprietorship in 1983, and he co-founded the Company in 1988 with Salem grape grower, Donald Voorhies. From 1981 to September 1989, Mr. Bernau was Director of the Oregon Chapter of the National Federation of Independent Businesses ("NFIB"), an association of 15,000 independent businesses in Oregon. Mr. Bernau has served as the President of the Oregon Winegrowers Association and the Treasurer of the association's Political Action Committee (PAC) and Chair of the Promotions Committee of the Oregon Wine Advisory Board, the State of Oregon's agency dedicated to the development of the industry. In March 2005, Mr. Bernau received the industry's Founder's Award for his service. Mr. Bernau's qualifications to serve on the Company's Board of Directors include his more than 30 years of leadership of the Company and his industry experience and contacts.

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Craig Smith, MBA, JD – Mr. Smith has served as a director since October 2007 and as Secretary since 2009. For over 20 years Mr. Smith served as the Vice President/Chief Financial Officer of Chemeketa Community College in Salem, Oregon. He was an Adjunct Professor at the Atkinson Graduate School of Management at Willamette University, as well as Managing Partner of Faler, Grove, Mueller & Smith, a large local CPA firm. He has served on many State of Oregon commissions and as the Board Chairperson for many of the local non-profit and educational institutions including the Salem Keizer School Board, Chemeketa Community College Board of Education, Oregon State Fair Council, State Fair Dismissal Appeals Board, Mid-Willamette Valley Council of Governments, Oregon School Boards Association and the United Way. Now retired Mr. Smith was a member of the Oregon State Bar as well as a Certified public accountant. Mr. Smith's qualifications to serve on the Company's Board of Directors include his financial and accounting experience.

John Ferry – Mr. Ferry has served as Chief Financial Officer since September 2019, has previously served as President of Contact Industries, a wood products based OEM supplier from November 2014 until July 2019. He has also served as CFO of Lifeport Inc. a division of Sikorsky Aircraft from April 2012 to November 2014. Further, he has served in senior financial leadership positions in various Aerospace related industries dating back to 1996. Mr. Ferry has earned

an Executive MBA from Bath University, in England, and a MA Hon's degree in Accounts/Economics from Dundee University in Scotland.

James L. Ellis – Mr. Ellis has served as a director since July 1991. Mr. Ellis retired from full time duties with the Company in July of 2009. He currently serves as the Company's ombudsman and works part-time on selected projects. Mr. Ellis previously served as the Company's Director of Human Resources from 1993 to 2009. He was the Company's Secretary from 1997 to 2009, and Vice President /Corporate from 1998 to 2009. From 1990 to 1992, Mr. Ellis was a partner in Kenneth L. Fisher, Ph.D. & Associates, a management-consulting firm. From 1980 to 1990, Mr. Ellis was Vice President and General Manager of R.A. Kevane & Associates, a Pacific Northwest personnel-consulting firm. From 1962 to 1979, Mr. Ellis was a member of and administrator for the Christian Brothers of California, owner of Mont La Salle Vineyards and producer of Christian Brothers wines and brandy. Mr. Ellis' qualifications to serve on the Company's Board of Directors include his prior experience as a member of the Company's senior management, as well as more than 40 years of business experience.

Sean M. Cary – Mr. Cary has served as a director since July 2007. Mr. Cary is the Chief Financial Officer of Pacific Excavation, Inc., a Eugene, Oregon based heavy and civil engineering contractor. Previously, Mr. Cary served as the CFO of CBT Nuggets, LLC, the Corporate Controller of National Warranty Corporation, the CFO of Cascade Structural Laminators and prior to that as Controller of Willamette Valley Vineyards. Mr. Cary served in the U.S. Air Force as a Financial Officer. Mr. Cary holds a Master of Business Administration degree from the University of Oregon and a Bachelor of Science Degree in Management from the U.S. Air Force Academy. Mr. Cary's qualifications to serve on the Company's Board of Directors include his financial and accounting expertise.

Stan G. Turel – Mr. Turel has served as a director since November 1994. Mr. Turel is President of Turel Enterprises, a real estate management company managing his own properties in Oregon, Washington and Idaho and is president of Columbia Pacific Tax in Bend, Oregon. Prior to his current activities, Mr. Turel was the Principal and CEO of Columbia Turel, (formerly Columbia Bookkeeping, Inc.) a position which he held from 1974 to 2001. Prior to the sale of the company to Fiducial, one of Europe's largest accounting firms, Columbia had approximately 26,000 annual tax clients including approximately 4,000 small business clients. Additionally, Mr. Turel successfully operated as majority owner of two cable TV companies during the 80's and 90's which were eventually sold to several public corporations. Mr. Turel is a pilot, author, was a former delegate to the White House Conference on Small Business and held positions on several state and local Government committees. Mr. Turel's qualifications to serve on the Company's Board of Directors include his more than 20 years of accounting and business management experience.

Leslie Copland – Ms. Copland has served as a director since September 2019. Ms. Copland owns Leslie Copland Leadership and previously worked as Vice President Learning and Development for WE Communications. She holds a Master's degree in Applied Behavioral Science from the Leadership Institute of Seattle and a B.A. in Art History with minor in Psychology from George Washington University. Ms. Copland's qualifications to serve on the Company's Board of Directors include her extensive business experience and expertise in organizational development and executive coaching.

Delinquent Section 16(a) Reports

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires the Company's officers, directors and persons who own more than 10% of a registered class of the Company's equity securities to file certain reports with the SEC regarding ownership of, and transactions in, the Company's securities. These officers, directors and stockholders are also required by SEC rules to furnish the Company with copies of all Section 16(a) reports that are filed with the SEC. Based solely on a review of copies of such forms received by the Company and written representations received by the Company from certain reporting persons, the Company believes that for the year ended December 31, 2021, except for one Form 4 that was filed late by Stan Turel and one Form 4 that was filed late by James Bernau, all Section 16(a) reports required to be filed by the Company's executive officers, directors and 10% stockholders were filed on a timely basis.

Code of Ethics

The Company has adopted a code of ethics applicable to its principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions, which is a "code of ethics" as

defined by applicable rules of the SEC. A copy of the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics is posted on the Company's web site, www.wvv.com. Amendments to the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics or any grant of a waiver from a provision of the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics requiring disclosure under applicable SEC rules, if any, will be disclosed on the Company website at www.wvv.com. Any person may request a copy of the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, at no cost, by writing to the Company at the following address:

Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc.
Attention: Corporate Secretary
8800 Enchanted Way SE
Turner, OR 97392

Audit Committee

The Company has a separately designated standing audit committee established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Exchange Act. The members of the Audit Committee are Craig Smith, Sean Cary and Stan G. Turel. All members of the Audit Committee are independent as defined under the applicable rules and regulations of the SEC and the director independence standards of the NASDAQ Stock Market, as currently in effect. Sean Cary serves as chair of the committee.

Audit Committee Financial Expert

Craig Smith serves as the Audit Committee's "financial expert" as defined in applicable SEC rules and NASDAQ listing standards. Mr. Smith is independent as defined under the applicable rules and regulations of the SEC and the director independence standards of the NASDAQ Stock Market, as currently in effect.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth certain information concerning compensation paid or accrued by the Company, to or on behalf of the Company's principal executive officer, James W. Bernau and Chief Financial Officer, John Ferry for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020. No other executive officer of the Company received total compensation in 2021 in excess of \$100,000, and thus disclosure is not required for any other person.

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Summary compensation information is as follows:

Summary Compensation Table

							Nonqualified			
				Non-equity			Deferred	All		
Name,				Stock	Option	Incentive Plan	Comp.	Other		
Principal Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Awards	Awards	Compensation	Earnings	Comp.*	Total	
Bernau, James W.,										
President, Chief Executive	2021	\$285,474	\$233,757	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$54,389	\$573,620	
President, Chief Executive	2020	\$276,704	\$276,704	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$52,908	\$606,316	
John Ferry										
Chief Financial Officer	2021	\$170,677	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,000	\$ -	\$ 7,667	\$199,344	
Chief Financial Officer	2020	\$145,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,000	\$ -	\$ 1,750	\$161,750	

- * All other compensation includes Company payments for medical insurance, value of lodging, Board of Director stipends, life insurance payments and Company 401(k) matching contributions.

Bernau Employment Agreement – The Company and Mr. Bernau are parties to an employment agreement dated August 3, 1988 as amended on February 20, 1997, in January of 1998, in November 2010, and again on November 8, 2012. Under the amended agreement, Mr. Bernau is paid an annual salary with annual increases tied to increases in the consumer price index. Mr. Bernau’s 2021 bonus is calculated as a percentage of Company net income before taxes; 5% on the first \$1.75 million of pre-tax income, and 7.5% on the pre-tax net income over \$1.75 million, not to exceed his current year base salary. Additionally, Mr. Bernau participates in the employer sponsored 401(k) plan. Pursuant to the terms of the employment agreement, the Company is to provide Mr. Bernau with housing on the Company’s property. Mr. Bernau resides in the estate house, free of rent, which is also used to accommodate overnight stays for Company guests. Mr. Bernau resides in the residence for the convenience of the Company and must continue to reside there for the duration of his employment in order to provide additional security and lock-up services for late evening events at the Winery and Vineyard. The employment agreement provides that Mr. Bernau’s employment may be terminated only for cause, which is defined as non-performance of his duties or conviction of a crime.

Ferry Employment Agreement – The Company and Mr. Ferry are parties to an employment agreement dated September 11, 2019. Under the agreement Mr. Ferry is paid an annual salary that is reviewed and subject to adjustment by the Board annually. Mr. Ferry is also eligible to receive an annual performance based incentive payment that is reviewed and subject to adjustment.

Director compensation

The following table sets forth information concerning compensation of the Company’s directors other than Mr. Bernau for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021:

Name	Fees Earned		Option Awards	Non-equity Incentive Plan Compensation	Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation		All Other Compensation	Total
	or Paid in Cash	Stock Awards			Earnings			
James L. Ellis	\$ 11,250	-	-	-	-		\$ 450	\$11,700
Sean M. Cary	2,400	-	-	-	-		-	2,400
Craig Smith	2,400	-	-	-	-		-	2,400
Stan G. Turel	2,400	-	-	-	-		-	2,400
Leslie Copland	2,000	-	-	-	-		-	2,000

Other compensation for James L. Ellis includes a monthly stipend for ongoing consultation services as well as serving as administrator of any potential employee complaint that might rise to the board of directors’ level. The members of the Board received cash compensation for their service on the Board in 2021 and are reimbursed for out-of-pocket and travel expenses incurred in attending Board meetings.

In January 2009, the Board, upon recommendation of the Board's Compensation Committee (the "Compensation Committee"), who had sought outside counsel regarding revision of the Company's Board Compensation Plan, adopted the final version of the revised WVV Board Member Compensation Plan. Under the terms of the revised plan, any Board member may elect not to receive any or all of the compensation components. The Board also reserved the right to suspend this plan at any time on the basis of prevailing economic conditions and their impact on the company. The basic elements of the revised plan are: \$1,000 yearly stipend for service on the Board, \$500 per Board meeting attended in person, \$250 per Board meeting via teleconference, \$200 per committee meeting in person and \$100 per committee meeting via teleconference. A set per diem for expenses associated with meeting attendance, as well as a yearly wine allowance were also approved.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Equity compensation plan information

The Company does not have active equity compensation plans and no options or other equity awards outstanding.

Security ownership of certain beneficial owners and management

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to beneficial ownership of the Company's Common Stock as of March 29, 2022, by (i) each person who beneficially owns more than 5% of the Company's Common Stock, (ii) each Director of the Company, (iii) each of the Company's named executive officers, and (iv) all directors and executive officers as a group. Except as indicated in the footnotes to this table, each person has sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares attributable to such person.

Information concerning persons who beneficially own more than 5% of the Company's common stock who are not otherwise affiliated with the Company is based solely upon statements made in filings with the SEC or other information we believe to be reliable.

Unless otherwise noted, the address of each beneficial owner listed in the table is 8800 Enchanted Way SE Turner, OR 97392.

	Number of Shares Outstanding Stock	Percent of Shares Beneficially Owned (1)	Beneficial Ownership Denominator 4,964,529	Beneficial Ownership Percent
James W. Bernau, President/CEO, Chair of the Board	355,502	7.2%	4,964,529	7.2%
John Ferry, CFO	-	**	4,964,529	0.0%
James L. Ellis, Director	19,865	**	4,964,529	0.4%
Sean M. Cary, Director	5,200	**	4,964,529	0.1%

Stan G. Turel, Director	12,192	**	4,964,529	0.2%
Craig Smith, Director	1,500	**	4,964,529	0.0%
Leslie Copland, Director	-	**	4,964,529	0.0%
Christopher Riccardi	385,485 (2)	7.8%	4,964,529	7.8%
100 Tall Pine Ln., Apt 2102, Naples, FL 34105				
Carl D. Thoma	336,189 (3)	6.8%	4,964,529	6.8%
300 N. LaSalle St, Suite 4350. Chicago, IL 60654				
All Directors and Executive Officers as a group (7 persons)	394,259	7.9%	4,964,529	7.9%

** Less than one percent

- (1) The percentage of outstanding shares of common stock is calculated out of a total of 4,964,529 shares of common stock outstanding as of March 29, 2022. Shares owned do not include ownership of preferred stock shares.
- (2) Based on a Form 4 filed by Mr. Riccardi with the SEC on December 29, 2015.
- (3) Based on a Schedule 13G/A filed by Mr. Thoma with the SEC on February 8, 2017. Beneficial ownership includes 139,429 shares held by the Carl D. Thoma Roth IRA, TD Ameritrade Clearing Custodian for the benefit of Mr. Thoma.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The Company did not participate in any transactions with related persons for the year ended December 31, 2021 that had a direct or indirect material interest in an amount exceeding \$120,000 and there are no currently proposed transactions with related persons that exceed \$120,000.

All proposed transactions between the Company and its officers, directors, and principal shareholders are required be approved by a disinterested majority of the members of the Board and will be on terms no less favorable to the Company than could be obtained from unaffiliated third parties.

The Board has determined that each of our directors, except Mr. Bernau and Mr. Ellis is “independent” within the meaning of the applicable rules and regulations of the SEC and the director independence standards of NASDAQ, as

currently in effect. Furthermore, the Board has determined that, with the exception of the Executive Committee, each of the members of each of the committees of the Board is “independent” under the applicable rules and regulations of the SEC and the director independence standards of NASDAQ, as currently in effect.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

Moss Adams LLP served as the Company’s independent registered public accounting firm for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. Fees for professional services provided by our independent registered public accounting firm in each of the last two fiscal years, in each of the following categories are:

	Years Ended December 31,	
	2021	2020
Audit fees (1)	\$ 241,038	\$ 198,200
Tax fees (2)	54,880	52,310
	<u>\$ 295,918</u>	<u>\$ 250,510</u>

(1) Audit fees represent fees for services rendered for the audit of the Company’s annual financial statements and other audit related, 401k plan audit and review of the Company’s quarterly financial statements.

(2) Tax fees represent fees for services rendered for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning

Pre-approval policies and procedures

It is the policy of the Company not to enter into any agreement for Moss Adams LLP to provide any non-audit services to the Company unless (a) the agreement is approved in advance by the Audit Committee or (b) (i) the aggregate amount of all such non-audit services constitutes no more than 5% of the total amount the Company pays to Moss Adams LLP during the fiscal year in which such services are rendered, (ii) such services were not recognized by the Company as constituting non-audit services at the time of the engagement of the non-audit services and (iii) such services are promptly brought to the attention of the Audit Committee and prior to the completion of the audit were approved by the Audit Committee or by one or more members of the Audit Committee who are members of the Board to whom authority to grant such approvals has been delegated by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee will not approve any agreement in advance for non-audit services unless (1) the procedures and policies are detailed in advance as to such services, (2) the Audit Committee is informed of such services prior to commencement and (3) such policies and procedures do not constitute delegation of the Audit Committee’s responsibilities to management under the Exchange Act.

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

(a) The following documents are filed as part of this report:

(1) **Financial Statements**

See “Index to Financial Statements” in Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

(2) **Financial Statement Schedules**

All financial statement schedules are omitted either because they are not required, not applicable or the required information is included in the financial statements or notes thereto.

(3) **Exhibits**

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1	Articles of Incorporation of Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. <i>(incorporated by reference from the Company's Regulation A Offering Statement on Form 1-A [File No. 24S-2996])</i>
<u>3.2</u>	<u>Amended and Restated Bylaws of Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc.</u> <i>(incorporated by reference from the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 20, 2015 [File No. 001-37610])</i>
<u>4.1</u>	<u>Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation regarding the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock</u> <i>(incorporated by reference from the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 16, 2016 [File No. 001-37610])</i>
<u>4.2</u>	<u>Description of Common Stock</u> <i>(incorporated by reference from the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 filed with the SEC on March 11, 2020 [File No. 001-37610])</i>
10.1	Employment Agreement between Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. and James W. Bernau dated August 3, 1988 <i>(incorporated by reference from the Company's Regulation A Offering Statement on Form 1-A [File No. 24S-2996])</i>
<u>10.2</u>	<u>Employment Agreement between Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. and John Ferry dated September 11, 2019</u> <i>(incorporated by reference from the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on September 16, 2019 [File No. 001-37610])</i>
10.3	Revolving Note and Loan Agreement dated May 28, 1992 by and between Northwest Farm Credit Services, Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. and James W. and Cathy Bernau <i>(incorporated by reference from the Company's Regulation A Offering Statement on Form 1-A [File No. 24S-2996])</i>
<u>14.1</u>	<u>Code of Ethics</u> <i>(incorporated by reference from the Company's Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A, filed on June 30, 2004)</i>
<u>23.1</u>	<u>Consent of Moss Adams LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm</u> <i>(Filed herewith)</i>

31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
(Filed herewith)

31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
(Filed herewith)

32.1 Certification of James W. Bernau pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906
of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Furnished, not filed, herewith)

32.2 Certification of John Ferry pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the
Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Furnished, not filed, herewith)

101 The following financial information from the Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, furnished electronically herewith, and formatted in iXBRL (Inline Extensible Business Reporting Language); (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets; (ii) Consolidated Statements of Income; (iii) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity; (iv) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows; and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, tagged as blocks of text. (Filed herewith)

104 The cover page from the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 has been formatted in Inline XBRL

- (1) The exhibits listed under Item 15(a)(3) hereof are filed as part of this Form 10-K, other than Exhibits 32.1 and 32.2, which shall be deemed furnished.
- (2) All financial statement schedules are omitted either because they are not required, not applicable or the required information is included in the financial statements or notes thereto.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

WILLAMETTE VALLEY VINEYARDS, INC.
(Registrant)

By: /s/ James W. Bernau

James W. Bernau,

Chairperson of the Board, President

Date: March 29, 2022

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

Signature	Title	Date
<u>/s/ James W. Bernau</u> James W. Bernau	Chairperson of the Board, President (Principal Executive Officer)	March 29, 2022
<u>/s/ John Ferry</u> John Ferry	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	March 29, 2022
<u>/s/ James L. Ellis</u> James L. Ellis	Director	March 29, 2022
<u>/s/ Craig Smith</u> Craig Smith	Director	March 29, 2022
<u>/s/ Stan G. Turel</u> Stan G. Turel	Director	March 29, 2022
<u>/s/ Sean M. Cary</u> Sean M. Cary	Director	March 29, 2022
<u>/s/ Leslie Copland</u> Leslie Copland	Director	March 29, 2022

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statement on Form S-3 (No. 333-236080) of Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. (the “Company”), of our report dated March 29, 2022, relating to the financial statements of the Company appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2021.

/s/ Moss Adams LLP

Portland, Oregon
March 29, 2022

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, James W. Bernau, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

- d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

- a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 29, 2022

/s/ James W. Bernau

James W. Bernau,

Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Exhibit 31.2

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, John Ferry, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant,

including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

- b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

- a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 29, 2022

/s/ John
Ferry

John Ferry

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Exhibit 32.1

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, James W. Bernau, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Annual Report of Willamette Valley Vineyards Inc. on Form 10-K for the annual period ended December 31, 2021 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange

Act of 1934 and that information contained in such Form 10-K fairly presents in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc.

Date: March 29, 2022

By: /s/ James W.
Bernau

Name: James W. Bernau

Title: Chief Executive Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 has been provided to Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. and will be retained by Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

This certification accompanies this Report on Form 10-K pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by such Act, be deemed filed by Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Such certification will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except to the extent that Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. specifically incorporates it by reference.

Exhibit 32.2

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, John Ferry, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Annual Report of Willamette Valley Vineyards Inc. on Form 10-K for the annual period ended December 31, 2021 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in such Form 10-K fairly presents in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc.

Date: March 29, 2022

By: /s/ John Ferry

Name: John Ferry

Title: Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 has been provided to Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. and will be retained by Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

This certification accompanies this Report on Form 10-K pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by such Act, be deemed filed by Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Such certification will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except to the extent that Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. specifically incorporates it by reference.

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2022

☐ TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

Commission File Number 001-37610

WILLAMETTE VALLEY VINEYARDS,
INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

Oregon

93-0981021

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or
organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

8800 Enchanted Way, S.E., Turner, Oregon

97392

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (503) 588-9463

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days:
☒ Yes ☐ NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files):
☒ Yes ☐ NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer,” and “smaller reporting company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

☐ Large accelerated filer

☐ Accelerated filer

☒ Non-accelerated Filer

☒ Smaller reporting company

☐ Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act):

☐ YES ☒ NO

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock,	WVVI	NASDAQ Capital Market
Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock	WVVIP	NASDAQ Capital Market

Number of shares of common stock outstanding as of May 12, 2022: 4,964,529

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WILLAMETTE VALLEY VINEYARDS, INC.
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Item 1 – Financial Statements**WILLAMETTE VALLEY VINEYARDS, INC.
CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)**

	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,568,158	\$ 13,747,285
Accounts receivable, net	2,170,648	3,163,375
Inventories	20,120,717	19,076,750
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	312,086	299,461
Income tax receivable	176,309	138,986
Total current assets	31,347,918	36,425,857
Other assets	13,824	13,824
Vineyard development costs, net	8,187,563	8,088,968
Property and equipment, net	45,723,460	40,596,135
Operating lease right of use assets	7,702,041	6,250,326
TOTAL ASSETS	\$92,974,806	\$ 91,375,110
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 3,241,943	\$ 2,102,435
Accrued expenses	1,034,436	1,156,823
Investor deposits for preferred stock	-	4,134,422
Current portion of note payable	1,272,440	1,295,541
Current portion of long-term debt	478,441	472,420
Current portion of lease liabilities	530,218	443,484

Unearned revenue	857,297	938,257
Grapes payable	-	1,388,601
Total current liabilities	7,414,775	11,931,983
Long-term debt, net of current portion and debt issuance costs	4,810,670	4,930,193
Lease liabilities, net of current portion	7,385,472	5,954,433
Deferred income taxes	3,596,507	3,596,507
Total liabilities	23,207,424	26,413,116
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (NOTE 8)		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Redeemable preferred stock, no par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, 8,483,862 shares issued and outstanding, liquidation preference \$35,674,639, at March 31, 2022 and 7,523,539 shares issued and outstanding, liquidation preference \$31,222,687, at December 31, 2021.	36,327,134	30,956,192
Common stock, no par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, 4,964,529 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.	8,512,489	8,512,489
Retained earnings	24,927,759	25,493,313
Total shareholders' equity	69,767,382	64,961,994
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$92,974,806	\$ 91,375,110

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement

WILLAMETTE VALLEY VINEYARDS, INC.
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

Three months ended	
March 31,	
2022	2021

SALES, NET	\$6,242,318	\$5,765,338
COST OF SALES	2,522,289	2,271,771
GROSS PROFIT	3,720,029	3,493,567
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Sales and marketing	2,477,727	2,116,665
General and administrative	1,378,534	1,200,893
Total operating expenses	3,856,261	3,317,558
INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	(136,232)	176,009
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		
Interest income	2,389	3,397
Interest expense	(91,446)	(99,576)
Other income	89,024	89,134
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(136,265)	168,964
INCOME TAX (EXPENSE) BENEFIT	37,323	(46,279)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	(98,942)	122,685
Accrued preferred stock dividends	(466,612)	(359,636)
NET LOSS APPLICABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS	\$ (565,554)	\$ (236,951)
Loss per common share after preferred dividends, basic and diluted	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.05)

Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding	4,964,529	4,964,529
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement

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WILLAMETTE VALLEY VINEYARDS, INC.

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited)

Three-Month Period Ended March 31, 2022						
	Redeemable		Common Stock		Retained	Total
	Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Earnings	
	Shares	Dollars	Shares	Dollars	Earnings	
Balance at December 31, 2021	7,523,539	\$30,956,192	4,964,529	\$8,512,489	\$25,493,313	\$64,961,994
Issuance of preferred stock, net	960,323	4,904,330	-	-	-	4,904,330
Preferred stock dividends accrued	-	466,612	-	-	(466,612)	-
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(98,942)	(98,942)
Balance at March 31, 2022	8,483,862	\$36,327,134	4,964,529	\$8,512,489	\$24,927,759	\$69,767,382

Three-Month Period Ended March 31, 2021						
	Redeemable		Common Stock		Retained	Total
	Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Earnings	
	Shares	Dollars	Shares	Dollars	Earnings	
Balance at December 31, 2020	6,309,508	\$25,817,305	4,964,529	\$8,512,489	\$24,492,133	\$58,821,927
Issuance of preferred stock, net	229,333	1,089,191	-	-	-	1,089,191
Preferred stock dividends accrued	-	359,636	-	-	(359,636)	-
Net income	-	-	-	-	122,685	122,685

Balance at March 31, 2021	6,538,841	\$27,266,132	4,964,529	\$8,512,489	\$24,255,182	\$60,033,803
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement

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WILLAMETTE VALLEY VINEYARDS, INC.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income (loss)	\$ (98,942)	\$ 122,685
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	449,721	458,418
Gain on disposition of property and equipment	-	(10,000)
Non-cash lease expense	148,837	75,156
Loan fee amortization	3,312	3,312
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	992,727	802,543
Inventories	(1,043,967)	141,673
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(12,625)	(361,305)
Income tax receivable	(37,323)	46,280
Unearned revenue	(80,960)	(18,160)
Lease liabilities	(82,779)	(71,457)
Grapes payable	(1,388,601)	(1,307,165)
Accounts payable	602,683	(55,414)
Accrued expenses	(122,387)	(225,419)
Net cash from operating activities	(670,304)	(398,853)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		

Additions to vineyard development costs	(108,345)	(204,151)
Additions to property and equipment	(5,030,471)	(547,871)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(5,138,816)</u>	<u>(752,022)</u>

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Payment on installment note for property purchase	(23,101)	(21,766)
Payments on long-term debt	(116,814)	(115,894)
Proceeds from issuance of preferred stock	769,908	578,555
Net cash from financing activities	<u>629,993</u>	<u>440,895</u>

NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(5,179,127)	(709,980)
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CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	13,747,285	13,999,755
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CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$ 8,568,158	\$ 13,289,775
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NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Purchases of property and equipment and vineyard development costs included in accounts payable	\$ 1,680,560	\$ 290,203
Reduction in investor deposits for preferred stock	<u>\$ 4,134,422</u>	<u>\$ 510,636</u>
Accrued preferred stock dividends	<u>\$ 466,612</u>	<u>\$ 359,636</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement

NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements as of March 31, 2022 and for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“U.S. GAAP”) for interim financial statements. The financial information as of December 31, 2021 is derived from the audited financial statements presented in the Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. (the “Company”) Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 (the “2021 Report”). Certain information or footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. In the opinion of management, the accompanying financial statements include all adjustments necessary (which are of a normal recurring nature) for the fair statement of the results of the interim periods presented. The accompanying unaudited

interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021, as presented in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2022 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the entire year ending December 31, 2022, or any portion thereof.

The COVID-19 pandemic has been declared a National Public Health Emergency in the United States, and on March 8, 2020, Oregon Governor Kate Brown declared a state of emergency to address the spread of COVID-19 in Oregon. The outbreak in Oregon and other parts of the United States, as well as the response to COVID-19 by federal, state and local governments have had a material adverse impact on economic and market conditions in the United States. Although the administration of vaccines in Oregon and throughout the United States contributed to the lifting of restrictive measures, there remains ongoing uncertainty about the impact of COVID-19 variations on infection levels. The re-emergence of significant increases in infection rates could result in governments re-imposing some restrictive measures that could reduce or impair economic activity. Consequently, the COVID-19 pandemic and the government responses to the outbreak presents continued uncertainty and risk with respect to the Company and its performance and financial results.

Exceeding the required Oregon Healthy Authority protocols, a state-of-the-art UV light filtration has been installed in the Company's HVAC system to reduce harmful viruses in the air at its tasting room locations and staff offices.

We have not yet experienced significant disruptions to our supply chain network; however, any future restrictions imposed by our local or state governments may have a negative impact on our future direct to consumer sales.

Additionally, the demand for the Company's wine sold directly or through distributors to restaurants, bars, and other hospitality locations could be reduced in the near-term due to the re-imposition of orders from state and local governments restricting consumers from visiting, as well as in some cases the temporary closure of such establishments.

The extent of the future impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's business is highly uncertain and difficult to predict, as the response to the pandemic is continuing to evolve. The severity of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's business will depend on a number of factors, including, but not limited to, the duration and severity of the pandemic and the extent and severity of the impact on the Company's customers, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted.

The Company's revenues include direct to consumer sales and national sales to distributors. These sales channels utilize shared resources for production, selling, and distribution.

Basic loss per share after preferred stock dividends are computed based on the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding each period.

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The following table presents the loss per share after preferred stock dividends calculation for the periods shown:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Numerator		
Net income (loss)	\$ (98,942)	\$ 122,685
Accrued preferred stock dividends	(466,612)	(359,636)

Net loss applicable to common shareholders	\$ (565,554)	\$ (236,951)
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Denominator

Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding	4,964,529	4,964,529
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Loss per common share after preferred dividends, basic and diluted	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.05)
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Subsequent to the filing of the 2021 Report there were no accounting pronouncements issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) that would have a material effect on the Company’s unaudited interim condensed financial statements.

Reclassifications - Certain immaterial amounts from prior periods have been reclassified to conform to current years' presentation.

2) INVENTORIES

The Company’s inventories, by major classification, are summarized as follows, as of the dates shown:

	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Winemaking and packaging materials	\$ 1,351,721	\$ 742,188
Work-in-process (costs relating to unprocessed and/or unbottled wine products)	9,417,738	9,691,140
Finished goods (bottled wine and related products)	9,351,258	8,643,422
Total inventories	\$ 20,120,717	\$ 19,076,750

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3) PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

The Company’s property and equipment consists of the following, as of the dates shown:

March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
----------------	-------------------

Construction in progress	\$ 19,615,825	\$ 14,556,806
Land, improvements, and other buildings	12,715,834	12,850,316
Winery buildings and hospitality center	18,141,208	17,791,684
Equipment	16,192,077	15,960,179
	<u>66,664,944</u>	<u>61,158,985</u>
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(20,941,484)</u>	<u>(20,562,850)</u>
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$ 45,723,460</u>	<u>\$ 40,596,135</u>

Depreciation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$378,634 and \$411,357, respectively.

4) DEBT

Line of Credit Facility – In December of 2005, the Company entered into a revolving line of credit agreement with Umpqua Bank that allows borrowing up to \$2,000,000 against eligible accounts receivable and inventories, as defined in the agreement at July 29, 2021. The revolving line bears interest at prime less 0.5%, with a floor of 3.25%, is payable monthly, and is subject to renewal. In July 2021, the Company renewed the credit agreement until July 31, 2023. At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, there was no outstanding balance on this revolving line of credit.

The line of credit agreement includes various covenants, which among other things; require the Company to maintain a minimum current ratio, debt to tangible net worth, and debt service coverage, as defined. As of March 31, 2022, the Company was in compliance with these financial covenants.

Notes Payable – In February 2017, the Company purchased property, including vineyard land, bare land, and structures in the Dundee Hills American Viticultural Area (AVA) under terms that included a 15 year note payable with quarterly payments of \$42,534, bearing interest at 6%. The note may be called by the owner, up to the outstanding balance, with 180 days written notice. As of March 31, 2022, the Company had a balance of \$1,272,440 due on this note. As of December 31, 2021, the Company had a balance of \$1,295,541 due on this note.

Long-Term Debt – The Company has two long-term debt agreements with Farm Credit Services (FCS) with an aggregate outstanding balance of \$5,418,283 and \$5,535,097 as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. The outstanding loans require monthly principal and interest payments of \$62,067 for the life of the loans, at annual fixed interest rates of 4.75% and 5.21%, and with maturity dates of 2028 and 2032. The general purposes of these loans were to make capital improvements to the winery and vineyard facilities.

The loan agreements contain covenants, which require the Company to maintain certain financial ratios and balances. At March 31, 2022, the Company was in compliance with these covenants. In the event of future noncompliance with the Company's debt covenants, FCS would have the right to declare the Company in default, and at FCS option without notice or demand, the unpaid principal balance of the loan, plus all accrued unpaid interest thereon and all other amounts due would immediately become due and payable.

As of March 31, 2022, the Company had unamortized debt issuance costs of \$129,172. As of December 31, 2021, the Company had unamortized debt issuance costs of \$132,484.

The Company believes that cash flow from operations and funds available under the Company's existing credit facilities will be sufficient to meet the Company's short-term needs. Due to the uncertainty surrounding the future

impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company we will continue to evaluate funding mechanisms to support our long-term funding requirements.

5) INTEREST AND TAXES PAID

Income Taxes – The Company paid no income taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Interest – The Company paid \$87,977 and \$95,512 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, in interest on long-term debt.

6) SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company has identified two operating segments, Direct Sales and Distributor Sales, based upon their different distribution channels, margins and selling strategies. Direct Sales include retail sales in the tasting rooms, wine club sales, internet sales, on-site events, kitchen and catering sales and other sales made directly to the consumer without the use of an intermediary, including sales of bulk wine or grapes. Distributor Sales include all sales through a third party where prices are given at a wholesale rate.

The two segments reflect how the Company's operations are evaluated by senior management and the structure of its internal financial reporting. The Company evaluates performance based on the gross profit of the respective business segments. Selling expenses that can be directly attributable to the segment, including depreciation of segment specific assets, are included, however, centralized selling expenses and general and administrative expenses are not allocated between operating segments. Therefore, net income (loss) information for the respective segments is not available. Discrete financial information related to segment assets, other than segment specific depreciation associated with selling, is not available and that information continues to be aggregated.

The following table outlines the sales, cost of sales, gross margin, directly attributable selling expenses, and contribution margin of the segments for the three month periods ending March 31, 2022 and 2021. Sales figures are net of related excise taxes.

	Three Months Ended March 31,							
	Direct Sales		Distributor Sales		Unallocated		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Sales, net	\$2,957,308	\$2,306,184	\$3,285,010	\$3,459,154	\$ -	\$ -	\$6,242,318	\$5,765,338
Cost of Sales	748,292	537,732	1,773,997	1,734,039	-	-	2,522,289	2,271,771
Gross Margin	2,209,016	1,768,452	1,511,013	1,725,115	-	-	3,720,029	3,493,567
Selling Expenses	1,852,044	1,490,743	478,505	470,481	147,178	155,441	2,477,727	2,116,665
Contribution Margin	\$ 356,972	\$ 277,709	\$1,032,508	\$1,254,634				
Percent of Sales	47.4%	40.0%	52.6%	60.0%				
General and Administration					1,378,534	1,200,893	1,378,534	1,200,893
Income (loss) from Operations							\$ (136,232)	\$ 176,009

Direct sales include \$10,500 in bulk wine sales in the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to no bulk wine sales in the three months ended March 31, 2021.

7) SALE OF PREFERRED STOCK

On January 24, 2020, the Company filed a shelf Registration Statement on Form S-3 with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) pertaining to the potential future issuance of one or more classes or series of debt, equity or derivative securities. The maximum aggregate offering amount of securities sold pursuant to the January 2020 Form S-3 is not to exceed \$20,000,000. On June 10, 2020, the Company filed with the SEC a Prospectus Supplement to the January 2020 Form S-3, pursuant to which the Company proposed to offer and sell, on a delayed or continuous basis, up to 1,917,525 shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock having proceeds not to exceed \$9,300,000. This Prospectus Supplement established that our shares of preferred stock were to be sold in four offering periods with four separate offering prices beginning with an offering price of \$4.85 per share and concluding with an offering of \$5.15 per share. As of March 31, 2022, the Company had received aggregate proceeds of \$8,533,086 from sales of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, net of acquisition costs, under this offering. This Prospectus Supplement has been closed and all related shares issued as of December 31, 2021.

On June 11, 2021, the Company filed with the SEC an additional Prospectus Supplement to the January 2020 Form S-3, pursuant to which the Company proposed to offer and sell, on a delayed or continuous basis, up to 2,118,811 additional shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock having proceeds not to exceed \$10,700,000. As of March 31, 2022, the Company had received aggregate proceeds of \$9,008,334 from sales of our Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, net of acquisition costs, under this offering. This Prospectus Supplement has been closed and all related shares issued as of March 31, 2022.

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Shareholders have the option to receive dividends as cash or as a gift card for purchasing Company products. The amount of unused dividend gift cards at March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$594,611 and \$682,881, respectively and is recorded as unearned revenue on the balance sheet.

Dividends accrued but not paid will be added to the liquidation preference of the stock until the dividend is declared and paid. At any time after June 1, 2021, the Company has the option, but not the obligation, to redeem all of the outstanding preferred stock in an amount equal to the original issue price plus accrued but unpaid dividends and a redemption premium equal to 3% of the original issue price.

8) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

We determine if an arrangement is a lease at inception. On our balance sheet, our operating leases are included in Operating lease right-of-use assets (ROU), Current portion of lease liabilities, and Lease liabilities, net of current portion. The Company does not currently have any finance leases.

ROU assets represent our right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent our obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. For leases that do not provide an implicit rate, we use our incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. We use the implicit rate when readily determinable. Lease expense for operating lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Significant judgment may be required when determining whether a contract contains a lease, the length of the lease term, the allocation of the consideration in a contract between lease and non-lease components, and the determination of the discount rate included in our leases. We review the underlying objective of each contract, the terms of the contract, and consider our current and future business conditions when making these judgments.

Operating Leases – Vineyard - In December 1999, under a sale-leaseback agreement, the Company sold approximately 79 acres of the Tualatin Vineyards property with a net book value of approximately \$1,000,000 for approximately \$1,500,000 cash and entered into a 20-year operating lease agreement, with three five-year extension

options, and contains an escalation provision of 2.5% per year. The Company extended the lease in January 2019 until January 2025.

In December 2004, under a sale-leaseback agreement, the Company sold approximately 75 acres of the Tualatin Vineyards property with a net book value of approximately \$551,000 for approximately \$727,000 cash and entered into a 15-year operating lease agreement, with three five-year extension options, for the vineyard portion of the property. The first five year extension has been exercised. The lease contains a formula-based escalation provision with a maximum increase of 4% every three years.

In February 2007, the Company entered into a lease agreement for 59 acres of vineyard land at Elton Vineyards. In June 2021, the Company entered into a new 11 year lease for this property. The lease contains an escalation provision tied to the CPI not to exceed 2% per annum.

In July 2008, the Company entered into a 34-year lease agreement with a property owner in the Eola Hills for approximately 110 acres adjacent to the existing Elton Vineyards site. These 110 acres are being developed into vineyards. Terms of this agreement contain rent increases, that rises as the vineyard is developed, and contains an escalation provision of CPI plus 0.5% per year capped at 4%.

In March 2017, the Company entered into a 25-year lease for approximately 18 acres of agricultural land in Dundee, Oregon. These acres are being developed into vineyards. This lease contains an annual payment that remains constant throughout the term of the lease.

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Operating Leases – Non-Vineyard - In September 2018, the Company renewed an existing lease for three years, with two one-year renewal options, for its McMinnville tasting room. The lease contains an escalation provision with a cap at 3% per year. The Company has exercised the first one year renewal option.

In January 2019, the Company assumed a lease, with four remaining years, for its Maison Bleue tasting room in Walla Walla, Washington. The lease contains fixed payments that increase over the term of the agreement.

In February 2020, the Company entered into a lease for 5 years, with three five-year renewal options for a retail wine facility in Folsom, California, referred to as Willamette Wineworks. The lease contains an escalation provision tied to the CPI not to exceed 3% per annum with increases not allowed in any year being carried forward to following years.

In September 2021, the Company entered into a lease for 10 years, with two five-year renewal options for a retail wine facility in Vancouver, Washington. The lease defines the payments over the term of the lease and option periods.

In February 2022, the Company entered into a lease for 10 years, with three five-year renewal options for a retail wine facility in Lake Oswego, Oregon. The lease defines the payments over the term of the lease and option periods.

The following tables provide lease cost and other lease information:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2022	
Lease Cost		
Operating lease cost - Vineyards	\$	114,782
Operating lease cost - Other		129,516
Short-term lease cost		5,564
Total lease cost	\$	249,862

Other Information

Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities

Operating cash flows from operating leases - Vineyard	\$	111,067
Operating cash flows from operating leases - Other	\$	65,666
Weighted-average remaining lease term - Operating leases in years		12.24
Weighted-average discount rate - Operating leases		5.25%

Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease obligations were \$1,600,552 and zero for the three months ended March 31 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The Company has two additional operating leases that have not yet commenced as of March 31, 2022, and as such, have not been recognized in the Company's balance sheet. These operating leases are expected to commence in 2022 with lease terms of 10 years.

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As of March 31, 2022, maturities of lease liabilities were as follows:

Years Ended December 31,	Operating Leases
2022	\$ 682,470
2023	963,419
2024	970,050
2025	902,058
2026	896,331
Thereafter	6,589,629
Total minimal lease payments	11,003,957
Less present value adjustment	(3,088,267)
Operating lease liabilities	7,915,690
Less current lease liabilities	(530,218)
Lease liabilities, net of current portion	\$ 7,385,472

Litigation – From time to time, in the normal course of business, the Company is a party to legal proceedings. Management believes that these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position,

results of operations, or cash flows, but, due to the nature of litigation, the ultimate outcome of any potential actions cannot presently be determined.

Grape Purchases – The Company has entered into long-term grape purchase agreements with a number of Willamette Valley wine grape growers. With these agreements the Company purchases an annually agreed upon quantity of fruit, at pre-determined prices, within strict quality standards and crop loads. The Company cannot calculate the minimum or maximum payment as such a calculation is dependent in large part on unknowns such as the quantity of fruit needed by the Company and the availability of grapes produced that meet the strict quality standards in any given year. If no grapes are produced that meet the contractual quality levels, the grapes may be refused, and no payment would be due.

Domaine Willamette – In 2019, the Board of Directors approved the construction of a new tasting room at the Bernau Estate Vineyard, expected to be completed during the 2022 fiscal year. The total construction costs for the Domaine Willamette Tasting Room is expected to be approximately \$15.6 million, of which we expect will be funded through cash on hand. Construction on the Tasting Room began in July, 2019 and as of March 31, 2022, we had spent approximately \$12.1 million on the project from our cash reserves.

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ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

As used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, “we,” “us,” “our” and “the Company” refer to Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc.

Forward Looking Statements

This Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and other sections of this Form 10-Q contain forward looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about the Company’s business, and beliefs and assumptions made by management. Words such as “expects,” “anticipates,” “intends,” “plans,” “believes,” “seeks,” “estimates,” “predicts,” “potential,” “should,” or “will” or the negative thereof and variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Therefore, actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements due to numerous factors, including, but not limited to: availability of financing for growth, availability of adequate supply of high quality grapes, successful performance of internal operations, impact of competition, changes in wine broker or distributor relations or performance, impact of possible adverse weather conditions, impact of reduction in grape quality or supply due to disease or smoke from forest fires, changes in consumer spending, the reduction in consumer demand for premium wines, and the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the policies of United States federal, state and local governments in response to such pandemic. In addition, such statements could be affected by general industry and market conditions and growth rates, and general domestic economic conditions. Many of these risks as well as other risks that may have a material adverse impact on our operations and business, are identified in Item 1A “Risk Factors” in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, as well as in the Company’s other Securities and Exchange Commission filings and reports. The forward-looking statements in this report are made as of the date hereof, and, except as otherwise required by law, the Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements or to update the reasons why the actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

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Critical Accounting Policies

The foregoing discussion and analysis of the Company’s financial condition and results of operations are based upon our unaudited condensed financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of these unaudited condensed financial statements requires the Company’s management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, the Company evaluates its estimates, including those related to revenue recognition,

collection of accounts receivable, valuation of inventories, and amortization of vineyard development costs. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. A description of the Company's critical accounting policies and related judgments and estimates that affect the preparation of the Company's financial statements is set forth in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021. Such policies were unchanged during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Overview

The Company, one of the largest wine producers in Oregon by volume, believes its success is dependent upon its ability to: (1) grow and purchase high quality vinifera wine grapes; (2) vinify the grapes into premium, super premium and ultra-premium wine; (3) achieve significant brand recognition for its wines, first in Oregon, and then nationally and internationally; (4) effectively distribute and sell its products nationally; and (5) continue to build on its base of direct to consumer sales.

The Company's goal is to continue to build on a reputation for producing some of Oregon's finest, most sought-after wines. The Company has focused on positioning itself for strategic growth through property purchases, property development and issuance of the Company's Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock (the "Preferred Stock"). Management expects near term financial results to be negatively impacted by these activities as a result of incurring costs of accrued preferred stock dividends, strategic planning and development costs and other growth associated costs.

The Company's wines are made from grapes grown in vineyards owned, leased or contracted by the Company, and from grapes purchased from other vineyards. The grapes are harvested, fermented and made into wine primarily at the Company's winery in Turner Oregon (the "Winery") and the wines are sold principally under the Company's Willamette Valley Vineyards label, but also under the Griffin Creek, Pambrun, Elton, Maison Bleue, Metis, Natoma, Pere Ami, Elton, Domaine Willamette and Tualatin Estates labels. The Company also owns the Tualatin Estate Vineyards and Winery, located near Forest Grove, Oregon. The Company generates revenues from the sales of wine to wholesalers and direct to consumers.

Direct to consumer sales primarily include sales through the Company's tasting rooms, telephone, internet and wine club. Direct to consumer sales are at a higher unit price than sales through distributors due to prices received being closer to retail than those prices paid by wholesalers. The Company continues to emphasize growth in direct to consumer sales through the Company's existing tasting rooms and the opening of new locations, and growth in wine club membership. Additionally, the Company's Preferred Stock sales since August 2015 have resulted in approximately 10,000 new preferred stockholders many of which the Company believes are wine enthusiasts. When considering joint ownership, we believe these new stockholders represent approximately 15,000 current and potential customers of the Company.

Periodically, the Company will sell grapes or bulk wine, due to them not meeting Company standards or being in excess of production targets, however this is not a significant part of the Company's activities. The Company had \$10,500 in bulk wine sales for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and no bulk wine sales for the same period of 2021.

The Company sold 33,639 and 38,060 cases of produced wine during the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, a decrease of 4,421 cases, or 11.6% in the current year period over the prior year period. The decrease in wine case sales was primarily the result of the lack of availability of some vintages until later in the quarter when compared to the prior year period.

Cost of sales includes grape costs, whether purchased or grown at Company vineyards, winemaking and processing costs, bottling, packaging, warehousing, and shipping and handling costs. For grapes grown at Company vineyards, costs include farming expenditures and amortization of vineyard development costs.

At March 31, 2022, wine inventory included 113,586 cases of bottled wine and 385,333 gallons of bulk wine in various stages of the aging process. Case wine is expected to be sold over the next 12 to 24 months and generally before the release date of the next vintage. The Winery bottled 46,142 cases during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Willamette Valley Vineyards continues to receive positive recognition through national magazines, regional publications, local newspapers and online bloggers including the accolades below.

Wine Enthusiast rated the Company's 2019 Tualatin Estate Chardonnay with 91 points, 2019 Tualatin Estate Pinot Noir with 90 points, 2017 Bernau Estate Brut with 92 points & Editors' Choice and 2017 Bernau Estate Blanc de Blancs with 91 points.

James Suckling rated the Company's 2019 Vintage 46 Chardonnay with 94 points, 2019 Vintage 46 Pinot Noir with 93 points, 2019 Elton Pinot Noir with 92 points and 2019 Bernau Block Pinot Noir with 90 points. He reviewed the Company's Elton wines and awarded the 2019 Self-Rooted Pinot Noir with 95 points, 2019 Florine Pinot Noir with 92 points and 2019 Chardonnay with 93 points. He reviewed the Company's Pambrun wines and scored the 2019 Merlot with 90 points and 2019 Chrsyologue with 90 points. The Company's Maison Bleue wines received scores of 94 points for the 2019 Voyageur Syrah, 94 points from the 2019 Graveiere Syrah and 93 points for the 2019 Frontiere Syrah. The Company's Bernau Estate methode traditionnelle sparkling wines were reviewed and awarded 91 points for the 2017 Brut, 92 points for the 2017 Brut Rose and 90 points for the 2017 Blanc de Blancs.

Vinous rated the Company's 2019 Estate Pinot Noir with 90 points, 2019 Tualatin Estate Pinot Noir with 90 points, 2018 Elton Pinot Noir with 91 points, 2018 Bernau Block Pinot Noir with 93 points, 2018 Tualatin Estate Pinot Noir with 92 points and 2018 Hannah Pinot Noir with 92 points. Vinous also reviewed the Company's Pambrun wines and scored the 2018 Pambrun Cabernet Sauvignon with 92 points, 2018 Pambrun Merlot with 92 points and 2018 Pambrun Chrsyologue with 92 points. The Company's Maison Bleue wines recieved scores of 92 points for the 2019 Voyageur Syrah, 92 points from the 2019 Graveiere Syrah and 92 points for the 2019 Frontiere Syrah.

The Company's 2021 Estate Rose of Pinot Noir received a 92 points and Judges' Selection from The Global Fine Wine Challenge.

Impact of COVID-19 on Operations

The COVID-19 pandemic has been declared a National Public Health Emergency in the United States, and on March 8, 2020, Oregon Governor Kate Brown declared a state of emergency to address the spread of COVID-19 in Oregon. The outbreak in Oregon and other parts of the United States, as well as the response to COVID-19 by federal, state and local governments have had a material adverse impact on economic and market conditions in the United States. Although the administration of vaccines in Oregon and throughout the United States contributed to the lifting of restrictive measures, there remains ongoing uncertainty about the impact of COVID-19 variations on infection levels. The re-emergence of significant increases in infection rates could result in governments re-imposing some restrictive measures that could reduce or impair economic activity. Consequently, the COVID-19 pandemic and the government responses to the outbreak presents continued uncertainty and risk with respect to the Company and its performance and financial results.

Exceeding the required Oregon Healthy Authority protocols, a state-of-the-art UV light filtration has been installed in the Company's HVAC system to reduce harmful viruses in the air at its tasting room locations and staff offices.

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We have not yet experienced significant disruptions to our supply chain network; however, any future restrictions imposed by our local or state governments may have a negative impact on our future direct to consumer sales.

Additionally, the demand for the Company's wine sold directly or through distributors to restaurants, bars, and other hospitality locations could be reduced in the near-term due to the re-imposition of orders from state and local governments restricting consumers from visiting, as well as in some cases the temporary closure of such establishments.

The extent of the future impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's business is highly uncertain and difficult to predict, as the response to the pandemic is continuing to evolve. The severity of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's business will depend on a number of factors, including, but not limited to, the duration

and severity of the pandemic and the extent and severity of the impact on the Company's customers, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Revenue

Sales revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$6,242,318 and \$5,765,338, respectively, an increase of \$476,980, or 8.3%, in the current year period over the prior year period. This increase was caused by an increase in revenues from direct sales of \$651,124 being partially offset by a decrease in revenues from shipments to distributors of \$174,144 in the current year three-month period over the same period in the prior year. The increase in direct sales to consumers was primarily the result of increased retail sales revenues from our tasting rooms, wine club and kitchen. The decrease in revenue from the distributors was primarily attributed to the lack of available inventory to ship.

Cost of Sales

Cost of sales for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$2,522,289 and \$2,271,771, respectively, an increase of \$250,518, or 11.0%, in the current period over the prior year period. This change was primarily the result of an increase in sales in the first quarter of 2022 compared to the same quarter in 2021.

Gross Profit

Gross profit for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$3,720,029 and \$3,493,567, respectively, an increase of \$226,462, or 6.5%, in the first quarter of 2022 over the same quarter in the prior year. This increase was primarily the result of an increase in direct sales in the first three months of the current year compared to the same period in 2021.

Gross profit as a percentage of net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was 59.6% and 60.6%, respectively, a decrease of 1.0 percentage point in the current quarter over the same quarter in the prior year. The decrease was primarily the result of the higher product costs of the more recent vintages sold in the current quarter.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$3,856,261 and \$3,317,558, respectively, an increase of \$538,703, or 16.2%, in the current quarter over the same quarter in the prior year. This increase was primarily the result of an increase in selling expenses of \$361,062, or 17.1% and an increase in general and administrative expenses of \$177,641, or 14.8% in the current quarter compared to the same quarter last year. Selling expenses increased in 2022 compared to 2021 primarily as a result of the higher selling expenses related to the increase in direct sales and start up costs related to the opening of new tasting room locations. General and administrative expenses increased in the first quarter of 2022 compared to the same quarter of 2021 primarily as a result of higher maintenance, human resource and IT costs.

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Interest Expense

Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$91,446 and \$99,576, respectively, a decrease of \$8,130 or 8.2%, in the first quarter of 2022 over the same quarter in the prior year. The decrease in interest expense for the first quarter was primarily the result of lower debt compared to the first quarter of 2021.

Income Tax (Expense) Benefit

The income tax (expense) benefit for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$37,323 and \$(46,279), respectively, an increase of \$83,602 or 180.6%, in the first quarter of 2022 over the same quarter in the prior year, primarily as a result of lower pre-tax income in the first quarter of 2022, compared to the same quarter in 2021. The

Company's estimated federal and state combined income tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was 27.4% and 27.4%, respectively.

Net Income (Loss)

Net income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$(98,942) and \$122,685, respectively, a decrease of \$221,627, or 180.6%, in the first quarter of 2022 over the same quarter in the prior year. The decrease in net income for the first quarter of 2022, compared to the comparable period in 2021, was primarily the result of higher selling and administrative expenses.

Net Loss Applicable to Common Shareholders

Net loss applicable to common shareholders for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$565,554 and \$236,951, respectively, an increase of \$328,603, or 138.7%, in the first quarter of 2022 over the same quarter in the prior year. The increase in loss applicable to common shareholders in the first quarter of 2022, compared to the same period of 2021, was the result of a lower net income and a higher accrued preferred stock dividend in the current period.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At March 31, 2022, the Company had a working capital balance of \$23.9 million and a current working capital ratio of 4.23:1.

At March 31, 2022, the Company had a cash balance of \$8,568,158. At December 31, 2021, the Company had a cash balance of \$13,747,285. This decrease is primarily the result of investing in construction activity and the payment of grapes payable. The construction of a new tasting room and winery in Dundee, Oregon is expected to cost approximately \$15.6 million, which is expected to be funded through a combination of cash on hand as well as equity financing through Preferred Stock offerings. Construction began in July 2019 and was paused in March 2020 as a result of the uncertainty surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic and has now been restarted. As of March 31, 2022, we had incurred approximately \$12.1 million on the project.

Total cash used for operating activities in the three months ended March 31, 2022 was \$670,304. Cash used in operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2022 was primarily associated with reduced grapes payable, accounts payable and increased inventories, being partially offset by decreased accounts receivable and depreciation and amortization.

Total cash used in investing activities in the three months ended March 31, 2022 was \$5,138,816. Cash used in investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2022 primarily consisted of cash used on construction activity and vineyard development costs.

Total cash generated from financing activities in the three months ended March 31, 2022 was \$629,993. Cash generated from financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2022 primarily consisted of proceeds from the issuance of Preferred Stock, being partially offset by the repayment of debt.

In December of 2005, the Company entered into a revolving line of credit agreement with Umpqua Bank that allows borrowing up to \$2,000,000 against eligible accounts receivable and inventories, as defined in the agreement at July 29, 2021. The revolving line bears interest at prime less 0.5%, with a floor of 3.25%, is payable monthly, and is subject to renewal. In July 2021, the Company renewed the credit agreement until July 31, 2023. At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, there was no outstanding balance on this revolving line of credit.

As of March 31, 2022, the Company had a 15-year installment note payable of \$1,272,440, due in quarterly payments of \$42,534, associated with the purchase of property in the Dundee Hills AVA.

As of March 31, 2022, the Company had a total long-term debt balance of \$5,418,283, including the portion due in the next year, owed to Farm Credit Services, exclusive of debt issuance costs of \$129,172. As of December 31, 2021, the Company had a total long-term debt balance of \$5,535,097, exclusive of debt issuance costs of \$132,484.

The Company believes that cash flow from operations and funds available under the Company's existing credit facilities will be sufficient to meet the Company's short-term needs. Due to the uncertainty surrounding the future impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company we will continue to evaluate funding mechanisms to support our long-term funding requirements.

ITEM 3: QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

As a smaller reporting company, the Company is not required to provide the information required by this item.

ITEM 4: CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures – The Company carried out an evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and the Company's Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to paragraph (b) of Rule 13a-15 and 15d-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Based on that review, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective, as of the end of the period covered by this report, to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports the Company files or submit under the Exchange Act (1) is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and (2) is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting – There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2022 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II: OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1 - Legal Proceedings

From time to time, the Company is a party to various judicial and administrative proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. The Company's management and legal counsel have reviewed the probable outcome of any proceedings that were pending during the period covered by this report, the costs and expenses reasonably expected to be incurred, the availability and limits of the Company's insurance coverage, and the Company's established liabilities. While the outcome of legal proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, based on the Company's review, the Company believes that any unrecorded liability that may result as a result of any legal proceedings is not likely to have a material effect on the Company's liquidity, financial condition or results from operations.

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Item 1A - Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this Quarterly Report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, which could materially affect our business, results of operations or financial condition.

Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may eventually prove to materially adversely affect our business, impact our results of operations or financial condition.

Item 2 - Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3 - Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4 - Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5 - Other Information

None.

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Item 6 – Exhibits

3.1 Articles of Incorporation of Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. (incorporated by reference from the Company's Regulation A Offering Statement on Form 1-A, File No. 245-2996)

[3.2 Articles of Amendment, dated August 22, 2000 \(incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.4 to the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2008, filed on August 14, 2008, File No. 000-21522\)](#)

[3.3 Amended and Restated Bylaws of Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. \(incorporated by reference from the Company's Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on November 20, 2015, File No. 001-37610\)](#)

[31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer required by Rule 13a-14\(a\) or Rule 15d-14\(a\) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 \(Filed herewith\)](#)

[31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer required by Rule 13a-14\(a\) or Rule 15d-14\(a\) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 \(Filed herewith\)](#)

[32.1 Certification of James W. Bernau pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 \(Filed herewith\)](#)

[32.2 Certification of John Ferry pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 \(Filed herewith\)](#)

101 The following financial information from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2022, formatted in Inline Extensible Business Reporting Language (iXBRL): (i) Condensed Balance Sheets, (ii) Condensed Statements of Operations; (iii) Condensed Statements of Shareholders' Equity; (iv) Statements of Cash Flows; and (iv) Notes to Financial Statements, tagged as blocks of text. (Filed herewith)

104 The cover page from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 has been formatted in Inline XBRL

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Security Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

WILLAMETTE VALLEY VINEYARDS, INC.

Date: May 12, 2022

By /s/ James W. Bernau

James W. Bernau

Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: May 12, 2022

By /s/ John Ferry

John Ferry

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Accounting and Financial Officer)

Exhibit 31.1

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, James W. Bernau, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 12, 2022

By /s/ James W. Bernau

James W. Bernau

Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Exhibit 31.2

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, John Ferry, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 12, 2022

By /s/ John Ferry

John Ferry

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Accounting and Financial Officer)

Exhibit 32.1

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, James W. Bernau, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) the Quarterly Report of Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2022 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) information contained in the Report fairly presents in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc.

Date: May 12, 2022

By /s/ James W. Bernau

James W. Bernau

Title: Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 has been provided to Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. and will be retained by Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

This certification accompanies this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by such Act, be deemed filed by Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Such certification will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except to the extent that Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. specifically incorporates it by reference.

Exhibit 32.2

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, John Ferry, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) the Quarterly Report of Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2022 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) information contained in the Report fairly presents in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc.

Date: May 12, 2022

By /s/ John Ferry

John Ferry

Title: Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Accounting and Financial Officer)

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 has been provided to Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. and will be retained by Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

This certification accompanies this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by such Act, be deemed filed by Willamette Valley Vineyards,

Inc. for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). Such certification will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except to the extent that Willamette Valley Vineyards, Inc. specifically incorporates it by reference.